

INTEGRATED SANITARY MASTER PLAN

Municipal Class Environmental Assessment – Volume 2 (Technical Memorandums)

May 2, 2024

Prepared for: City of Kitchener

Prepared by: Stantec Consulting Ltd.

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Technical Memo 5 – Design Criteria & Level of Service



City of Kitchener Integrated Sanitary Master Plan – Technical Memo #3: Sanitary Servicing Analysis & Capital Infrastructure Funding and Risk Analysis and Implementation Plan

Final

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Prepared by: Stantec Consulting Ltd.

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Sign-off Sheet

This document entitled City of Kitchener Integrated Sanitary Master Plan – Technical Memo #3: Sanitary Servicing Analysis & Capital Infrastructure Funding and Risk Analysis and Implementation Plan was prepared by Stantec Consulting Ltd. ("Stantec") for the account of City of Kitchener (the "Client"). Any reliance on this document by any third party is strictly prohibited. The material in it reflects Stantec's professional judgment in light of the scope, schedule and other limitations stated in the document and in the contract between Stantec and the Client. The opinions in the document are based on conditions and information existing at the time the document was published and do not take into account any subsequent changes. In preparing the document, Stantec did not verify information supplied to it by others. Any use which a third party makes of this document is the responsibility of such third party. Such third party agrees that Stantec shall not be responsible for costs or damages of any kind, if any, suffered by it or any other third party as a result of decisions made or actions taken based on this document.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY March 18, 2024

Executive Summary

The Technical Memo #3: Sanitary Servicing Analysis & Capital Infrastructure Funding and Risk Analysis and Implementation Plan is a comprehensive document that outlines the existing and future conditions assessment, and recommended improvements for the city's sanitary sewer system. The primary goal of this report is the development of capacity-based and condition-based solutions as well as integrated mitigation and data acquisition programs.

The report begins by assessing the current state of the sanitary sewer system. This includes an evaluation of the system's capacity, condition, and performance. It also identifies any existing issues or deficiencies that need to be addressed. The report then projects the future needs of the system based on anticipated population growth. This helps to identify any potential capacity issues that may arise in the future.

Based on the assessment of the current state and future needs, the report provides a list of recommended improvements. Eight (8) capacity-based solutions were proposed to the identified capacity constraints:

- CB-1: Upstream of King St SPS: Replacement of 2 lengths of sewer upsize from 300 mm diameter to 375 mm diameter sewer.
- CB-2: Dalewood: Alternative B Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer on Dalewood, 2 lengths of sewer on Penrose and one length of sewer through the easement all pipes upgraded to 300 mm diameter.
- CB-3: Homer Watson: Alternative A Replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Homer Watson due to capacity, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on comm. property due to capacity/condition, replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Alpine due to capacity/condition, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on Flint due to capacity, replacement of 1 length of sewer on Kingswood due to condition.
- CB-4: Sandrock Trunk: Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer upsizing from 675 mm diameter to 750 mm diameter sewer.
- CB-5: Shirley SPS: Increase PS capacity to 378 L/s firm capacity project involves addition of pumps to accommodate higher flows (*Upgrade to be paid for by Township of Woolwich*))
- CB-6: New Dundee SPS: Increase PS capacity to 75 L/s firm capacity project involves addition of pumps to accommodate higher flows.
- CB-7: Robert Ferrie: Replacement of 1 length of sewer downstream of New Dundee FM discharge to 375mm diameter.



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• CB-8: Manchester: Replacement of 2 lengths of sewer to 825mm diameter downstream of Shirley and Manchester SPS discharge.

Furthermore, the CCTV score indicated that certain gravity sewers are presently in poor condition. As a result, 76 sewer asset renewal initiatives have been identified for targeted repair, relining, or reconstruction.

Moreover, the report delineates a number of strategic measures designed to enhance the data acquisition of the sanitary sewer system. These measures encompass initiatives associated with asset management, updates to the hydraulic model, data acquisition techniques (such as CCTV and Smartball), flow monitoring, and Infiltration/Inflow mitigation programs.

The Opinion of Probable Cost (OPC) is classified as Class D estimates, with a variance of +/- 25-30%, and is calculated in 2022 dollars. These costs have been approximated to the nearest thousand. The OPC for the Capital projects, spanning from 2024 to 2031, is estimated to be \$64,578,000, while the data acquisition is estimated to cost \$8,855,000 over the next four years. These OPCs can serve as a valuable resource for the City's quadrennial budgeting process. The implementation plan distributes the total cost across the years 2024 to 2031.

The Sanitary Servicing Analysis & Capital Infrastructure Funding and Risk Analysis and Implementation Plan acts as a guiding beacon for the city's future sanitary sewer system. The execution of the proposed condition-based and capacity-based solution, as well as the data acquisition will contribute to delivering a good level of service to the residents and enhance our comprehension of the sanitary system conditions.



GLOSSARY March 18, 2024

Glossary

ADWF	Average Dry Weather Flow
ASF	Average Sewage Flow
C of A	Certificate of Approval
DEM	Digital Elevation Model
DN	Disconnected Node
DNP	Disconnected Node & Pipe
DWF	Dry Weather Flow
EA	Environmental Assessment
ECA	Environmental Compliance Approval
EMP	Employment
FM	Flow Monitor
FS	Flow Split
GIS	Geographic Information Systems
GWI	Groundwater Infiltration
HGL	Hydraulic Grade Line
HP	High Point
ICI	Industrial-Commercial-Institutional (Land Use)
ICM	Integrated Catchment Modelling
1/1	Infiltration and Inflow
IPI	Inconsistent Profile Based on Inverts
ISAN-MP	Integrated Sanitary Master Plan
MH	Maintenance Hole
MDSI	Missing Downstream Invert
MDSN	Missing Downstream Node
MUSI	Missing Upstream Invert
MUSN	Missing Upstream Node
OPC	Opinion of Probable Cost
PAG	Pipe Above Ground
PLUM	Region of Waterloo's Population and Land Use Model
PPJ	Parcel-People-Jobs Data
PS	Pumping Station



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RDII	Rainfall-Derived Infiltration and Inflow
RES	Residential
RG	Rain Gauge
ROP	Regional Official Plan
SA	Area-Based Sanitary Subcatchment
SAN	Sanitary
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
SP	Parcel-Based Sanitary Subcatchment
SPS	Sewage Pumping Station
SQL	Structured Query Language
ТМ	Technical Memorandum
WWF	Wet Weather Flow
WWTP	Wastewater Treatment Plant



INTRODUCTION March 18, 2024

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The City of Kitchener (City) has retained Stantec Consulting Ltd. (Stantec) to complete an Integrated Sanitary Master Plan (ISAN-MP). The purpose of the ISAN-MP is to develop an overall master plan to guide the future needs of the City with respect to growth development and infrastructure renewal to account for updated population and employment growth projections to the 2051 planning horizon, building on the work/studies previously completed and integrating available information from ongoing studies/programs. Following the Class Environmental Assessment (EA) Process, priority and strategic projects will be evaluated to continue to efficiently and effectively operate the system, implement best management practices (including growth tracking and digital innovation), and practice sustainable staging and funding of capital projects.

The following tasks will be carried out for the completion of the ISAN-MP, including a series of Technical Memoranda (TM) that will comprise the content of the final Master Plan document:

- Task 1: Background Data Review (TM#1)
- Task 2: Hydraulic Analysis (TM#2)
- Task 3: Sanitary Servicing Analysis (TM#3)
- Task 4: Capital Infrastructure Funding and Risk Analysis (TM#4)
- Task 5: Design Criteria, Level of Service & Sensitivity Analysis (TM#5)
- Task 6: Growth Management and Implementation Plan (TM#6)
- Task 7: Communications and Community Engagement
- Task 8: Sanitary Servicing Master Plan / Innovation Strategy

Based on discussions with the City, **Task 3** has been compiled with **Task 4** and **Task 6** for this submission and involves the review and assessment of the existing sanitary sewer infrastructure in both existing and future conditions, and the development of capacity-based and condition-based solutions as well as integrated mitigation and data acquisition programs. To date, all of these assessments and recommendations have been reviewed and discussed with the City.

1.1 OVERVIEW

The work of the preceding Technical Memoranda #1 and #2 come together to define the preferred approach for the Kitchener Integrated Sanitary Master Plan model update.

Through the development of TM#1, relevant background reports, GIS data, populations and land use, natural heritage data, GIS sewer network data, and flow monitoring and rain gauge data were reviewed and assessed for data gaps and quality. Pumping station data and statuses were also reviewed, revealing wet well and pump data for all existing pumping stations, and updated condition assessment reports (2020/2021) for 20 of the 25 stations. Notably, it was identified that the Bleams Sewage Pumping Station (SPS) recently underwent decommissioning, while the Old Mill SPS is currently being rebuilt (now the



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New Old Mill SPS), and the Nathalie SPS is undergoing construction. Since the submission of TM#1, two additional condition assessment reports were provided for the Bridgeport and Spring Valley Pumping Stations, which are both Regional pumping stations.

TM#2 documents the evaluation and selection of the modelling software (InfoWorks ICM), as well as a general overview of the provided hydraulic model, which was developed in InfoSWMM in 2011 and was later updated in 2019 by AECOM using 2016 sewer flow monitoring data. It also outlined the modelling plan for the current ISAN-MP project regarding both model updates and calibration, which included discussions of the following:

- New infrastructure and developments integration;
- The detailed engineering validation error assessment and fixes applied to the original model network and new network elements added to the model;
- The methodology followed to implement fixes to the errors/warnings identified;
- Subcatchment delineation and parameter development;
- Pumping station updates; and,
- Boundary conditions.

The updated model was used in the calibration process, which is also documented in TM#2, along with the flow monitoring and rainfall data quality and review, the resulting DWF and WWF calibration fits, and the final metershed flow generation parameters. Based on the calibration, the monitored portions of the sanitary system were found to have relatively low GWI and RDII contributions and reasonable per capita rates throughout. Metersheds with higher or lower than average rates were discussed. The model is considered calibrated and deemed appropriate for the existing and future conditions system assessments based on the flow monitoring data obtained. This TM also outlined the proposed modelling scenarios to be completed as part of Task 3, for the purposes of assessing the sanitary sewer system responses under existing and future conditions and constraints. Several scenarios are recommended, capturing the Existing, Future 2031, and Future 2051 DWF, 5-year, 10-year and 25-year storm event system response, in addition to a Future 2051 Climate Change scenario, and five (5) critical failure scenarios.



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2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The calibrated model detailed in TM2 is used as the basis of the capacity-based existing conditions system assessment and solution development. **Section 2.1** documents the infrastructure and flow updates completed between calibration and system assessment, as well as the existing conditions capacity-based system performance.

A condition-based system assessment was also completed on the existing infrastructure and is discussed in **Section 2.2** below. Additionally, current programs and program gaps are discussed in **Section 2.3**.

2.1 MODEL UPDATES AND CAPACITY-BASED SYSTEM ASSESSMENT

The flow generation parameters, boundary conditions and infrastructure updates used in the model to assess the existing conditions sanitary sewer system from a capacity perspective are outlined in **Sections 2.1.1**, **2.1.2**, and **2.1.3**, respectively. The resulting capacity-based system performance based on the 25-year, 12-hr AES design storm event for sewers and the 10-year, 12-hr AES design event for pumping stations are discussed and illustrated in **Section 2.1.4**.

2.1.1 Flow Generation

The populations, areas and flow generation rates established as part of the calibration phase were maintained for the existing conditions model.

2.1.2 Boundary Conditions

The boundary conditions established as part of the calibration process were used in the existing conditions model, with the exception of the Shirley SPS inflow from Woolwich. In calibration, an average inflow rate of 12.7 L/s was derived from 2021 monitoring data from the MH just upstream of the SPS and applied accordingly. For the system assessments however, this value was conservatively increased to the Cross-Border Agreement's maximum flow of 189 L/s from Woolwich. **Table 2-1** below documents the boundary conditions applied in both the existing conditions assessments.

Table 2-1: Existing	g Model Bounda	ry Conditions
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Location No.	Location (Sewershed)	MH/ Modelled Node ID	Second Party in Cross Border Agreement	Boundary Condition Type	FM Metershed	Value Applied
1	Upper Schneider - Henry Sturm Direct	310088	Waterloo	Inflow	FM2	30.00 L/s



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Location No.	Location (Sewershed)	MH/ Modelled Node ID	Second Party in Cross Border Agreement	Boundary Condition Type	FM Metershed	Value Applied
2	Upper Schneider - Borden	311511	Wilmot	Inflow	FM5b	7.05 L/s
3	Melitzer	311933	Waterloo	Inflow	FM19	Accounted for in GWI Rate
4	Bridgeport	JCT-236	Waterloo	Inflow	Unmonitored	Accounted for in GWI Rate
5	Melitzer	JCT-736	Waterloo	Inflow	FM19	Accounted for in GWI Rate
6	Montgomery - Kolb	JCT-88	Safety Kleen	Inflow	FM9	38.00 L/s (2 am to 5 am)
7	Montgomery - Kolb	Shirley- Dummy-Inflow	Woolwich	Inflow	FM10	189.00 L/s
8	Upper Schneider Westmount Direct	306155	Waterloo	External Subcatchment	FM2b	61 Units x 3.5 PPU
9	Montgomory – Spring Valley North	JCT-256	Waterloo	External Subcatchment	Unmonitored	38 Units x 3.5 PPU
10	Gateway Park	303424	Cambridge	Level	FM20	294.93 m (Pipe Obvert)
11	Lower Schneider – Direct	WWTP	N/A	Level	Unmonitored	Free Flowing

2.1.3 Infrastructure Updates

The Middle Strasburg Trunk Sanitary Sewer (MSTSS), commissioned on October 29, 2021, conveys flows from the Middle Strasburg area to the South Strasburg area via gravity. Previously, the Bleams SPS pumped these flows north to the Upper Schneider drainage area. The Bleams SPS was decommissioned upon MSTSS commissioning. For calibration, these infrastructure updates were not included in the model as the calibration period preceded this transition. For existing conditions however, the MSTSS is considered operational, and the Bleams SPS is no longer online. Thus, these infrastructure updates are included in the existing conditions model. The MSTSS As-Constructed drawings were referenced as part of this update.



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During the process of assessing the existing conditions system, additional locations were questioned and deemed in need of updates. As recorded drawings were used to make the majority of these adjustments with the intent of more accurately understanding the nearby capacity constraints observed. In some cases, it was also established that the previous model from 2019 had not been updated to include sewer upgrades that occurred prior to that model update. These infrastructure updates include:

- A single sewer invert correction just upstream of the King St SPS eliminating a severe inconsistent profile within close proximity to observed capacity constraints;
- Sewer invert corrections within the Dalewood St area;
- Sewer invert corrections along the Wabanaki Trunk downstream of the King St SPS forcemain discharge point;
- Diameter and invert adjustments for portions of the Sandrock Trunk sewer; and,
- Invert corrections at the Conestoga, Highland, and Borden siphons.

Refer to **Figure 2-1** illustrating the location of these updates. All adjustments are documented in the ICM model using a series of flags and engineering validation fix codes stored within the 'User Text 10' field on both conduits and nodes.

2.1.3.1 Pump Station Updates

Most pumping stations modelled during calibration were maintained within the existing conditions scenario modelling, with the exception of the Bleams SPS, which was decommissioned and replaced with the MSTSS, as discussed in **Section 2.1.3**. Additionally, the Nathalie SPS was commissioned post-calibration period and is thus included in the existing conditions infrastructure updates.

All pumping stations are idealized in the existing conditions model; allowing all incoming flow to be pumped through the station without constraint (Qin = Qout). This provides a straightforward comparison of the unrestricted incoming peak flow during the design event to the pumping station's firm and rated capacities to identify the need for upgrades. The firm capacity of a pumping station is defined as the maximum pumping capacity with the largest pump offline. The rated capacity is defined as the designed operational capacity of the pumping station and usually does not include the simultaneous operation of the standby pump(s). Both the firm and rated capacities were obtained for each pumping station from the most recent Condition Assessment Report. If available, the theoretical duty points from the system and pump curve analysis, and the known operation of the pumps (number of duty and standby pumps) informed the firm and rated capacities used in this analysis. While the current operating capacity of the pumps may be lower than the theoretical capacities due to deteriorating conditions, it is assumed that the theoretical capacity will be achieved through planned maintenance. If the operating capacity exceeds the theoretical, the theoretical is conservatively applied to account for future depreciation. These values may differ from the firm capacities noted in the pumping station Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) (formerly the Certificate of Approval (C of A)) which can be less accurate based on pump and system performance.



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If the total flow through the idealized pump is greater than that of the pumping station's rated capacity, this value is applied to the ideal pump as a maximum pump rate. This allows for an evaluation of the upstream system response and the occurrence of overflows at the pumping station under maximum pumping conditions. The flow through the ideal pumps will also be compared to the firm capacity from the ECA to determine if the current approval is adequate for existing and future conditions flows or requires amendment. See **Section 2.1.5.1** for more details on the pumping station's performance criteria.

The following **Table 2-2** lists the pumping station's firm and rated capacities used in this analysis, the ECA firm capacity, and provides additional relevant notes where applicable.

Table 2-2: Existing Pumping Sta	tion Firm & Rated	I Capacities Base	ed on Theoretical
Operation			

Pumping Station	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity Pump Operation	ECA Firm Capacity (L/s)	Additional Notes
Apple Tree SPS	66.0	66.0	2 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	50.0	
Bancroft SPS	7.7	7.7	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	7.7	
Bridgeport SPS	136.0	136.0	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF; 1 Jockey for low flow conditions	136.0	The firm and the rated capacities correspond to the capacity of the duty pump only; jockey pump ignored for capacity assessment (likely cannot run simultaneously to duty pump) Owned and operated by the Region of Waterloo
Carson SPS	66.9	66.9	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	Not Available	The rated and the firm capacities are based on the drawdown test (operational capacities instead of theoretical), as no pump curve was provided in the Condition Assessment report Firm capacity not noted in ECA
Chandos SPS	27.0	27.0	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	30.0	
Conestoga College SPS	47.5	47.5	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	50.0	



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Pumping Station	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity Pump Operation	ECA Firm Capacity (L/s)	Additional Notes
Falconridge SPS	45.5	45.5	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	118.0	The pump's operational capacities are higher than the theoretical capacity; however, the theoretical capacity was conservatively used ECA firm capacity represents future conditions with two additional provisional pumps installed
Homer Watson SPS	314.0	314.0	2 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	310.0	The station normally operates with only 1 duty on at a time, alternating between the three pumps The ECA does not include the firm capacity; this value was instead obtained from the Operation and Maintenance Manual (as per the 2021 Condition Assessment Report)
King St SPS	176.0	176.0	1 Duty ON; 2 Standby OFF	290.0	The station normally operates with only 1 duty on at a time, alternating between the three pumps
Manchester SPS	240.0	240.0	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	240.0	No system/pump curves or drawdown test results provided in Condition Assessment report; assumed firm and rated capacity is equivalent to the rated capacity of a single pump
Moore SPS	21.5	23.5	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	Not Available	Two different pumps; pump 2 is larger than pump 1 resulting in different firm and rated capacities ECA not available
Nathalie SPS	98.0	98.0	2 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	98.0	Station operates with one duty pump at a time, alternating between three pumps. Ultimate peak flow: 98 L/s. Each pump rated at 74 L/s at a TDH of 37.5 metres.
New Dundee SPS	56.0	56.0	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	56.0	No system/pump curves or drawdown test results provided in Condition Assessment report; assumed firm and rated capacity is equivalent to the rated capacity of a single pump, as per the ECA



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Pumping Station	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity Pump Operation	ECA Firm Capacity (L/s)	Additional Notes
Old Mill SPS ¹	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	No information provided on existing Old Mill SPS; although this pumping station is present in existing conditions, it will soon be replaced by New Old Mill SPS. It is located immediately upstream of the WWTP, thus has very little impact on the downstream system Modelled as an unrestricted idealized pump station in existing conditions
Otterbein SPS	88.7	88.7	2 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	126.0	The rated and the firm capacities are based on the drawdown test (operational capacities instead of theoretical), as no pump curve was provided in the Condition Assessment report Currently in EA process; recommended SPS upgrade to a total future capacity of 165 L/s
Oxford SPS	49.0	49.0	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	Not Available	ECA not available
Patricia SPS	23.5	23.5	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	Not Available	ECA not available
Pioneer Tower SPS	70.0	70.0	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	125.1	City confirmed the ECA firm capacity for this SPS is as per Genivar's Condition Assessment Report from 2012 (125.1 L/s) The pump station has been upgraded.
River Birch SPS	19.0	19.0	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	17.3	The pump's operational capacities are higher than the theoretical capacity; however, the theoretical capacity was conservatively used
Shirley SPS	207.0	207.0	1 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	378.0	The Condition Assessment report indicates only two pumps, but the Certificate of Approval indicates three pumps. Only two pumps are assumed for conservatism



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Pumping Station	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity Pump Operation	ECA Firm Capacity (L/s)	Additional Notes
Spring Valley SPS	245.0	245.0	2 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	245.0	Spring Valley Sewage Pumping Station Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (CIMA+, November 17, 2021) notes a current firm capacity of 245 L/s No pump/system curves or drawdown test results were provided in Condition Assessment report); therefore, the noted firm capacity is assumed equivalent to the rated capacity and cannot be validated further Furthermore, the Wastewater Treatment Master Plan (2018) identified a future capacity requirement of 265 L/s to meet 2051 forecasts, and the Spring Valley SPS EA from CIMA+ recommends a near-term upgrade to achieve a 350 L/s firm capacity and an ultimate buildout upgrade to achieve a 470 L/s firm capacity. ECA not provided Owned and operated by the Region of Waterloo
Springmount SPS	162.0	162.0	2 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	205.5	No alternation between standby and duty pumps; standby pump is not used as a duty pump due to its age and condition
Stoke SPS	196.0	196.0	2 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	473.0	Pump/system curve for Pump 3 not provided; assumed equivalent to Pump 1 and 2 ECA notes initial design capacity of 164 L/s (completed in 1980) and future design capacity of 473 L/s; assumed future capacity is applicable to 2021 and beyond
Woolner SPS	136.0	136.0	2 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	115.2	The pump's operational capacities are higher than the theoretical capacity; however, the theoretical capacity was conservatively used
Note:					

1- The Old Mill PS has been decommissioned, and the New Old Mill PS has been commissioned. However, for the purposes of this assessment, the existing conditions as of 2021 were considered, in accordance with the flow monitoring data used for calibrating the existing conditions.







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2.1.4 Wastewater Treatment Plant Flow Validation

Since the submission of TM2, 2021 SCADA data was obtained for the City of Kitchener Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP), which is operated by the Region of Waterloo. This information consisted of influent flows measured every 5-minutes in m³/d from July 1st to November 30th, 2021. The results of this validation indicate that the model adequately replicates the flows at the WWTP when compared to observed data for all DWF periods and WWF events selected for calibration as part of **Task 2**. The following **Figure 2-2** and **Figure 2-3** illustrate the comparison of observed and modelled peak dry weather flows and volumes, respectively, while **Figure 2-4** and **Figure 2-5** illustrate the wet weather peak flow and volume comparisons. As shown, both the DWF and WWF event fits straddle the 1:1 line (some are high and others low), indicating a generally good fit overall. Validation results graphs are presented in **Appendix A**.



Figure 2-2: WWTP Dry Weather Validation Results - Peak Flow



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Figure 2-3: WWTP Dry Weather Validation Results – Volume



Figure 2-4: WWTP Wet Weather Validation Results - Peak Flow



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Figure 2-5: WWTP Wet Weather Validation Results - Volume

These results provide confidence in capacity constraints identified in unmonitored areas (areas downstream of flow monitors).

2.1.5 Capacity-Based System Performance

The existing conditions sanitary system is evaluated from a capacity perspective, based on design event results. The capacity-based assessment approach and results are documented in Sections **2.1.5.1** and **2.1.5.2** below.

2.1.5.1 Assessment Approach

Both the DWF and WWF conditions are reviewed as part of the sanitary sewer system performance assessment. The Hydraulic Grade Line (HGL) elevations at nodes are used as the main indicator of issues within the collection system. Elevated HGLs occur when a capacity constraint drives the upstream water levels to rise. Risk of basement flooding (or HGL issues) in this design event is considered if the HGLs are within 1.8 m from the surface elevation, which coincides with the assumed basement elevation for homes with direct or indirect basement connections to the sewer. The system is evaluated for HGL



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issues in DWF conditions and during the 1:25-year AES, 12-hour storm event. This 25-year event was used in the latest system assessment performed by AECOM in 2019.

Sewer performance is reviewed in conjunction with the elevated HGLs to determine the cause of the HGL issues observed and determine possible solutions. Sewer performance alone is generally not used to define the need to provide upgrades; however, surcharging observed in smaller events like the 5-year AES, 12-hour storm may warrant upgrades. Surcharge state is used in ICM to define sewer performance, which is defined by both the d/D (depth of flow over diameter) and q/Q (flow through pipe over full pipe capacity) ratios. When the surcharge state is less than 1, the pipe is considered free-flowing. When the surcharge state is 1 or 2, the pipe is considered under backwater (slope of the HGL is less than the slope of the pipe), or bottlenecked/undersized (slope of the HGL is greater than that of the pipe), respectively.

For shallow sewers that are within 1.8 m from the surface, HGL issues may be illustrated; however, if the water level remains within the pipe and the pipe is under free-flowing conditions, it is not considered for upgrades.

For pumping stations, the 1:10-year AES, 12-hour storm event is used to assess performance. As per the *City of Kitchener Design Standards and Procedures Manual for Wastewater Pumping Facilities* (dated August 2003), all sewage pumping facilities should be designed to pump the 10-year peak flow with the largest pump offline (also referred to as 'firm capacity').

Thus, with the use of idealized pumps in the model, the peak flow conveyed through the pump station during the 10-year event is compared to the pumping station's firm capacity, as described in **Section 2.1.3.1**. The pumping station's performance is then based on this comparison; pumping stations receiving 10-year peak flows greater than the station's firm capacity are considered to have capacity constraints. The 10-year peak flow through the ideal pumps is also compared to the firm capacity from the ECA to determine if the current ECA is adequate for existing and future conditions flows or requires amendment.

Additionally, pumping station performance is evaluated with respect to overflows, in that overflows should not occur in events smaller than the 25-year. Using the simplified idealized pump setup, the pump station's rated capacity (i.e., maximum pumping capacity) is used to limit outflow from the station in the model. The occurrence of an overflow in events smaller than the 25-year indicates inadequate pumping station capacity.

2.1.5.2 Assessment Results

Figure 2-6, **Figure 2-7**, **Figure 2-8**, and **Figure 2-9** illustrate the existing conditions DWF, 5-year, 10-year and 25-year sanitary sewer HGL and surcharge results, respectively. These figures represent the system results generated by the application of flow limits at the pumping stations equivalent to their rated capacities, as discussed in **Section 2.1.5.1**. In some cases, this results in backwater and surcharging upstream of the pumping stations. With no restrictions applied to the pumping stations (ideal pumps), no additional capacity concerns are observed downstream and are therefore not presented. These results within these figures are presented using the following rendering:



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- MH HGL (freeboard):
 - Black: HGL is more than 1.8 m below ground surface (i.e., low risk of basement flooding);
 - Yellow: HGL is within 1.8 m of ground surface (i.e., potential for basement flooding); and,
 - Red: HGL is above ground surface (i.e., potential for basement and surface flooding).
 - Pipe surcharge state:
 - Black: free-flow within sewer;
 - Yellow: sewer surcharged, peak flow within free-flow capacity of the sewer (i.e., under backwater conditions);
 - **Red**: sewer surcharged, peak flow greater than free-flow capacity of the sewer (i.e., sewer is undersized and causing bottleneck); and,
 - **Purple** halo: shallow sewers with less than 1.8 m between the sewer obvert and the ground surface.

Based on the presented modelling results, no capacity constraints resulting in HGL issues are observed in the DWF conditions. Excluding siphons, forcemains, or remaining inconsistent profiles, there are two (2) locations where the pipes were found to be 85% full or greater in DWF conditions, described below. Both of these locations are not considered concerns with respect to capacity constraints in the system and do not result in HGL issues in the 25-year event.

- One 200 mm influent pipe at the Bancroft SPS (Asset ID 118789), running 85% full or greater due to the downstream wet well water levels and connecting invert.
- One 250 mm pipe that connects the local system on Park St to the Westmount trunk sewer (Asset ID CDT-35). Due to downstream water levels in the trunk and connecting inverts.

In the system, there are 13,825 pipes that have been modeled. The majority of these pipes (around 11,850 or 85.7%) exhibit maximum velocities less than 0.6 m/s under DWF conditions. When we narrow our focus to the trunk sewers within the system, we find that there are 2,088 modeled trunk sewers. And about half of these trunk sewers (approximately 1,075 or 51.5%) experience maximum velocities less than 0.6 m/s in DWF conditions.

Trunk sewers are defined as gravity pipes with 375 mm diameters or larger, forcemains, and additional smaller pipes that connect these sewers to form the system's spinal network, as per consultations with the City. There is less confidence with the local system pipes in the model due to identified engineering validation errors. These issues were resolved only where needed, as local sewers are not considered the focus of this MP.



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Similar to DWF conditions, no capacity constraints resulting in HGL issues are observed in the 5-year storm event, other than the area upstream of the Old Mill SPS, which is currently being replaced by a new, higher capacity pumping station across the road (included in 2031 and 2051 conditions); and the area upstream of Shirley SPS, which is discussed further below. Excluding the area upstream of the Old Mill SPS, there are seven (7) locations that experience pipes 85% full or greater during this event due to sewer capacity constraints (including the area upstream of Shirley SPS); two (2) of which see HGL issues in the 25-year event and are described below. The remaining five (5) locations are not considered a concern as HGL issues are not generated by these capacity constraints in the 25-year design event.

- **Dalewood**, 250 mm sewers experience backwater during the 5-year event and surcharging and HGL issues in the 25-year event. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-2); and,
- **Upstream of Shirley SPS**, HGL and surcharge issues are experienced in the 525 mm sewers in the 5- and 25-year events. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-8).

In the 25-year design event, seven (7) Problem Areas (areas of observed sewer capacity constraints) are identified within the existing conditions system. These areas are highlighted in **Figure 2-9** and described in **Table 2-3** by Problem Area ID, where "SA" refers to Sanitary Area. All other areas with HGL issues are representative of shallow sewers, or inconsistent profiles in local areas deemed to have minimal impact to the Master Plan and thus were not updated in the model validation stages due to magnitude of profile issues observed.

Problem Area ID	Location	Capacity Constraint Description
SA-1 Upstream of King St SPS	King St, east of River Rd E	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to undersized pipes. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.
SA-2 Dalewood	Dalewood Dr and Penrose Ave	Risk of basement flooding (HGLs within 1.8 m of surface) due to undersized pipes along Dalewood Dr.
SA-3 Upstream of Spring Valley SPS	Spring Valley SPS off of Riverbend Dr	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to downstream capacity constraints at the Spring Valley SPS. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.
SA-6 Homer Watson	Homer Watson Blvd	Risk of basement flooding along Kingswood Dr and Flint Dr due to undersized pipes within the private ICI property and on Homer Watson Blvd. HGLs within 1.8 m of surface on Alpine Rd and Homer Watson Blvd with low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.

Table 2-3: Existing Conditions Sanitary Sewer Problem Areas



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Problem Area ID	Location	Capacity Constraint Description		
SA-7 Sandrock Trunk	Highland Rd W and Fischer-Hallman Rd	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to undersized pipes along Highland Rd W. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.		
SA-8 Upstream of Shirley SPS	Shirley Dr and Victoria St N	Risk of basement flooding and surface flooding along Shirley Dr due to downstream capacity constraints at the Shirley SPS. HGLs within 1.8 m of surface on Victoria St N with low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.		
SA-10 Upstream of Bridgeport SPS	Bridge St E between Bloomingdale Rd and Grand Ave	Risk of basement flooding on Bridge St E due to downstream capacity constraints at the Bridgeport SPS. Risk of PS flooding.		

Additionally, the 10-year incoming peak flows are compared to the pumping station's firm, rated and ECA capacities to determine performance or approval issues. The following **Table 2-4** presents these results, along with the 25-year peak incoming flows for reference. The ECA, firm and rated capacities surpassed by the 10-year incoming flow are noted in **red**, illustrating the pump stations that do not meet criteria. The 10-year flows draining to the Bridgeport SPS, Pioneer Tower SPS, Shirley SPS and Spring Valley SPS exceed their firm and rated capacities. However, Pioneer Tower SPS capacity have been upgraded by the City after the assessment, therefore this PS is no longer a concern. The 10-year incoming flows to Bridgeport SPS and Spring Valley SPS also exceed their current ECA approved rates. Note that the Bridgeport SPS and Spring Valley SPS are owned by the Region of Waterloo and not the City of Kitchener.

Pumping Station	Incoming 10-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	Incoming 25- Year Peak Flow (L/s)	ECA Capacity (L/s)	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Notes
Apple Tree SPS	38.4	47.6	50.0	66.0	66.0	
Bancroft SPS	4.6	5.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	
Bridgeport SPS*	175.2	211.9	136.0	136.0	136.0	
Carson SPS	37.5	49.5	N/A	66.9	66.9	No ECA available
Chandos SPS	7.1	9.2	30.0	27.0	27.0	
Conestoga College SPS	2.9	3.6	50.0	47.5	47.5	
Falconridge SPS	15.2	17.7	118.0	45.5	45.5	
Homer Watson SPS	73.2	86.9	310.0	314.0	314.0	
King St SPS	136.0	171.6	290.0	176.0	176.0	

Table 2-4: Existing Conditions Pumping Station Performance



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Pumping Station	Incoming 10-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	Incoming 25- Year Peak Flow (L/s)	ECA Capacity (L/s)	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Notes
Manchester SPS	158.9	207.6	240.0	240.0	240.0	
Moore SPS	11.9	15.3	N/A	21.5	23.5	No ECA available
New Dundee SPS	7.4	9.3	56.0	56.0	56.0	
Old Mill SPS	70.6	81.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	To be replaced by New Old Mill SPS
Otterbein SPS	54.0	57.3	126.0	88.7	88.7	EA for proposed upgrades provided; notes future 165 L/s design capacity
Oxford SPS	31.2	41.0	N/A	49.0	49.0	No ECA available
Patricia SPS	3.9	4.8	N/A	23.5	23.5	No ECA available
Pioneer Tower SPS	77.7	90.1	125.1	70.0	70.0	Pump station has been upgraded
River Birch SPS	9.6	12.8	17.3	19.0	19.0	
Shirley SPS	222.5	231.3	378.0	207.0	207.0	
Spring Valley SPS*	252.9	319.6	245.0	245.0	245.0	Currently in design process for SPS upgrades
Springmount SPS	98.8	122.6	205.5	162.0	162.0	
Stoke SPS	62.4	69.2	473.0	196.0	196.0	
Woolner SPS	80.1	97.7	115.2	136.0	136.0	
Nathalie SPS**	0.0	0.0	148.0	98.0	98.0	

Notes:

* Bridgeport SPS and Spring Valley SPS are owned by the Region of Waterloo

** Nathalie SPS sees no incoming flows in existing conditions as the area draining to this station has no population attributed to it for this scenario (still under development).

In **Figure 2-8** and **Figure 2-9**, the pumping stations are rendered based on the whether the 10-year and 25-year flows, respectively, exceed the pumping station's ECA, firm or rated capacities in existing conditions. See figure legends for details.


















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2.2 CONDITION-BASED SYSTEM ASSESSMENT

The City's 2022 asset management data was provided per sewer on December 8th, 2022, in shapefile format (file name: "condition score 2022.shp") and consisted of Pipe Asset IDs, road segments IDs, install years, material, ownership, age-based scores per sewer, the most recent CCTV inspection year, and condition-based scores per sewer. Additionally, the Ottawa Street Sanitary Trunk Sewer Condition Assessment and Rehabilitation Recommendation Final Report by Andrews. Engineer (dated December 2022), was provided on December 21^{st, 2022}, and used to extract up-to-date condition grades for the Ottawa St trunk sewers. This assessment was recently completed due to concerning conditions and H₂S levels within the Ottawa St trunk sewer and had not yet been integrated into the City's asset management database. The City also assesses sanitary sewer risk based on sewer condition and criticality, which is defined by a Total Wastewater Priority Assessment Score (TWPAS), ranging from 0 (no data or low risk and consequence of failure) to 100 (high risk and consequence of failure). Based on the review of this dataset however, it was determined that the most up-to-date CCTV scoring, and criticality assessments had not yet been integrated into the file provided. This process is ongoing but was not anticipated for completion in time for this condition-based system assessment and thus, only the CCTV scoring was compiled and reviewed to determine the need for condition-based asset renewal projects based on existing pipe conditions. The following sub-sections discuss the approach and criteria used to define sewers in poor condition, and the subsequent list of sewers currently in need of asset renewal.

2.2.1 Assessment Approach

The CCTV scores provided in the City's asset management data were used to define sewers in poor condition and thus identify those considered for asset renewal. The following criteria was used to establish this list.

- Provided CCTV score or condition grade (if included in the Ottawa St trunk sewer assessment) of 4 or greater, regardless of when the most recent CCTV assessment was conducted;
- Owned by City of Kitchener, or dually owned by both the City of Kitchener and the Region of Waterloo;
- Not already identified for potential upgrades due to poor capacity-based performance, as per **Table 2-3** of **Section 2.1.5.2** above; and,
- Not already included in near-term (2029 or sooner) trenchless relining projects or share road segment IDs with proposed roadway reconstruction projects, as per the following files provided by the City on December 7th, 2022:
 - "Sanitary trenchless lining 2022.xlsx";
 - o "Sanitary trenchless lining 2023.xlsx"; and,
 - "Reconstructions_plan.xlsx".



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2.2.2 Assessment Results

The criteria outlined in **Section 2.2.1** was used to establish an inventory of trunk sewers within the City of Kitchener sanitary sewer network currently considered in poor condition based on the provided CCTV scoring and structural grades. A total of 108 gravity sewers were found to fall within these criteria, equating to 7.1 km of sewer length. These sewers are documented in **Table 2-5** by Problem Area, where "AC" refers to Asset Condition. Their general locations within the City are illustrated in **Figure 2-10**.

Table 2-5: Gravity Sewers	Currently in	Poor Co	ondition
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Asset Condition ID	Street Name	Location Description	Pipe Asset IDs
AC-1	Vanier Dr	1x 375 mm sewer through easement between Vanier Dr and Clark Ave	118182
AC-2	Westforest Trl	1x 375 mm sewer between Westmeadow Dr and Hidden Creek Dr	110504
AC-3	Bankside Dr	1x 450 mm sewer between Golden Terrace Crt and Eastforest Trl	109989
AC-4	Ottawa St N, Dreger Ave, Graber Pl	19x 675 mm sewers from Old Chicopee Dr to just upstream of Conestoga Pkwy	101611, 101612, 101613, 101365, 101366, 101367, 101368, 101335, 101339, 101340, 101341, 101342, 101350, 101351, 101352, 101849, 101850, 101851, 101852
AC-5	Greenbrook Dr	2x 375 mm sewers between Birchcliffe Ave to just north of Stonybrook Dr	108404, 108513
AC-6	Greenbrook Dr	Downstream of AC-8; 1x 900 mm sewer within Stirling Ave S intersection	107730
AC-7	Rock Ave	1x 525 mm sewer at the end of Rock Ave through private ICI property located between Belmont Ave W and the throughway behind the ICI buildings	105256
AC-8	West of Connaught Pl	1x 400 mm sewer in easement between Connaught PI and Conestoga Pkwy	100263
AC-9	Richmond Avenue	1 x 250 mm sewer between Water St S and David St	2002189
AC-10	Huck Crescent	1 x 200 mm sewer between Udvari Crescent and Keller Crescent	119495
AC-11	Highbrook Ct	1 x 200 mm between Fisher-Hallman Rd and Highbrook St	119059



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Asset Condition ID	Street Name	Location Description	Pipe Asset IDs
AC-12	Deep Ridge Dr	1 x 200 mm between Candle Crescent and Grand Hill Dr	118447
AC-13	Woolwich St	1 x 200 mm between Hillcrest Ln and Bridle Trail	110889
AC-14	Northmanor Crescent	1 x 200 mm between Resurrection Dr and University Ave W	110709
AC-15	Windward Pl	1 x 250 mm between Keller Crescent and Westforest Trail	110658
AC-16	Westforest Trail	1 x 200 mm between Shadyridge Pl and Beechcroft Pl	110528
AC-17	Dawn Ridge Dr	1 x 200 mm between Westmeadow Dr and Westforest Trail	110522
AC-18	Marlis Crescent	1 x 200 mm between Bleams Rd and Erinbrook Dr	108258
AC-19	Highbrook St	2 x 200 mm on Highbrook St	108216, 108203
AC-20	Block Line Rd	1 x 250 mm between Highbrook St and Westmount Rd E	108196
AC-21	Ristau Crescent	1 x 200 mm between Highbrook Crescent and Dinison Crescent	108056
AC-22	Ottawa St S	1 x 200 mm between McLennan Park Gate and Strasburg Rd	107118
AC-23	Conestoga Pkwy Onramp	1 x 200 mm between Courtland Ave E and Conestoga Pkwy	107094
AC-24	Bedford Rd	2 x 200 mm between Sydney St S and Schneider Creek	106954, 106955
AC-25	Riverbend Dr	1 x 250 mm incoming pipe North of Spring Valley SPS	105863
AC-26	Cameron St N	1 x 200 mm between Duke St E and Weber St E	104745
AC-27	Breithaupt St	1 x 200 mm between Moore Ave and Waterloo St	104435
AC-28	McLeod Ct	1 x 200 mm at the intersection of McLeod Ct and Biehn Dr	103960
AC-29	Gateway Park Dr	3 x 300 mm between Sportsworld Dr and Tu-Lane St	103769, 103770, 103771
AC-30	Brembel St	1 x 200 mm sewer through private residential complex located between Brembel St and Ottawa St N	102507
AC-31	Denlow St	1 x 200 mm between Brembel St and Rose Garden St	102499
AC-32	Alpine Rd	1 x 250 mm between Kingswood Dr and Homer Watson Blvd	118286



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Asset Condition ID	Street Name	Location Description	Pipe Asset IDs
AC-33	Hollinger Crescent	1 x 250 mm between Bridge St E and Dumart Pl	111001
AC-34	Stoke Dr	1 x 200 mm between Wexford Crescent and Monarch Woods	110577
AC-35	Driftwood Dr	1 x 200 mm between Parkland Crescent and Toynbee Crescent	109901
AC-36	Fisher-Hallman Rd	1 x 250 mm between Highland Rd W and Queen's Blvd	108906
AC-37	Westheights Dr	1 x 300 mm sewer through private property located on Westheights Dr	108878
AC-38	Overlea Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Overlea Dr and Overlea Crescent	108477
AC-39	Stonybrook Dr	1 x 225 mm sewer between Village Crescent and Sweetbriar Dr	108398
AC-40	Barberry Pl	1 x 225 mm sewer between Westmount Rd and Forest Hill Dr	108347
AC-41	Sandsprings Crescent	2 x 200 mm sewer between Devonglen Dr and Sandsprings Ct	107604, 107656
AC-42	Cherry Hill Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer between Coach Hill Dr and Murrayhill Ct	107321
AC-43	Coach Hill Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer between Cherry Hill Dr and Block Line Rd	107318
AC-44	Coach Hill Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer between Cherry Hill Dr and Homer Watson Blvd	107306
AC-45	Selkirk Ct	1 x 200 mm sewer between Selkirk Dr and Geneva Crescent	107224
AC-46	Highland Crescent	1 x 250 mm sewer between Highland Rd and Westmount Rd	106442
AC-47	Paulander Dr	2 x 250 mm sewer between Victoria St S and Lawrence Ave	106329, 106334
AC-48	Weichel St	1 x 250 mm sewer between Belton Dr and Karn St	106299
AC-49	Belmont Ln W	1 x 250 mm sewer between Claremont Ave and Argyle St	106083
AC-50	Union Blvd	1 x 250 mm sewer between Earl St and Severn Ave	106063
AC-51	Guelph St	1 x 250 mm sewer parallel to the Spur Line Trail and connect to Guelph St sewer	105106
AC-52	Wheatfield Crescent	1 x 200 mm sewer between Pathfinder Crescent and Bechtel Dr	103885



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Asset Street Name **Location Description Pipe Asset IDs Condition ID** 2 x 250 mm sewer between Fairway AC-53 Manitou Dr 103436, 100040 Rd S and Webster Rd 1 x 250 mm sewer through private residential property located between AC-54 Upper Canada Dr 103415 Farrier Dr and Upper Canada Dr 1 x 300 mm sewer between AC-55 Old Mill Rd 103117 Sydenham St and Pinnacle Dr 1 x 200 mm sewer between Mill Park AC-56 Old Mill Rd 103108 Dr and Rose St 2 x 250 mm sewer between Homer Arrowhead AC-57 103052, 103053 Watson Blvd and Green Valley Dr Crescent 1 x 250 mm sewer between Pioneer AC-58 Green Valley Dr 103041 Dr and Arrowhead Crescent 1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection I ower Canada of Lower Canada Crescent and Upper AC-59 102928 Crescent Canada Dr 1 x 225 mm sewer between Chapel St AC-60 **Dumfries** Ave 102355 and Krug St 1 x 200 mm sewer between Lorraine AC-61 Heritage Dr 102231 Ave and Oakhurst Crescent 1 x 250 mm sewer between Keewatin AC-62 Heritage Dr 102226 Ave and Lorraine Ave 1 x 250 mm sewer between Nipigon AC-63 Nipigon St 102207 Pl and Georgian St 1 x 200 mm sewer between AC-64 Burbank Rd 101738 Conestoga Pkwy and Ada St 1 x 200 mm sewer between Sydney King St E AC-65 101278 St S and Ottawa St S 1 x 250 mm sewer in Morrison Park Wyandotte Ct AC-66 100995 between Wyandotte Ct and Oneida PI 1 x 250 mm sewer between Quinte AC-67 Morrison Road 100981 Crescent and Grand River Blvd 2 x 200 mm sewer between mm sewer between Quinte Crescent and AC-68 Morrison Road 100972, 100973 Grand River Blvd 1 x 250 mm sewer between River Rd AC-69 Burgetz Ave 100921 F and Thaler Ave 1 x 250 mm sewer between AC-70 Broadview Ave 100776 Broadview Ct and Shuh Ave Siebert Ave / 1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection AC-71 100628 of Siebert Ave and Courtland Ave F Courtland Ave E



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Asset Condition ID	Street Name	Location Description	Pipe Asset IDs
AC-72	Greenfield Ave	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Greenfield Ave and Kingsway Dr	100602
AC-73	Broadmoor Ave	1 x 200 mm sewer at the intersection of Broadmoor Ave and Clark Ave	100324
AC-74	Hillmount St	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Hillmount St and Shelley Dr	100304
AC-75	Carrol St	1 x 250 mm sewer between Connaught St and Greenfield Ave	100146
AC-76	Traynor Ave	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Wilson Ave and Traynor Ave	100075
AC-77	Hazen Glen Dr / Ingleside Dr	2 x 250 mm sewer on Hazen Glen Dr and Ingleside Dr	110736, 110759
AC-78	Union St	2 x 225 mm sewer on Union St	104911, 106005







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2.3 SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DATA COLLECTION AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

With the data review and capacity- and condition-based system performance assessments completed as part of this Integrated Sanitary Master Plan, Stantec has gained an understanding of the current ongoing programs underway for the City of Kitchener's sanitary sewer system data collection and management and has identified some gaps that could be filled to help improve the understanding and operation of the system.

The City of Kitchener has ongoing or recent programs that help to compile current asset condition data, estimate inflow and infiltration (I/I) within the sanitary sewer system, collect rainfall and flow monitoring data, and update and maintain their sanitary sewer hydraulic model. These programs are further discussed in the following sub-sections.

2.3.1 Sanitary System Condition Data Acquisition and Management

The City has an ongoing CCTV program where data inspections are conducted throughout each year with the intent of maintaining a GIS database of up-to-date data for the entire sanitary sewer system. Based on the size of this system, CCTV inspections are typically carried out for each pipe every 10 to 20 years. Trunk sewers tend to be inspected less frequently due to the constant, large flows observed in the pipe and the associated difficulties with CCTV inspections. Forcemains typically do not undergo CCTV inspections due to their pressurized state. If a second forcemain exists at the pumping station, then flow can be diverted to the other forcemain allowing for the inspection of the first; however, most pumping stations within the City of Kitchener have only a single forcemain. There are new, innovative methodologies available for inspecting forcemains, such as the SmartBall technology, which consists of a tethered inspection tool that travels with the flow of the pipe while simultaneously collecting data. This technology can be used to understand pipe condition, detect leaks, and validate existing GIS data, and is further discussed in **Section 4.4.1**.

Similar to the condition-based system assessment data review described in **Section 2.2**, the City's 2022 asset management data was used to assess the relevance of the compiled CCTV data per pipe. As noted in the above-referenced section, this dataset was updated with the information obtained from Andrew Engineer's 2022 Ottawa Street Trunk Sewer report. Based on the pipe age and how recent the latest CCTV data acquisition occurred, the sanitary sewers were categorized by their need for updated data collection. Sewers qualified for this categorization based on the following criteria.

- Provided CCTV score or condition grade (if included in the Ottawa St trunk sewer assessment) of less than 4;
- Owned by City of Kitchener, or dually owned by both the City of Kitchener and the Region of Waterloo;
- Not already identified for potential upgrades due to poor capacity-based performance or conditionbased performance, as per Table 2-3 and Table 2-5 of Sections 2.1.5.2 and 2.2.2 above, respectively; and,



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- Not already included in near-term (2029 or sooner) trenchless relining projects or share road segment IDs with proposed roadway reconstruction projects, as per the following files provided by the City on December 7th, 2022:
 - "Sanitary trenchless lining 2022.xlsx";
 - o "Sanitary trenchless lining 2023.xlsx"; and,
 - o "Reconstructions_plan.xlsx".

From the provided dataset, a total of 1,888 pipes (140.9 km) including forcemains, qualified for the categorization of CCTV data relevance based on these criteria. In the future, the updated TWPAS scores can also be used in conjunction with or instead of the CCTV scoring and pipe age. The following categories were then applied based on pipe age and recency of the latest CCTV data acquisition. A threshold of 6 years was used to classify CCTV data as recent or outdated, as this would result in 10-year-old data by the end of a 4-year term, at which point the City would reassess program budgets.

- **Outdated CCTV and is considered most critical:** Pipe age is 25 years or older (or unknown), and the last CCTV data collection was conducted 6 or more years ago (or unknown);
- Outdated CCTV and is considered medium criticality: Pipe age is 25 years or older (or unknown) and the last CCTV data collection was conducted within the last 5 years, OR pipe age is between 6 and 24 years and the last CCTV data collection was conducted 6 or more years ago (or unknown); and,
- **Outdated CCTV and is considered less critical:** Pipe age is between 6 and 24 years and the last CCTV data collection occurred within the last 5 years, OR pipe age is 5 years or less.

The following **Table 2-6** summarizes the quantity and length of sewer falling within each of these categories. The location of these sewers is presented in **Figure 2-12**.

Category	Sewer Type	Quantity of Sewers	Sewer Length (km)
	Gravity	919	66.7
	Forcemain	9	6.7
Outdeted CCTV Medium Criticality	Gravity	705	43.3
	Forcemain	14	10.5
	Gravity	239	13.4
	Forcemain	2	0.4
Subtatala	Gravity	1,863	123.4
Subtotais	Forcemain	25	17.5
Total	Gravity & Forcemain	1,888	140.9

Table 2-6: CCTV Data Relevance



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2.3.2 Sewer Flushing

Sewer flushing programs are conducted each year to reduce the amount of sedimentation or debris buildup within the system. Certain sewers require cyclical flushing and have been deemed by the City as "hot spots". Hot spots may occur due to pipe condition or poor hydraulics or low flows resulting in unattained scour velocities. A total of 424 pipes are identified as hot spots as of 2022, as per the spreadsheet titled "cyclical_2022.xlsx" provided on December 21, 2022. Depending on the frequency of buildup and criticality of the sewer, flushing cycles ranges from every month to once a year. The number of pipes per cycle duration is illustrated in **Figure 2-11**, while the locations of these hot spots is shown in **Figure 2-12**. From the provided list, 2 IDs were not found in the received GIS or model data, including 2119659 and 107718, and are thus not rendered in **Figure 2-12**.



Figure 2-11: Number of Hot Spots per Flushing Cycle







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2.3.3 Infiltration/Inflow Estimation

The City estimates the amount of Inflow and Infiltration (I/I) entering the sanitary sewer system monthly and annually using a high-level calculation approach, where the estimated total volume of sewage considered "exiting" the Kitchener sewer system (treated at the WWTP or pumped to Waterloo from the Bridgeport SPS) is compared to the estimated volume of sewage generated based on collection fees paid by residents. The difference is assumed to represent the amount of I/I entering the sanitary sewer system. The City's analysis spreadsheet (titled *Sewer Water Comparison.xlsx* on September 21, 2021) was provided as part of this Integrated Sanitary Master Plan. The approach was reviewed and is summarized below.

• Total Retail Sewage Volume (TRSV) is estimated based on the amount paid by residents, divided by the cost per cubic meter:

TRSV (m³) = Total Sewage Cost (\$) / Unit Cost (\$/m³);

- Total Treated Sewage Volume (TTSV) treated at the WWTP is provided by the Region (m³);
- Total Pumped Sewage Volume (TPSV) leaving the system via the Bridgeport SPS is provided by the Region (assumed 41% of total value provided) (m³);
- Total I/I Volume (TIIV) is then estimated by adding the volumes treated or leaving the system via Bridgeport SPS and subtracting the Total Retail Sewage Volume

• TIIV (m³) = TTSV (m³) + TPSV (m³) – TRSV (m³)

- The percentage of infiltration is then calculated:
 - % I/I = TIIV (m³) / (TTSV + TPSV) (m³)

From January to July of 2021, this approach resulted in a range of 3.2% to 31.6% of sewage flows attributed to I/I entering the system each month with a 7-month average of 16.1%, as per the provided spreadsheet (data for the remaining months of 2021 was not provided). Since the amount of sewage collected is not metered but rather estimated based on a percentage of potable water consumed, this approach only provides a very high-level approximation of I/I within the system. It is also unknown whether it accounts for sewage flows that ultimately exit the system through Cambridge or Falconridge.

I/I is better estimated using flow monitoring data and model calibration, as completed as part of this Master Plan. The calibrated dry weather flow (DWF) groundwater infiltration (GWI) and wet weather flow (WWF) Total R, or volumetric runoff coefficient (%), suggest lower amounts of I/I entering the system within monitored areas. Volumetric runoff coefficients represent the volume of rainfall falling within the metershed that is captured and conveyed by the sewer system via inflow and infiltration sources, such as roof, foundation drains or catchbasin connections, inflow through maintenance hole covers (including perforated covers) as well as increased infiltration due to rainfall through leaky systems or joints.



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An average GWI rate of 0.029 L/s/ha is established for the areas draining to the Bridgeport SPS and the WWTP (representative of the contributing areas assessed as part of the City's I/I estimation), comprising 15.4% of the peak DWF exiting the system at these locations. This percentage it is only representative of the DWF portion of I/I and does not account for WWF I/I, as the I/I estimation analysis does. The WWF I/I is represented by the average volumetric runoff coefficient of 2.5% for the same contributing areas identified from the calibrated parameters. Neither the GWI rate or volumetric runoff coefficient parameters suggest high I/I within the system.

2.3.4 Rainfall and Flow Monitoring

Rainfall and flow monitoring programs are typically conducted within the City of Kitchener as part of sanitary sewer system hydraulic model updates, calibration and system performance assessment projects. The City maintains and operates two (2) permanent rain gauges (City Hall and Kitchener Operations Facility), and has no permanent flow monitors.

As part of the previous model update completed by AECOM in 2019, 15 temporary flow monitors were installed for a 3-month monitoring program from June to September of 2016, along with 5 additional temporary rain gauges. This data was used to calibrate and assess the system, forming the content of AECOM's *City of Kitchener Sanitary Sewer Model Update Final Report*, submitted December 12, 2019.

In 2021, the City engaged Stantec to complete this Integrated Sanitary Master Plan (ISAN-MP), which required a new rainfall and flow monitoring program to obtain more up-to-date data with which to recalibrate the model. A total of 20 temporary flow monitors and 5 temporary rain gauges were installed for another 3-month monitoring program from August to November of 2021. The locations of these meters and gauges can be found in **Figure 2-12**. Details of this program can be found in the ISAN-MP's **TM2 Sections 5.0** and **6.0**. The resulting calibration is documented in **Section 7.0** of that same TM.

2.3.5 Sanitary Hydraulic Model Updates & Maintenance

The all-pipe sanitary sewer system hydraulic model was originally developed in 2010 using Innovyze's InfoSWMM modelling software. This model was updated by AECOM using 2016 rainfall and flow monitoring data and incorporated infrastructure updates that had occurred since the original model development, as discussed in **Section 2.3.4**. AECOM's *City of Kitchener Sanitary Sewer Model Update Final Report* (2021) documents this process and the yielded system assessment results. It also recommends the City implement a survey program to obtain maintenance hole and pumping station data and improve the collection of pumping station SCADA data to fill in missing or erroneous data gaps observed.

Between 2019 and 2021, the City initiated the condition-based assessment of all City-owned sanitary pumping stations within Kitchener. R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited conducted these assessments and provided a Condition Assessment Report (CAR) for each station, which included the review of the pumping station's ECAs, wet well details, pumping station configurations, and in many cases, current pump capacities via drawdown tests.



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SCADA systems have been installed at all City-owned pumping stations, which collect wet well levels and pump ON/OFFs. This data can be relatively helpful in validating pumping station operation in the model, however, this information in conjunction with influent and discharge metering can provide a more accurate depiction of the pumping station operation for use in model validation.

The City then engaged Stantec in 2021 to complete this ISAN-MP and perform another model infrastructure update and calibration. Through discussions with the City and to be consistent with the City's stormwater model, the InfoSWMM hydraulic model was converted to Innovyze's InfoWorks ICM. ICM offers excellent data management and documentation options as well as robust engineering validation tools and queries that help to improve the quality of the model and results. The conversion of the InfoSWMM model into ICM however, identified substantial instabilities and engineering validation concerns, including hundreds of inconsistent profiles where downstream sewers were higher in elevation than upstream sewers, or in many cases, even found to be above ground. Many of these inconsistencies required resolution in order to stabilize the model enough to allow for successful simulations with limited instabilities and data spikes. These issues were resolved predominantly using inference due to the magnitude of inconsistencies observed. This assessment and the necessary fixes are documented in **Section 4.1.1** of the ISAN-MP's **TM2**. Once resolved, model updates were completed to integrate new infrastructure and upgrades undertaken between 2016 and 2021 based on the provided GIS data and Condition Assessment Reports. Calibration was then completed and documented in **TM2**.

The process of rainfall and flow monitoring, maintenance hole surveying and GIS database updates, pumping station SCADA data collection, and model updates and recalibration should be undertaken in regular intervals to best understand and preventatively identify system deficiencies.



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3.0 FUTURE CONDITIONS

The calibrated model detailed in TM2 is used as the basis of the future conditions system assessment and capacity-based solution development. Future conditions scenarios include the 2031 and 2051 horizons where growth is observed to occur as infill, intensification, and new developments. **Section 3.1** documents the infrastructure and flow updates completed for these scenarios.

No additional condition-based system assessment was completed for future conditions, as poor conditions cannot be accurately predicted based on current pipe condition. The current programs and program gaps discussed in **Section 2.3** remain applicable for future conditions.

3.1 MODEL UPDATES AND CAPACITY-BASED SYSTEM ASSESSMENT

The flow generation parameters for existing producers are maintained in future conditions. Parameters applied to areas of growth are described in **Section 3.1.1**. The boundary conditions applied in the existing conditions model are maintained for future conditions.

Infrastructure updates used in the model to assess the 2031 and 2051 future conditions sanitary sewer system from a capacity perspective are outlined in **Sections 3.1.2** and **3.1.4**, respectively. The resulting 2031 and 2051 capacity-based system performance based on the 25-year, 12-hr AES design storm event for sewers and the 10-year, 12-hr AES design event for pumping stations is discussed and illustrated in **Section 3.1.3** and **3.1.5**, respectively.

3.1.1 Future Conditions Flow Generation Parameters

The flow generation approach differs for infill, intensification, and new developments, as discussed in **TM2**. Calibrated DWF and WWF parameters from metersheds with either predominately residential or ICI characteristics were used in the future conditions flow generation, based on the type of growth anticipated. **Table 3-1** outlines the flow generation parameters applied for infill, intensification, and new development growth in the 2031 and 2051 scenarios.

Table 3-1: Infill,	, Intensification and New Development Flow Generation Parar	neters by
Land	Туре	-

Growth Type	Land Use Type	Applicable FM Metershed	Land Use	FM Per Capita (L/cap/d)	Wastewater Profile ¹	GWI Rate (L/s/ha)	RTK Hydrograph ²	Total R (%)
Infill &	Residential	FM13b	98% RES	225	16	N/A	N/A	N/A
Intensilication	ICI	FM20	99% ICI	232	20	N/A	N/A	N/A



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Growth Type	Land Use Type	Applicable FM Metershed	Land Use	FM Per Capita (L/cap/d)	Wastewater Profile ¹	GWI Rate (L/s/ha)	RTK Hydrograph ²	Total R (%)
New	Residential	FM13b	98% RES	225	16	0.022	New- RES(FM13b)	1.04%
Developments	ICI	FM20	99% ICI	232	20	0.026	New- ICI(FM20)	1.11%

NOTES:

1. Wastewater profile defines the per capita rate, and weekend and weekday diurnal patterns applicable to the flow metershed. See **Appendix F** of **TM2** for the applicable diurnal patterns.

2. RTK Hydrograph defines the R, T and K values used to generate RDII. See **Appendix F** of **TM2** for the applicable RTKs.

3.1.2 2031 Horizon Growth and Infrastructure Updates

The 2031 flow generation, boundary conditions, and infrastructure updates were applied as outlined in **Section 8.2.3** of **TM2**.

This includes increasing the total serviced population to approximately 589K from 339K in existing conditions based on the 50% build-out populations provided in the City's Parcel-People-Jobs (PPJ) file. Notably, this population forecast is greater than the actual population forecast for the City as a whole and is a result of over estimating individual growth areas in order to provide a level of conservatism in the growth forecasts. While growth forecasting for the City as a whole is considered relatively accurate, the location of that growth is more difficult to forecast and thus the data provided by the City accounts for some uncertainty as to the location of growth.

Additionally, the 2031 scenario incorporates the replacement of the Old Mill SPS with the New Old Mill SPS; the decommissioning of the Moore SPS and substitution for gravity conveyance to the Waterloo sewer system; as well as upgrades that are proposed at the Otterbein SPS and Spring Valley SPS. The Moore SPS is anticipated for decommissioning based on recent planning discussions between the City of Kitchener and the City of Waterloo. It requires the abandonment of the current pumping station, forcemain, and overflow through the adjacent Kitchener Mount Hope Cemetery lands, and redirection of flows through a new gravity sewer on Moore Ave draining north into the Waterloo sanitary sewer system. The Environmental Assessment study reports (EAs) for Otterbein and Spring Valley were provided and used to obtain the future conditions' capacities. All other pumping station setups are maintained from the existing conditions scenario. **Table 3-2** outlines the pumping station updates made for the 2031 scenario.

The City has indicated the potential for growth in the Hidden Valley area and noted the probable River Road extension. To represent the proposed development in this area, the parcels with population growth as determined from the provided PPJ file are not included in the model and are instead represented by a constant inflow of 91 L/s into the upstream end of the Wabanaki Trunk Sewer equivalent to the proposed peak flow rate outlined in the *Upper Hidden Valley Sanitary Pump Station and Forcemain Environmental Assessment (EA)* prepared by MTE Consultants Inc., dated May 25, 2022. The timeline of which has not been confirmed but is assumed for the 2031 and 2051 scenarios.



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Diameter information (no inverts) for the proposed upgrades along the *Wabanaki Trunk Sewer as per the Wabanaki Trunk Sewer Downstream Capacity Technical Memorandum* by MTE Consultants Inc., dated January 5th, 2023, were provided after the completion of the future condition's performance assessment and solution development. Thus, they are not included in the 2031 and 2051 scenarios at this time. The flows observed in the 2051 scenario, however, do not result in capacity constraints along the existing Wabanaki trunk infrastructure. The upgrades are likely proposed based on ultimate conditions, which are not achieved in the horizons assessed as part of this MP.

The proposed East Side Lands development was also reviewed for potential inclusion in the future conditions modelled. As per the *Region of Waterloo East Side Lands Sanitary Servicing Class Environmental Assessment Environmental Study Report* by Associated Engineering and dated November 2018, the recommended alternative includes installing a pumping station within the area and that directs the flows straight to the WWTP. This is not anticipated to interfere with the existing or proposed infrastructure capacity and thus, is not considered further.

The Biehn Drive sanitary trunk sewer extension is also not included in the future conditions modelling due to limited impact. The growth in this area is assumed accounted for in the provided PPJ file and allocated to the proposed trunk sewer extension connection point, as per the *Biehn Drive Sanitary Trunk Sewer Extension Sanitary Sewer Pre-design Technical Memorandum* by Sanchez Engineering Inc, dated October 26, 2021.

Pumping Station	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity Pump Operation	ECA Firm Capacity (L/s)	Additional Notes
Old Mill SPS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Decommissioned
New Old Mill SPS	150.0	150.0	2 Duty ON; 1 Standby OFF	Not Available	The firm capacity and pump/system curves are not provided in the Process Control Narrative (PCN); assume equivalent to rated capacity denoted in PCN ECA not yet available
Moore SPS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	To be decommissioned; Flows redirected via new gravity sewer north on Moore Ave to Waterloo sanitary sewer system
Otterbein SPS	165.0	165.0	Unknown	165.0	EA for proposed upgrades provided; notes 165 L/s design capacity

 Table 3-2: 2031 Updated Pumping Station Firm & Rated Capacities Based on Theoretical

 Operation



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Pumping Station	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity Pump Operation	ECA Firm Capacity (L/s)	Additional Notes
Spring Valley SPS	350.0	350.0	Unknown	245.0	Currently in design process to provide a near-term upgrade to SPS, increasing capacity to 350 L/s
					ECA to be updated with upgrades; current ECA allows for 245 L/s

Provisional additions to the pumping stations noted in their ECAs are considered when evaluating solutions, if applicable.

3.1.3 2031 Capacity-Based System Performance

The approach to the future conditions system assessment and criteria is consistent with that of the existing conditions system assessment, as described in **Section 2.1.5.1**. **Figure 3-1**, **Figure 3-2**, **Figure 3-3**, and **Figure 3-4** illustrate the modelled 2031 scenario HGL and surcharge results for the DWF, 5-year, 10-year, and 25-year events, respectively, and are presented with rendering as discussed in **Section 2.1.5.2**.

Based on the presented modelling results, no capacity constraints resulting in HGL issues are observed in the DWF conditions. Excluding siphons, forcemains or remaining inconsistent profiles, there are now five (5) locations where the pipes were found to be 85% full or greater in DWF conditions. Two (2) of these locations are consistent with those observed in existing conditions (as described in **Section 2.1.5.2**), while the remaining three (3) are described below. All five locations are not considered concerns with respect to capacity constraints in the system and do not result in HGL issues in the 25-year event.

- Three pipes (1x 300 mm diameter, 2x 200 mm diameter) along Seabrook Dr at Fischer Hallman Rd. Pipe running 85% full or greater due to a drop in pipe sizes from the 300 mm to 200 mm pipes. The next downstream pipe is a 300 mm diameter. Asset IDs include 2098781, 121209, and 121212;
- One twinned 200 mm pipe (Asset ID 2083719) along Robert Ferrie Dr just east of Southridge Dr. Due to a drop in pipe size from 375 mm to 200 mm on the main line (immediately draining to a single 375 mm pipe); and,
- One 600 mm pipe (Asset ID 103273) that connects the Manitou Dr sewers to the Lower Schneider trunk via Wabanaki Dr. Due to downstream trunk water level and connecting invert.

In the model, there are a total of 13,825 pipes. Among these, 2,088 pipes are classified as trunk sewers. These trunk sewers are defined as gravity pipes with diameters of 375 mm or larger, forcemains, and additional smaller pipes that connect these sewers to form the system's spinal network, as per consultations with the City. Approximately 81.2% (11,232 pipes), experience maximum velocities less than 0.6 m/s under DWF conditions. When examining solely the trunk sewers under DWF conditions, approximately 40.1% experience maximum velocities less than 0.6 m/s.



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Similar to DWF conditions, no capacity constraints resulting in HGL issues are observed in the 5-year storm event, other than the area upstream of the Shirley SPS and Dalewood Dr, which are discussed further below. There are nine (9) locations that experience pipes 85% full or greater during this event due to sewer capacity constraints (including the area upstream of Shirley SPS and on Dalewood Dr); three (3) of which see HGL issues in the 25-year event and are described below. The remaining six (6) locations are not considered a concern as HGL issues are not generated by these capacity constraints in the 25-year design event.

- Dalewood, 250 mm sewers experience backwater during the 5-year event and surcharging and HGL issues in the 5- and 25-year events. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-2);
- **Upstream of Shirley SPS**, HGL and surcharge issues are experienced in the 525 mm sewers in the 5- and 25-year events. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-8);
- **Upstream of Bridgeport SPS**, 450 mm and 525 mm sewers experience backwater during the 5year. HGL and surcharge issues are experienced in the 450 mm sewers in the 25-year events. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-10).

In the 25-year design event, one additional Problem Area (areas of observed sewer capacity constraints) is identified within the 2031 future conditions system. This area, in addition to those identified in existing conditions, is highlighted in **Figure 3-4** and described (**bolded**) in **Table 3-3**. Note that while this new problem area (SA-16) is identified in the figure, there are no HGL issues shown. This is because this problem area arises only when the upstream New Dundee SPS capacity is increased as part of solution development.

Figure 3-4 only shows the modelled results excluding solutions and thus, this is not evident. This area is however, accounted for in the problem area list, as it does require solutions. All other areas with HGL issues observed are representative of shallow sewers, or inconsistent profiles in local areas deemed to have minimal impact to the Master Plan.

Problem Area ID	Applicable Scenario(s)	Location	Capacity Constraint Description
SA-1 Upstream of King St SPS	Existing 2031	King St, east of River Rd E	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to undersized pipes. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.
SA-2 Dalewood	Existing 2031	Dalewood Dr and Penrose Ave	Risk of basement flooding (HGLs within 1.8 m of surface) due to undersized pipes along Dalewood Dr.
SA-3 Upstream of Spring Valley SPS	Existing 2031	Spring Valley SPS off of Riverbend Dr	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to downstream capacity constraints at the Spring Valley SPS. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.

Table 3-3: 2031 Future Conditions Sanitary Sewer Problem Areas



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Problem Area ID	Applicable Scenario(s)	Location	Capacity Constraint Description	
SA-6 Homer Watson	Existing 2031	Homer Watson Blvd	Risk of basement flooding along Kingswood Dr and Flint Dr due to undersized pipes within the private ICI property and on Homer Watson Blvd. HGLs within 1.8 m of surface on Alpine Rd and Homer Watson Blvd with low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.	
SA-7 Sandrock Trunk	Existing 2031	Highland Rd W and Fischer-Hallman Rd	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to undersized pipes along Highland Rd W. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.	
SA-8 Upstream of Shirley SPS	Existing 2031	Shirley Dr and Victoria St N	Risk of basement flooding and surface flooding along Shirley Dr due to downstream capacity constraints at the Shirley SPS. HGLs within 1.8 m of surface on Victoria St N with low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.	
SA-10 Upstream of Bridgeport SPS	Existing 2031	Bridge St E between Bloomingdale Rd and Grand Ave	Risk of basement flooding on Bridge St E due to downstream capacity constraints at the Bridgeport SPS. Risk of PS flooding.	
SA-16 Downstream of New Dundee SPS	2031	Robert Ferrie Dr	Risk of basement flooding along Mossgrove Dr and Monarch Woods Dr due to undersized pipes on Robert Ferrie Dr.	

Additionally, the 10-year incoming peak flows are compared to the pumping station's firm, rated and ECA capacities to determine performance or approval issues. The following **Table 3-4** presents these results, along with the 25-year peak incoming flows for reference. The ECA, firm and rated capacities surpassed by the 10-year incoming flow are rendered in **red**, illustrating the pump stations that do not meet criteria in this scenario. The 10-year flows draining to the Bridgeport SPS, New Dundee SPS, and Shirley SPS in the 2031 future conditions scenario exceed their firm and rated capacities. The 10-year incoming flow to Bridgeport SPS, New Dundee SPS, and Spring Valley SPS also exceed their current ECA approved rates. Note that the Bridgeport SPS and Spring Valley SPS are owned by the Region of Waterloo and not the City of Kitchener.

Similarly to existing conditions, the pumping stations are rendered in **Figure 3-3** and **Figure 3-4** based on the whether the 10-year and 25-year flows, respectively, exceed the pumping station's ECA, firm or rated capacities in 2031 conditions. See figure legends for details.



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Pumping Station	10-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	25-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	ECA Capacity (L/s)	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Notes
Apple Tree SPS	47.2	56.3	50.0	66.0	66.0	
Bancroft SPS	4.6	5.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	
Bridgeport SPS*	176.7	216.4	136.0	136.0	136.0	
Carson SPS	38.7	53.8	N/A	66.9	66.9	No ECA available
Chandos SPS	7.4	9.6	30.0	27.0	27.0	
Conestoga College SPS	4.5	5.2	50.0	47.5	47.5	
Falconridge SPS	16.0	18.5	118.0	45.5	45.5	
Homer Watson SPS	133.5	145.9	310.0	314.0	314.0	
King St SPS	150.6	185.4	290.0	176.0	176.0	
Manchester SPS	168.7	217.7	240.0	240.0	240.0	
Moore SPS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Decommissioned in 2031 scenario
New Dundee SPS	70.6	89.1	56.0	56.0	56.0	
Old Mill SPS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Decommissioned and replaced by New Old Mill SPS in 2031 scenario
Otterbein SPS	61.0	72.8	165.0	165.0	165.0	EA for proposed upgrades provided; notes 165 L/s design capacity
Oxford SPS	31.5	41.4	N/A	49.0	49.0	No ECA available
Patricia SPS	3.7	4.6	N/A	23.5	23.5	No ECA available
Pioneer Tower SPS	84.4	94.5	125.1	70.0	70.0	Pump station upgraded
River Birch SPS	9.3	12.5	17.3	19.0	19.0	
Shirley SPS	223.3	231.7	378.0	207.0	207.0	
Spring Valley SPS*	264.7	331.9	245.0	350.0	350.0	ECA to be updated with upgrades; current ECA allows for 245 L/s
Springmount SPS	113.0	136.8	205.5	162.0	162.0	
Stoke SPS	70.4	77.1	473.0	196.0	196.0	

Table 3-4: 2031 Future Conditions Pumping Station Performance



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Pumping Station	10-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	25-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	ECA Capacity (L/s)	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Notes		
Woolner SPS	90.3	109.1	115.2	136.0	136.0			
Nathalie SPS	15.5	17.9	148.0	98.0	98.0			
New Old Mill SPS	62.2	71.5	N/A	150.0	150.0	No ECA available		
Notes:								
* Bridgeport SPS and Spring Valley SPS are owned by the Region of Waterloo								

3.1.4 2051 Horizon Growth and Infrastructure Updates

The 2051 flow generation, boundary conditions, and infrastructure updates were applied as outlined in **Section 8.2.4** of **TM2** and **Section 3.1.2** above.

This includes increasing the total serviced population to approximately 761K from 589K in 2031 future conditions based on the 75% build-out populations provided in the City's Parcel-People-Jobs (PPJ) file. Notably, this population forecast is greater than the actual population forecast for the City as a whole and is a result of over estimating individual growth areas in order to provide a level of conservatism in the growth forecasts. While growth forecasting for the City as a whole is considered relatively accurate, the location of that growth is more difficult to forecast and thus the data provided by the City accounts for some uncertainty as to the location of growth.

Additionally, the 2051 scenario incorporates a further proposed upgrade at the Spring Valley SPS, as per the provided EA study report. All other pumping station setups are maintained from the existing conditions scenario. **Table 3-5** outlines the pumping station updates made for the 2051 scenario. All other infrastructure and pumping station upgrades are maintained from the 2031 future conditions scenario (refer to **Section 3.1.2** for details).

Table 3-5: 2051 Updated Pumping	Station Firm & Rated	I Capacities Based	on Theoretical
Operation			

Pumping Station	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity Pump Operation	ECA Firm Capacity (L/s)	Additional Notes
Spring Valley SPS	470.0	470.0	Unknown	245.0	Currently in EA process to upgrade SPS to an ultimate buildout capacity of 470 L/s ECA to be updated with upgrades; current ECA allows for 245 L/s



















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3.1.5 2051 Capacity-Based System Performance

The approach to the future conditions system assessment and criteria is consistent with that of the existing conditions system assessment, as described in **Section 2.1.5.1**. **Figure 3-5**, **Figure 3-6**, **Figure 3-7**, and **Figure 3-8** illustrate the modelled 2051 scenario HGL and surcharge results for the DWF, 5-year, 10-year, and 25-year events, respectively, and are presented with rendering as discussed in **Section 2.1.5.2**.

Based on the presented modelling results, no capacity constraints resulting in HGL issues are observed in the DWF conditions. Excluding siphons, forcemains or remaining inconsistent profiles, there are now seven (7) locations where the pipes were found to be 85% full or greater in DWF conditions. Five (5) of these locations are consistent with those observed in the 2031 scenario conditions (as described in **Section 3.1.3**), while the remaining two (2) are described below. All seven locations are not considered concerns with respect to capacity constraints in the system and do not result in HGL issues in the 25-year event.

- One 300 mm diameter pipe (Asset ID 101338) that connects the Dreger Ave sewers to the Ottawa trunk via Graber PI. Pipe running 85% full or greater due to downstream trunk water level and connecting invert; and,
- One 300 mm pipe (Asset ID 100033) along Fairway Rd S just upstream of the sewer that conveys flow through a private ICI property. Due to a drop in pipe size from 375 mm to 300 mm and a flat slope of 0.03%.

The model comprises a total of 13,825 pipes, with 2,088 of these classified as trunk sewers. Under DWF conditions, around 79.2% (10,950 pipes) have maximum velocities less than 0.6 m/s. Focusing on the trunk sewers under DWF conditions, we find that about 36.1% experience maximum velocities less than 0.6 m/s.

Similar to DWF conditions, no capacity constraints resulting in HGL issues are observed in the 5-year storm event, other than the area upstream of the Shirley SPS, Dalewood Dr, King St, and Homer Watson Blvd, which are discussed further below. There are nine (11) locations that experience pipes 85% full or greater during this event due to sewer capacity constraints; five (5) of which see HGL issues in the 25-year event and are described below. The remaining seven (7) locations are not considered a concern as HGL issues are not generated by these capacity constraints in the 25-year design event.

- Dalewood, 250 mm sewers experience backwater during the 5-year event and surcharging and HGL issues in the 5- and 25-year events. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-2);
- **Upstream of Shirley SPS**, HGL and surcharge issues are experienced in the 525 mm sewers in the 5- and 25-year events. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-8);
- **Upstream of Bridgeport SPS**, 450 mm and 525 mm sewers experience backwater during the 5year. HGL and surcharge issues are experienced in the 450 mm sewers in the 25-year events. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-10);



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- **King St**, HGL and surcharge issues are experienced in the 300 mm sewers in the 5- and 25-year events. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-1)
- Homer Watson Blvd, 250 mm sewers experience backwater during the 5-year event and surcharging and HGL issues in the 5- and 25-year events. This location is defined as an existing conditions problem area (SA-6).

In the 25-year design event, one additional Problem Area (areas of observed sewer capacity constraints) is identified within the 2051 future conditions system. This area, in addition to those identified in existing conditions, are highlighted in **Figure 3-8** and described (**bolded**) in **Table 3-6**. Similarly to SA-16 identified in 2031 conditions, while this new problem area (SA-9) is identified in the figure, there are no HGL or surcharge issues shown. This is because this problem area arises only when the upstream Shirley SPS capacity is increased as part of solution development. **Figure 3-8** only shows the modelled results excluding solutions and thus, this is not evident. This area is however, accounted for in the problem area list, as it does require solutions. All other areas with HGL issues observed are representative of shallow sewers, or inconsistent profiles in local areas deemed to have minimal impact to the Master Plan.

Problem Area ID	Applicable Scenario(s)	Location	Capacity Constraint Description	
SA-1 Upstream of King St SPS	Existing 2031 2051	King St, east of River Rd E	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to undersized pipes. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.	
SA-2 Dalewood	Existing 2031 2051	Dalewood Dr and Penrose Ave	Risk of basement flooding (HGLs within 1.8 m of surface) due to undersized pipes along Dalewood Dr.	
SA-3 Upstream of Spring Valley SPS	Existing 2031 2051	Spring Valley SPS off of Riverbend Dr	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to downstream capacity constraints at the Spring Valley SPS. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.	
SA-6 Homer Watson	Existing 2031 2051	Homer Watson Blvd	Risk of basement flooding along Kingswood Dr and Flint Dr due to undersized pipes within the private ICI property and on Homer Watson Blvd. HGLs within 1.8 m of surface on Alpine Rd and Homer Watson Blvd with low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.	
SA-7 Sandrock Trunk	Existing 2031 2051	Highland Rd W and Fischer-Hallman Rd	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to undersized pipes along Highland Rd W. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.	

Table 3-6: 2051 Future Conditions Sanitary Sewer Problem Areas



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Problem Area ID	Applicable Scenario(s)	Location	Capacity Constraint Description	
SA-8 Upstream of Shirley SPS	Existing 2031 2051	Shirley Dr and Victoria St N	Risk of basement flooding and surface flooding along Shirley Dr due to downstream capacity constraints at the Shirley SPS. HGLs within 1.8 m of surface on Victoria St N with low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.	
SA-10 Upstream of Bridgeport SPS	Existing 2031	Bridge St E between Bloomingdale Rd and Grand Ave	Risk of basement flooding on Bridge St E due to downstream capacity constraints at the Bridgeport SPS. Risk of PS flooding.	
SA-16 Downstream of New Dundee SPS	2031 2051	Robert Ferrie Dr	Risk of basement flooding along Mossgrove Dr and Monarch Woods Dr due to undersized pipes on Robert Ferrie Dr.	
SA-9 Downstream of Manchester SPS	2051	Southeast of Manchester Dr/ River Rd E Intersection	HGLs within 1.8 m of surface due to undersized pipes downstream of the Manchester SPS. Low risk of basement flooding as no building connections are anticipated along these sewers.	

Additionally, the 10-year incoming peak flows are compared to the pumping station's firm, rated and ECA capacities to determine performance or approval issues. The following **Table 3-7** presents these results, along with the 25-year peak incoming flows for reference. The ECA, firm and rated capacities surpassed by the 10-year incoming flow are rendered in **red**, illustrating the pump stations that do not meet criteria in this scenario. The 10-year flows draining to the Bridgeport SPS, New Dundee SPS, and Shirley SPS in the 2051 future conditions scenario exceed their firm and rated capacities. The 10-year incoming flow to Apple Tree SPS, Bridgeport SPS, New Dundee SPS, and Spring Valley SPS also exceed their current ECA approved rates. Note that the Bridgeport SPS and Spring Valley SPS are owned by the Region of Waterloo and not the City of Kitchener.

Table 3-7: 2051 Future Conditions Pumping Station Performance

Pumping Station	10-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	25-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	ECA Capacity (L/s)	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Notes
Apple Tree SPS	51.8	60.9	50.0	66.0	66.0	
Bancroft SPS	4.6	5.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	
Bridgeport SPS*	179.0	224.4	136.0	136.0	136.0	
Carson SPS	39.7	59.1	N/A	66.9	66.9	No ECA available
Chandos SPS	7.7	9.9	30.0	27.0	27.0	
Conestoga College SPS	5.7	6.4	50.0	47.5	47.5	
Falconridge SPS	16.4	18.9	118.0	45.5	45.5	
Homer Watson SPS	139.1	151.4	310.0	314.0	314.0	



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Pumping Station	10-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	25-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	ECA Capacity (L/s)	Firm Capacity (L/s)	Rated Capacity (L/s)	Notes
King St SPS	161.8	195.2	290.0	176.0	176.0	
Manchester SPS	176.9	225.9	240.0	240.0	240.0	
Moore SPS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	To be decommissioned
New Dundee SPS	75.4	93.9	56.0	56.0	56.0	
Old Mill SPS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Previously decommissioned
Otterbein SPS	69.0	80.7	165.0	165.0	165.0	EA for proposed upgrades provided; notes 165 L/s design capacity
Oxford SPS	32.0	41.9	N/A	49.0	49.0	No ECA available
Patricia SPS	3.7	4.6	N/A	23.5	23.5	No ECA available
Pioneer Tower SPS	86.7	95.8	125.1	70.0	70.0	Pump station upgraded
River Birch SPS	9.3	12.5	17.3	19.0	19.0	
Shirley SPS	225.1	232.6	378.0	207.0	207.0	
Spring Valley SPS*	279.2	345.3	245.0	470.0	470.0	ECA to be updated with upgrades; current ECA allows for 245 L/s
Springmount SPS	121.4	145.1	205.5	162.0	162.0	
Stoke SPS	75.4	82.0	473.0	196.0	196.0	
Woolner SPS	91.7	110.6	115.2	136.0	136.0	
Nathalie SPS	17.9	20.2	148.0	98.0	98.0	
New Old Mill SPS	62.8	72.1	N/A	150.0	150.0	No ECA available
Notes: * Bridgeport SPS and S	Spring Valley S	PS are owned	by the Region	of Waterloo		

Similarly to existing and 2031 conditions, the pumping stations are rendered in **Figure 3-7** and **Figure 3-8** based on the whether the 10-year and 25-year flows, respectively, exceed the pumping station's ECA, firm or rated capacities in 2051 conditions. See figure legends for details.



















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3.2 CLIMATE CHANGE

Climate change IDF curves from the available IDF Climate Change (CC) Tool are used to establish factors that increase the 25-year AES, 12-hour design storm rainfall intensities to account for climate change (herein identified as the 25-year + CC event), which is then used to test the system for sensitivity. These factors are based on historical trends and widely accepted climate models included within the IDF CC Tool. The Waterloo Wellington A rain gauge data is used in conjunction with IDF CC Tool's CMIP6 All Models option under SSP5.85 conditions, which represents a prediction of 8.5 W/m² of radioactive forcing by 2100 (the most conservative concentration scenario available; Simonovic, S.P., A. Schardong, R. Srivastav, and D. Sandink (2015), IDF_CC Web-based Tool for Updating Intensity-Duration-Frequency Curves to Changing Climate - ver 6.5, Western University Facility for Intelligent Decision Support and Institute for Catastrophic Loss Reduction, open access https://www.idf-cc-uwo.ca). While the Kitchener City Eng 2 RG is closer in proximity to the city than the Waterloo Wellington A RG, the Waterloo RG offers a larger and thus more reliable historical dataset (33 years' worth) to base the prediction on than the Kitchener City RG (13 years' worth of data) and was therefore selected for this analysis. The resulting predicted rainfall data, however, represents a 67% increase in total rainfall volume and intensity from the current Kitchener City Eng 2 for the same return period and duration, which is considered excessively conservative. Running this event resulted in significant worsening and extension of already identified capacity constraints. Typically, climate change predictions results in rainfall increases closer to 20% from current design storms for the same RG. Therefore, the 25-year AES, 12-hour design storm rainfall timeseries was simply increased by 20% and used as the 25-year + CC event. These climate change model results are used to test the sensitivity of the proposed solutions and is therefore presented in Section 4.3.2 below.

3.3 FUTURE CONDITION-BASED SYSTEM ASSESSMENTS

With ongoing CCTV and condition-based data collection programs, the City can continue to identify required asset renewals based on CCTV scores of 4 or higher and the other criteria outlined in **Section 2.2.1**.

3.4 FUTURE SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DATA COLLECTION AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

It is our understanding that the City intends to continue collecting sewer condition data, rainfall and flow monitoring data, and conducting sewer and hot spot flushing, I/I estimations and hydraulic model updates. **Section 4.0** discusses recommended modifications to the current programs or frequencies to improve the results of the City's efforts, as part of this Integrated Sanitary Master Plan.

Additionally, the Region of Waterloo has engaged KEB Engineering & Project Management to review opportunities in implementing a heat recovery program, where the thermal energy generated from wastewater temperatures in trunk sewers is harnessed and used to power nearby facilities and buildings.


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Opportunities are identified based on the magnitude of flows observed, which translates into the amount of potential heat recovery. The City of Kitchener has expressed interest in implementing a temperature monitoring system while performing standard system maintenance and other data collection programs. Once trends are established, this information can be considered when upgrading or designing new sanitary sewer subsystems to increase heat recovery potential. Data collection provides a good start in the implementation of a heat recovery program, but must be paired with community, city planning, and developer engagement for successful implementation, as these facilities must be properly fitted to harness the benefits of this program. Thus, the implementation of a heat recovery program is not included in the alternative solutions as the data collection programs required to initiate this process are inherently included in this ISAN-MP, following which, stakeholder engagement would be required.



ALTERNATIVE SOLUTIONS March 18, 2024

4.0 ALTERNATIVE SOLUTIONS

The alternative solutions are assessed following Approach 2 of the Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (MCEA, or EA) process, which includes the completion of both Phases 1 and 2, where the requirements for Schedule B projects are fulfilled within the scope of this ISAN-MP. The alternative solutions are not only intended to resolve capacity-based and condition-based concerns within the sanitary trunk sewer system, but also provide the City with recommendations to improve their data collection and mitigation programs, delivering a holistic approach to the Master Plan.

The solutions assessed are broken down into four (4) separate alternatives, which can be combined to provide an overall solution plan for the City. These four alternatives include the following and are described in detail in **Sections 4.1** to **4.4** below.

- Alternative 1 Do Nothing
- Alternative 2 Shaping Community Growth
- Alternative 3 Infrastructure Updates
- Alternative 4 Data Acquisition, Flow Monitoring, and I/I Mitigation Programs

4.1 ALTERNATIVE 1 – DO NOTHING

The Do Nothing alternative for capacity-based and condition-based concerns, as well as data collection and mitigation programs does not align with the City's strategy for the Integrated Sanitary MP and thus has been screened out from the EA process.

4.2 ALTERNATIVE 2 – SHAPING COMMUNITY GROWTH

Community growth results in an increase in sanitary flows in the downstream system and can therefore lead to the creation or worsening of sanitary sewer capacity constraints. Community growth can thus be shaped to limit negative impacts to the downstream system by encouraging growth in available areas that drain to portions of the system that can handle the additional flows without restriction. Sewer upgrades can however be implemented if needed to allow for the upstream growth to occur, if the required upgrades are reasonable in cost, benefit, and extent. This review is most valuable on a trunk level, as local pipe restrictions can be resolved relatively easily. Based on existing conditions, 2031 and 2051 system assessment results, there are no significant concerns with trunk sewer capacity within the sanitary system, other than the Sandrock trunk and some of the larger pumping stations (Shirley SPS and New Dundee SPS) which can be resolved with relatively minor upgrade requirements. Proposed infrastructure solutions is further discussed in **Section 4.3**.

Growth reviews should occur regularly to confirm that no major restrictions arise in the future. The best approach to accomplish this is to continue to regularly engage in Master Planning updates where infrastructure upgrades are incorporated along with potential growth predictions.



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4.3 ALTERNATIVE 3 – INFRASTRUCTURE UPDATES

Infrastructure update alternatives consist of both capacity and condition-based upgrades and are recommended to resolve system capacity restrictions and degrading sewer conditions. These solutions are discussed in the following sections.

4.3.1 Capacity-Based Solutions

Solutions to the identified capacity constraints outlined in **Section 2.1.5.2**, **3.1.3** and **3.1.5** are sized based on the following criteria, where feasible, as per the City of Kitchener Development Manual (Summer 2021), the Region of Waterloo and Area Municipalities Design Guidelines for Supplemental Specifications for Municipal Sewers (DGSSMS; January 2021) and were discussed with the City:

- Depth of flow to diameter (d/D) ratio is no higher than 80% in DWF conditions (lower d/D ratios may be considered in trunks to facilitate maintenance activities);
- Full flow velocity is appropriate to provide scour and peak flow velocity is less than the maximum allowable (0.8 m/s > v > 3 m/s);
- No HGL issues observed due to capacity constraints in the 25-year AES design event; and,
- Pumping stations have adequate firm capacity to convey the 10-year AES peak flows, and do not experience overflows in events smaller than the 25-year AES storm event.

The proposed solutions are designed based on the criteria outlined below, as per the Development Manual and DGSSMS, as referenced above.

Parameter	Design Value
Minimum Sewer Size (mm)	200
Minimum Sewer Slope (%)	Based on MECP Guidelines to achieve minimum flow velocity of 0.8 m/s
Minimum Drop Across Maintenance Holes (cm)	3 - 6
Minimum Cover (m)	2.8
Minimum Vertical Clearance at Sewer Crossings (m)	0.5

The proposed solutions are presented in **Table 4-1** below, along with the estimated Opinion of Probable Cost (OPC) per solution. Solutions include both linear infrastructure upgrades and pumping station upgrades and are listed by their Project ID (CB-#, where CB refers to Capacity-Based solutions).

The solutions are ordered based on a high-level assessment of priority, which predominately focuses on prioritizing solutions that are required in the near-term to resolve issues experienced in existing conditions, medium-term to resolve issues that are triggered under 2031 conditions, and long-term to resolve issues that are triggered in 2051. Within each horizon however, the prioritization is assumed equal.



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The OPCs are considered Class D estimates (+/- 25-30%) and are provided based on 2022 dollars. These costs and have been rounded to the nearest thousand. These OPCs can be used to help inform the City's budgeting process that occurs every 4 years. Thus, all near-term projects should be included within this year's budget, while all 2031 and 2051 solutions should be accounted for in future budgets, if still found to be required based on forthcoming Master Plan updates.

In most cases, the required solutions are simple in nature, in that only a few pipe segment upgrades within City-owned Right-of-Way (ROW) or easement property are required to reduce HGLs below 1.8 m from surface. Pumping station capacity constraints are typically resolved by replacing an existing pump or adding pump(s) where provisional allowances already exist. Thus, alternative solutions are not explored for most areas as limited variations of these solutions exist and would only be less cost effective. There are however, two (2) locations where alternative infrastructure upgrade solutions are explored due to property ownership restrictions. These include Dalewood (CB-2) and Homer Watson (CB-3). Their alternatives are presented in the following table.

Three (3) sewer and pumping station capacity-based problem areas are not addressed with proposed solutions as their capacity concerns are generated by restrictions at either the Spring Valley SPS or the Bridgeport SPS. Both pumping stations are owned and operated by the Region of Waterloo and not the City of Kitchener and are thus not included in the following project list. A solution for problem area SA-10 defined in **Section 2.1.5.2** is also not proposed, as it is a result of the capacity constraints at the Bridgeport SPS.

The following **Figure 4-1** illustrates the locations of these proposed solution pipes and pump station upgrades. The 2051 future conditions 25-year HGL and surcharge results with solutions implemented are illustrated in **Figure 4-2**. Refer to **Appendix B** for further solution details, including close-up plan views and profiles of each of the proposed solutions.



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Table 4-1: Existing and Future Conditions Capacity-Based Sewer Solutions

Project ID	Relevant Problem Area ID	Scenario Triggered	Solution Description	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	Contingenc y Allowance (30%)	Engineering Allowance (20%)	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
CB-1: Upstream of King St SPS	SA-1	Existing (Near-Term Priority)	Replacement of 2 lengths of sewer - upsize from 300 mm diameter to 375 mm diameter sewer	\$499,000	\$149,700	\$129,740	\$32,435	\$810,875	\$811,000
CB-2: Dalewood SA-2 (Near-Te Priority	Existing	Alternative A - Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer on Dalewood one upgrade to 300 mm and two upgrade to 375 mm, and 2 lengths of sewer on Penrose upgraded to 300 mm diameter	\$765,920	\$229,776	\$199,139	\$49,784	\$1,244,620	\$1,245,000	
	5A-2	Priority)	Alternative B - Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer on Dalewood, 2 lengths of sewer on Penrose and one length of sewer through the easement - all pipes upgraded to 300 mm diameter	\$900,000	\$270,000	\$234,000	\$58,500	\$1,462,500	\$1,463,000
CB-3: Homer Watson	B-3: Homer Watson SA-6 (Near-Term Priority)		Alternative A – Replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Homer Watson due to capacity, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on comm. property due to capacity/condition, replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Alpine due to capacity/condition, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on Flint due to capacity, replacement of 1 length of sewer on Kingswood due to condition.	\$2,445,443	\$733,633	\$635,815	\$158,954	\$3,973,845	\$3,974,000
			Alternative B - Replacement of 5 lengths of sewer upstream of commercial property with 675 mm diameter sewer and replacement of 7 lengths of sewer downstream of	\$2,306,418	\$691,925	\$599,669	\$149,917	\$3,747,929	\$3,748,000

Project ID	Relevant Problem Area ID	Scenario Triggered	Solution Description	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	Contingenc y Allowance (30%)	Engineering Allowance (20%)	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
			commercial property with 300 mm diameter sewer						
CB-4: Sandrock Trunk	SA-7	Existing (Near-Term Priority)	Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer - upsizing from 675 mm diameter to 750 mm diameter sewer	\$1,448,000	\$434,400	\$376,480	\$94,120	\$2,353,000	\$2,353,000
CB-5: Shirley SPS	SA-8	Existing (Near-Term Priority)	Increase PS capacity to 378 L/s firm capacity - project involves addition of pumps to accommodate higher flows ECA update not required	\$285,760	\$85,728	\$74,298	\$18,574	\$464,360	\$- (Upgrade to be paid for by Township of Woolwich)
CB-6: New Dundee SPS	New Dundee SPS - Capacity Constraint (Table 2-4)	2031 (Medium- Term Priority)	Increase PS capacity to 75 L/s firm capacity – project involves addition of pumps to accommodate higher flows ECA update required	\$477,336	\$143,201	\$124,107	\$31,027	\$775,671	\$776,000
CB-7: Robert Ferrie	Downstrea m of New Dundee SPS	2031 (Medium- Term Priority)	Replacement of 1 length of sewer downstream of New Dundee FM discharge to 375mm diameter	\$495,550	\$148,665	\$128,843	\$32,211	\$805,269	\$805,000
CB-8: Manchester	SA-9	2051 (Long- Term Priority)	Replacement of 2 lengths of sewer to 825mm diameter downstream of Shirley and Manchester SPS discharge	\$693,015	\$207,905	\$180,184	\$45,046	\$1,126,149	\$1,126,000
Totals			\$10,316,442	\$3,094,933	\$2,682,275	\$670,568	\$16,764,218	\$16,301,000	











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4.3.1.1 Alternatives Review

As mentioned in **Section 4.3.1**, alternative solutions are not explored for most problem areas as limited variations of these simpler solutions exist. There are however, two (2) locations where alternative infrastructure upgrade solutions are explored due to property ownership restrictions. These include Dalewood (CB-2) and Homer Watson (CB-3). Their alternatives are detailed and evaluated in the following **Table 4-2**.

Evaluation Element	Alternative A	Alternative B				
	Dalewood					
Project ID	CB-2					
Location	Dalewood Dr, Penrose Ave					
Description	Capacity upgrades (1 x 300 mm pipes, and 2 x 375 mm) on Dalewood Dr and (2 x 300 mm) on Penrose Ave. Avoids upgrade through pathway between Dalewood Dr and GRCA lands.	Capacity upgrade (6 x 300 mm pipe) on Dalewood Dr, on Penrose Ave, and through pathway between Dalewood Dr and GRCA lands. Majority of segment is within City-owned easement with 3.5 m of sewer in GRCA lands.				
Opinion of Probable Cost ¹	\$1,245,000	\$1,463,000				
Pros	 Avoids easement/private property upgrades resulting in fewer permitting requirements Reduces HGL concerns in Dalewood area 	 Eliminates HGL concerns throughout the area Easement pipe upgrade can be done simultaneously to scheduled adjacent storm pipe upgrade Meets cover, drop across MHs and velocity requirements 				
Cons	 Does not eliminate HGL concern at corner of Dalewood and pathway easement due to shallow downstream pipe Does not meet cover, drops across MHs or velocity requirements due to shallow downstream pipe 	 Requires pipe construction through easement. 				
Recommendation	Alternative B – Due to the scheduled adjace the ability to meet the design criteria, and the system, Alternative B is recommended, as p	nt storm pipe upgrade through this easement, e resulting hydraulic performance in the sanitary er the City's preference.				

Table 4-2: Alternatives Evaluation



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Evaluation Element	Alternative A	Alternative B
	Homer Watson	
Project ID	CB-3	
Location	Homer Watson Blvd, Flint Dr, Alpine Rd, Ha	nson Ave
Description	Replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Homer Watson due to capacity, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on commercial property due to capacity/condition, replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Alpine due to capacity/condition, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on Flint due to capacity, replacement of 1 length of sewer on Kingswood due to condition.	Inline storage (3 x 675 mm pipes) on Flint Dr and Alpine Rd to avoid pipe upgrades through private commercial property. Capacity upgrades (7 x 300 mm pipes) on Homer Watson Blvd and Hanson Ave downstream of private property
Opinion of Probable Cost ¹	\$3,974,000	\$3,748,000
Pros	 Smaller pipe sizes required Achieves requirements for cover, drops across MHs and velocity, except at upstream-most and downstream-most solution pipes 	 Avoids upgrades in private property Achieves requirements for drops across MHs and velocity
Cons	 Requires upgrades in private property 	 Does not achieve cover requirements due to inverts of private property pipes, however, cover is > 1.8 m, which at least does not result in 'shallow' sewers, as defined in Section 2.1.5.2, where HGLs are always within typical basement depths
Recommendation	Alternative A – Due to condition of the sewer preferred, which also achieves the minimum (2.8 m).	rs in commercial private property, Alternative A is cover requirement as per the Design Guidelines
1. As per Opinion	of Probable Cost discussed in Section 4.3.1.	

As the table above indicates, Alternative B is recommended for Dalewood problem area and Alternative A is recommended for Homer Watson problem area. The total recommended budgetary estimate for all proposed solutions, including only the recommended alternatives for CB-2 and CB-3, is \$16,301,000, as per Table 4-1 of Section 4.3.1.

Another mitigation measure that should be considered involves reviewing building permits in the problem areas. This would generally apply to areas that are industrial or commercial in nature as these structures generally do not have basements. Review of these areas would identify if there are any existing basements and, if the area lacks any basements, the City may consider prohibiting the construction of basements on new structures. This may eliminate the need for upgrades which are triggered by surcharging at less than 1.8 meters from the surface.



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4.3.2 Capacity-Based Solutions Sensitivity

As discussed in **Section 3.2**, a 20% increase to the 25-year 30% AES design storm event rainfall is used to generate the climate change/stress-test event (herein referred to as CC). This event was then used to test the sensitivity of proposed capacity-based solutions as defined in **Section 4.3.1** under the 2051 growth scenario. As anticipated, the higher intensity/volume rainfall results in the expansion of some (5) existing problem areas and the development of several (7) new problem areas. The sensitivity of the proposed solutions for each problem area is documented in the following **Table 4-3** which also includes the list of new problem areas and the estimated magnitude of solution required to solve the HGL concerns observed in the climate change event. Sensitivities are presented in red font and categorized by **Minor Sensitivity** and **Significant Sensitivity**, where minor sensitivities would require minor, simple upgrades to resolve, while significant sensitivities would require major, more complex upgrades. The climate change results are illustrated in **Figure 4-3**.

Problem Area	Existing vs. New Problem Area	Solutions Sensitivity in Climate Change Event	Trunk vs. Local	Comments
SA-1 Upstream of King St SPS	Existing	Not sensitive	Local	
SA-2 – Alt B Dalewood	Existing	Minor Sensitivity	Local	Capacity constraint and upstream backwater (300 mm pipe D/S of Dalewood Dr in easement & GRCA property)
SA-3 Upstream of Spring Valley SPS	Existing	Not sensitive	Trunk	
SA-6 – Alt A Homer Watson	Existing	Minor Sensitivity	Local	Capacity constraint and backwater on sewers, including pipes on private property
SA-7 Sandrock Trunk	Existing	Significant Sensitivity	Trunk	Backwater and HGL issues on trunk & local sewers requiring significant additional upgrade(s), including pipes on private properties
SA-8 Upstream of Shirley SPS	Existing	Not sensitive	Trunk	
SA-16 Downstream of New Dundee SPS	Existing	Not sensitive	Local	

Table 4-3: Climate Change Impacts to Proposed Solutions



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Problem Area	Existing vs. New Problem Area	Solutions Sensitivity in Climate Change Event	Trunk vs. Local	Comments
SA-9 Downstream of Manchester SPS	Existing	Significant Sensitivity	Trunk	Shallow & flat pipes restrict current solution; would require several additional upgraded and dropped sewer lengths
CC-SA-1 Brentwood Ave	New	Minor Sensitivity	Local	Backwater and HGL issues on local sewers requiring minor upgrades
CC-SA-2 Upstream of Conestoga Siphon	New	Significant Sensitivity	Trunk	Significant upgrades required along trunk (includes PKWY crossing); tied with solutions required downstream of Conestoga Siphon (CC-SA-3)
CC-SA-3 Downstream of Conestoga Siphon	New	Minor Sensitivity	Trunk	Significant upgrades required along trunk; tied with solutions required upstream of Conestoga Siphon (CC-SA-2)
CC-SA-4 Guerin/Jansen	New	Minor Sensitivity	Local	Backwater and HGL issues on local sewers requiring minor upgrades
CC-SA-5 Conestoga PKWY	New	Significant Sensitivity	Trunk	Significant upgrades required to reduce backwater and HGL issues on trunk & local sewers; includes PKWY crossing Separate (upstream) from CC-SA-2 & CC- SA-3
CC-SA-6 Highview Dr	New	Significant Sensitivity	Local	Significant upgrades required to reduce backwater and HGL issues on local sewers upstream of Sandrock (SA-7), including pipes on private properties
CC-SA-7 Upstream of Bridgeport SPS	New	Significant Sensitivity	Trunk	SPS upgrades required to eliminate SPS flooding and resulting upstream backwater and HGL issues
Note: "CC-SA-#" refe addition to the previou	rs to new sar Isly identified	nitary problem areas of capacity-based "SA" s	oserved due solutions.	e to climate change ("CC") impacts only, i.e., in

While some sensitivities are observed, no changes or additional proposed solutions are recommended at this time considering the uncertainty involved with not only climate change predictions, but also accurate growth predictions for the 2051 horizon. Alternatives regarding additional/continual data acquisitions, flow monitoring and I/I mitigation programs can help reduce sensitivities in these areas instead. See **Section 4.4** for further discussions on Alternative 4.







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4.3.3 Condition-Based Solutions

As discussed in **Section 2.2**, the CCTV scores provided in the City's asset management data were used to define sewers in poor condition and thus identify those considered for asset renewal. A total of 108 gravity sewers were found to have CCTV scores of 4 or greater and fall within the other defined criteria (see **Section 2.2.1**, equating to 7.1 km of sewer length. These sewers are compiled into 78 renewal projects based on proximity, and are documented in **Table 4-4** by Project ID, where "AR" refers to Asset Renewal. Their relevant Problem Area IDs are also included in the table for easy reference to **Table 2-5** in **Section 2.2.2**, along with the estimated Opinion of Probable Cost per project.

The solution projects are ordered based on the criticality associated with the current CCTV score (higher scores warrant higher prioritization). If CCTV scores are equal, the prioritization is assumed equal. The solution projects are also ordered from trunk to local sewer. All sewer asset renewal projects are identified for near-term solution development (2024 - 2027). For the condition-based sewer projects, the repair required is uncertain as the work is solely based on a CCTV score. Hence, the corrective action could be a simple spot repair on one section of pipe, relining of the pipe, or it could be a full pipe replacement. Therefore, the cost estimates were calculated for all three scenarios with a suggested budget amount between the high and low amounts based on 75% of the cost range. Ongoing data acquisition programs discussed in **Section 4.4** will be used to continually update this list for medium- and long-term asset renewal scheduling.

In addition to the recommended sewer asset renewal projects, the proposed sanitary pumping station asset renewals from RJ Burnside's Conditions Assessment Reports have been incorporated, along with updated OPCs for the City's budgeting purposes, compiled in **Table 4-5**. The budget for the sanitary pumping station asset renewals was adjusted by the City, thus the adjusted budget per City direction is also presented in the table. Moreover, SCADA systems upgrades due to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) requirements was needed for some of the sanitary pumping station as part of the capital projects. **Table 4-6** compiles the SPS with SCADA systems upgrades along with updated OPCs for the City's budgeting purposes.

The OPCs are considered Class D estimates (+/- 25-30%) and are provided based on 2022 dollars. These OPCs can be used to help inform the City's budgeting process that occurs every 4 years. Thus, all near-term projects should be included within this year's budget. The total recommended budgetary estimates for sewer asset renewals totals approximately \$38,033,200, while the pumping station asset renewals adjusted per City direction equates to roughly \$2,233,300, and the pumping station SCADA system update totals approximately \$1,678,000; the overall total is \$48,547,200.

Refer to Figure 2-10 for the locations of these Asset Renewal projects.



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Table 4-4: Sewer Asset Renewal Projects (Near-Term)

Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-1	AC-4	Ottawa St N, Dreger Ave, Graber Pl	19x 675 mm sewers on Ottawa St N, Dreger Ave, and Graber Pl between Old Chicopee Dr and just upstream of Conestoga Pkwy	101611, 101612, 101365, 101366, 101367, 101368, 101335, 101339, 101340, 101341, 101342, 101350, 101351, 101352, 101850, 101851, 101852	Trunk	5	\$2,747,000	\$137,350	\$2,884,350	\$2,884,400
AR-2	AC-7	Rock Ave	1x 525 mm sewer at the end of Rock Ave through private ICI property located between Belmont Ave W and the throughway behind the ICI buildings	105256	Trunk	5	\$395,000	\$19,750	\$414,750	\$414,800

Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-3	AC-5	Greenbrook Dr	2x 375 mm sewers on Greenbrook Dr between Birchcliffe Ave to just north of Stonybrook Dr	108513, 108404	Trunk	4.5	\$595,000	\$29,750	\$624,750	\$624,800
AR-4	AC-1	Vanier Dr	1x 375 mm sewer through easement between Vanier Dr and Clark Ave	118182	Trunk	4.1	\$267,000	\$13,350	\$280,350	\$280,400
AR-5	AC-6	Greenbrook Dr	Downstream of AC-8; 1x 900 mm sewer on Greenbrook Dr within Stirling Ave S intersection	107730	Trunk	4.1	\$336,000	\$16,800	352800	\$352,800
AR-6	AC-2	Westforest Trl	1x 375 mm sewer on Westforest Trl between Westmeadow Dr and Hidden Creek Dr	110504	Trunk	4	\$322,000	\$16,100	338100	\$338,100
AR-7	AC-3	Bankside Dr	1x 450 mm sewer on Bankside Dr between Golden Terrace Crt and Eastforest Trl	109989	Trunk	4	\$279,000	\$13,950	\$292,950	\$293,000
AR-8	AC-8	West of Connaught Pl	1x 400 mm sewer in easement between Connaught PI and Conestoga Pkwy	100263	Trunk	4	\$646,000	\$32,300	\$678,300	\$678,300



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-9	AC-11	Highbrook Ct	1 x 200 mm sewer on Highbrook Ct between Fisher- Hallman Rd and Highbrook St	119059	Local	5	\$303,000	\$15,150	\$318,150	\$318,200
AR-10	AC-13	Woolwich St	1 x 200 mm sewer on Woolwich St between Hillcrest Ln and Bridle Trail	110889	Local	5	\$486,000	\$24,300	\$510,300	\$510,300
AR-11	AC-38	Overlea Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Overlea Dr and Overlea Crescent	108477	Local	5	\$391,000	\$19,550	\$410,550	\$410,600
AR-12	AC-20	Block Line Rd	1 x 200 mm sewer on Northmanor Crescent between Resurrection Dr and University Ave W	108196	Local	5	\$418,000	\$20,900	\$438,900	\$438,900
AR-13	AC-23	Conestoga Pkwy Onramp	1 x 200 mm sewer on Conestoga Pkwy Onramp between Courtland Ave E and Conestoga Pkwy	107094	Local	5	\$781,000	\$39,050	\$820,050	\$820,100
AR-14	AC-46	Highland Crescent	1 x 250 mm sewer on Highland Crescent between Highland Rd and Westmount Rd	106442	Local	5	\$361,000	\$18,050	\$379,050	\$379,100



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-15	AC-25	Spring Valley SPS	1 x 250 mm incoming pipe North of Spring Valley SPS	105863	Local	5	\$322,000	\$16,100	\$338,100	\$338,100
AR-16	AC-26	Cameron St N	1 x 200 mm sewer on Cameron St N between Duke St E and Weber St E	104745	Local	5	\$491,000	\$24,550	\$515,550	\$515,600
AR-17	AC-28	McLeod Ct	1 x 200 mm sewer at the intersection of McLeod Ct and Biehn Dr	103960	Local	5	\$241,000	\$12,050	\$253,050	\$253,100
AR-18	AC-29	Gateway Park Dr	3 x 300 mm sewer on Gateway Park Dr between Sportsworld Dr and Tu-Lane St	103769, 103770, 103771	Local	5	\$1,462,000	\$73,100	\$1,535,100	\$1,535,100
AR-19	AC-55	Old Mill Rd	1 x 300 mm sewer on Old Mill Rd between Sydenham St and Pinnacle Dr	103117	Local	5	\$486,000	\$24,300	\$510,300	\$510,300
AR-20	AC-59	Lower Canada Crescent	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Lower Canada Crescent and Upper Canada Dr	102928	Local	5	\$180,000	\$9,000	\$189,000	\$189,000
AR-21	AC-62	Heritage Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer on Heritage Dr between Keewatin Ave and Lorraine Ave	102226	Local	5	\$437,000	\$21,850	\$458,850	\$458,900



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-22	AC-65	King St E	1 x 200 mm sewer on King St E between Sydney St S and Ottawa St S	101278	Local	5	\$527,000	\$26,350	\$553,350	\$553,400
AR-23	AC-70	Broadview Ave	1 x 250 mm sewer on Broadview Ave between Broadview Ct and Shuh Ave	100776	Local	5	\$352,000	\$17,600	\$369,600	\$369,600
AR-24	AC-72	Greenfield Ave	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Greenfield Ave and Kingsway Dr	100602	Local	5	\$451,000	\$22,550	\$473,550	\$473,600
AR-25	AC-76	Traynor Ave	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Wilson Ave and Traynor Ave	100075	Local	5	\$399,000	\$19,950	\$418,950	\$419,000
AR-26	AC-53	Manitou Dr	2 x 250 mm sewer on Manitou Dr between Fairway Rd S and Webster Rd	103436, 100040	Local	5, 4	\$997,000	\$49,850	\$1,046,850	\$1,046,900
AR-27	AC-35	Driftwood Dr	1 x 200 mm sewer on Driftwood Dr between Parkland Crescent and Toynbee Crescent	109901	Local	4.5	\$442,000	\$22,100	\$464,100	\$464,100



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-28	AC-39	Stonybrook Dr	1 x 225 mm sewer on Stonybrook Dr between Village Crescent and Sweetbriar Dr	108398	Local	4.5	\$441,000	\$22,050	\$463,050	\$463,100
AR-29	AC-45	Selkirk Ct	1 x 200 mm sewer on Selkirk Ct between Selkirk Dr and Geneva Crescent	107224	Local	4.5	\$395,000	\$19,750	\$414,750	\$414,800
AR-30	AC-9	Richmond Avenue	1 x 250 mm sewer on Richmond Avenue between Water St S and David St	2002189	Local	4	\$247,000	\$12,350	\$259,350	\$259,400
AR-31	AC-10	Huck Crescent	1 x 200 mm sewer on Huck Crescent between Udvari Crescent and Keller Crescent	119495	Local	4	\$297,000	\$14,850	\$311,850	\$311,900
AR-32	AC-12	Deep Ridge Dr	1 x 200 mm sewer on Deep Ridge Dr between Candle Crescent and Grand Hill Dr	118447	Local	4	\$579,000	\$28,950	\$607,950	\$608,000
AR-33	AC-32	Alpine Rd	1 x 250 mm sewer on Alpine Rd between Kingswood Dr and Homer Watson Blvd	118286	Local	4	\$369,000	\$18,450	\$387,450	\$387,500



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-34	AC-33	Hollinger Crescent	1 x 250 mm sewer on Hollinger Crescent between Bridge St E and Dumart Pl	111001	Local	4	\$423,000	\$21,150	\$444,150	\$444,200
AR-35	AC-14	Northmanor Crescent	1 x 200 mm sewer on Northmanor Crescent between Resurrection Dr and University Ave W	110709	Local	4	\$336,000	\$16,800	\$352,800	\$352,800
AR-36	AC-15	Windward Pl	1 x 250 mm sewer on Windward Pl between Keller Crescent and Westforest Trail	110658	Local	4	\$425,000	\$21,250	\$446,250	\$446,300
AR-37	AC-34	Stoke Dr	1 x 200 mm sewer on Stoke Dr between Wexford Crescent and Monarch Woods	110577	Local	4	\$444,000	\$22,200	\$466,200	\$466,200
AR-38	AC-16	Westforest Trail	1 x 200 mm sewer on Westforest Trail between Shadyridge PI and Beechcroft PI	110528	Local	4	\$461,000	\$23,050	\$484,050	\$484,100
AR-39	AC-17	Dawn Ridge Dr	1 x 200 mm sewer Dawn Ridge Dr on between Westmeadow Dr and Westforest Trail	110522	Local	4	\$406,000	\$20,300	\$426,300	\$426,300



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-40	AC-36	Fisher- Hallman Rd	1 x 250 mm sewer on Fisher-Hallman Rd between Highland Rd W and Queen's Blvd	108906	Local	4	\$544,000	\$27,200	\$571,200	\$571,200
AR-41	AC-37	Westheights Dr	1 x 300 mm sewer through private property located on Westheights Dr	108878	Local	4	\$654,000	\$32,700	\$686,700	\$686,700
AR-42	AC-40	Barberry Pl	1 x 225 mm sewer on Barberry Pl between Westmount Rd and Forest Hill Dr	108347	Local	4	\$412,000	\$20,600	\$432,600	\$432,600
AR-43	AC-18	Marlis Crescent	1 x 200 mm sewer on Marlis Crescent between Bleams Rd and Erinbrook Dr	108258	Local	4	\$216,000	\$10,800	\$226,800	\$226,800
AR-44	AC-19	Highbrook St	1 x 200 mm sewer on Highbrook St between Highbrook St and Westmount Rd E	108216, 108203	Local	4	\$679,000	\$33,950	\$712,950	\$713,000
AR-45	AC-21	Ristau Crescent	1 x 200 mm sewer on Ristau Crescent between Highbrook Crescent and Dinison Crescent	108056	Local	4	\$557,000	\$27,850	\$584,850	\$584,900



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-46	AC-41	Sandsprings Crescent	2 x 200 mm sewer on Sandsprings Crescent between Devonglen Dr and Sandsprings Ct	107604, 107656	Local	4	\$503,000	\$25,150	\$528,150	\$528,200
AR-47	AC-42	Cherry Hill Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer on Cherry Hill Dr between Coach Hill Dr and Murrayhill Ct	107321	Local	4	\$232,000	\$11,600	\$243,600	\$243,600
AR-48	AC-43	Coach Hill Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer on Coach Hill Drbetween Cherry Hill Dr and Block Line Rd	107318	Local	4	\$607,000	\$30,350	\$637,350	\$637,400
AR-49	AC-44	Coach Hill Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer on Coach Hill Dr between Cherry Hill Dr and Homer Watson Blvd	107306	Local	4	\$371,000	\$18,550	\$389,550	\$389,600
AR-50	AC-22	Ottawa St S	1 x 200 mm sewer on Ottawa St S between McLennan Park Gate and Strasburg Rd	107118	Local	4	\$406,000	\$20,300	\$426,300	\$426,300
AR-51	AC-24	Bedford Rd	2 x 200 mm sewer on Bedford Rd between Sydney St S and Schneider Creek	106954, 106955	Local	4	\$341,000	\$17,050	\$358,050	\$358,100



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-52	AC-47	Paulander Dr	2 x 250 mm sewer on Paulander Dr between Victoria St S and Lawrence Ave	106329, 106334	Local	4	\$552,000	\$27,600	\$579,600	\$579,600
AR-53	AC-48	Weichel St	1 x 250 mm sewer on Weichel St between Belton Dr and Karn St	106299	Local	4	\$444,000	\$22,200	\$466,200	\$466,200
AR-54	AC-49	Belmont Ln W	1 x 250 mm sewer on Belmont Ln W between Claremont Ave and Argyle St	106083	Local	4	\$458,000	\$22,900	\$480,900	\$480,900
AR-55	AC-50	Union Blvd	1 x 250 mm sewer on Union Blvd between Earl St and Severn Ave	106063	Local	4	\$319,000	\$15,950	\$334,950	\$335,000
AR-56	AC-51	Guelph St	1 x 250 mm sewer parallel to the Spur Line Trail and connect to Guelph St sewer	105106	Local	4	\$409,000	\$20,450	\$429,450	\$429,500
AR-57	AC-27	Breithaupt St	1 x 200 mm sewer on Breithaupt St between Moore Ave and Waterloo St	104435	Local	4	\$252,000	\$12,600	\$264,600	\$264,600



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-58	AC-52	Wheatfield Crescent	1 x 200 mm sewer on Wheatfield Crescent between Pathfinder Crescent and Bechtel Dr	103885	Local	4	\$226,000	\$11,300	\$237,300	\$237,300
AR-59	AC-54	Upper Canada Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer through private residential property located between Farrier Dr and Upper Canada Dr	103415	Local	4	\$405,000	\$20,250	\$425,250	\$425,300
AR-60	AC-56	Old Mill Rd	1 x 200 mm sewer on Old Mill Rd between Mill Park Dr and Rose St	103108	Local	4	\$346,000	\$17,300	\$363,300	\$363,300
AR-61	AC-57	Arrowhead Crescent	2 x 250 mm sewer on Arrowhead Crescent between Homer Watson Blvd and Green Valley Dr	103052, 103053	Local	4	\$508,000	\$25,400	\$533,400	\$533,400
AR-62	AC-58	Green Valley Dr	1 x 250 mm sewer on Green Valley Dr between Pioneer Dr and Arrowhead Crescent	103041	Local	4	\$401,000	\$20,050	\$421,050	\$421,100



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-63	AC-30	Brembel St	1 x 200 mm sewer through private residential complex located between Brembel St and Ottawa St N	102507	Local	4	\$308,000	\$15,400	\$323,400	\$323,400
AR-64	AC-31	Denlow St	1 x 200 mm sewer on Denlow St between Brembel St and Rose Garden St	102499	Local	4	\$301,000	\$15,050	\$316,050	\$316,100
AR-65	AC-60	Dumfries Ave	1 x 225 mm sewer on Dumfries Ave between Chapel St and Krug St	102355	Local	4	\$479,000	\$23,950	\$502,950	\$503,000
AR-66	AC-61	Heritage Dr	1 x 200 mm sewer on Heritage Dr between Lorraine Ave and Oakhurst Crescent	102231	Local	4	\$574,000	\$28,700	\$602,700	\$602,700
AR-67	AC-63	Nipigon St	1 x 250 mm sewer on Nipigon St between Nipigon Pl and Georgian St	102207	Local	4	\$576,000	\$28,800	\$604,800	\$604,800
AR-68	AC-64	Burbank Rd	1 x 200 mm sewer on Burbank Rd between Conestoga Pkwy and Ada St	101738	Local	4	\$295,000	\$14,750	\$309,750	\$309,800



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-69	AC-66	Wyandotte Ct	1 x 250 mm sewer in Morrison Park between Wyandotte Ct and Oneida Pl	100995	Local	4	\$499,000	\$24,950	\$523,950	\$524,000
AR-70	AC-67	Morrison Road	1 x 250 mm sewer on Morrison Road between Quinte Crescent and Grand River Blvd	100981	Local	4	\$204,000	\$10,200	\$214,200	\$214,200
AR-71	AC-68	Morrison Road	2 x 200 mm sewer on Morrison Road between mm sewer between Quinte Crescent and Grand River Blvd	100972, 100973	Local	4	\$699,000	\$34,950	\$733,950	\$734,000
AR-72	AC-69	Burgetz Ave	1 x 250 mm sewer on Burgetz Ave between River Rd E and Thaler Ave	100921	Local	4	\$343,000	\$17,150	\$360,150	\$360,200
AR-73	AC-71	Siebert Ave / Courtland Ave E	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Siebert Ave and Courtland Ave E	100628	Local	4	\$283,000	\$14,150	\$297,150	\$297,200
AR-74	AC-73	Broadmoor Ave	1 x 200 mm sewer at the intersection of Broadmoor Ave and Clark Ave	100324	Local	4	\$340,000	\$17,000	\$357,000	\$357,000



Project ID	Asset Conditio n ID	Project Name	Project Description	Pipe Asset IDs	Sewer	Average CCTV Score	Estimated Opinion of Probable Cost	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommende d Budgetary Estimate
AR-75	AC-74	Hillmount St	1 x 250 mm sewer at the intersection of Hillmount St and Shelley Dr	100304	Local	4	\$226,000	\$11,300	\$237,300	\$237,300
AR-76	AC-75	Carrol St	1 x 250 mm sewer on Carrol St between Connaught St and Greenfield Ave	100146	Local	4	\$304,000	\$15,200	\$319,200	\$319,200
AR-77	AC-77	Hazen Glen Dr / Ingleside Dr	2 x 250 mm sewer on Hazen Glen Dr and Ingleside Dr	110736, 110759	Local	4, 5	\$311,000	\$15,550	\$326,550	\$326,600
AR-78	AC-78	Union St	2 x 225 mm sewer on Union St	104911, 106005	Local	4	\$699,000	\$34,950	\$733,950	\$734,000
			\$36,220,000	\$1,811,000	\$38,031,000	\$38,033,200				
Total							\$38,033,200			

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Table 4-5: Sanitary Pumping Station Asset Renewal Projects

Horizon	Budget from the RJ Burnside's Conditions Assessment Reports	Budget adjusted per City Direction		
Short Term Projects (2024 - 2027)	\$3,902,008	\$444,000		
Medium Term Projects (2028 - 2031)	\$5,390,522	\$1,193,000		
Long Term Projects (2032 - 2051)	-	\$596,259		
Total	\$9,292,600	\$2,233,300		

Table 4-6: Sanitary Pumping Station Scada System Upgrades

Pumping Station	Estimated Opinion of Probable Construction Cost (Base Year 2022)	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommended Budgetary Estimate
Apple Tree SPS	\$157,985	\$7,899	\$165,884	\$166,000
Bancroft SPS	\$11,673	\$584	\$12,257	\$12,000
Carson SPS	\$11,673	\$584	\$12,257	\$12,000
Chandos SPS	\$283,778	\$14,189	\$297,967	\$298,000
Conestoga College SPS	\$157,985	\$7,899	\$165,884	\$166,000
Falconridge SPS	\$299,308	\$14,965	\$314,273	\$314,000
King Street SPS	\$88,203	\$4,410	\$92,614	\$93,000
New Dundee SPS	\$11,673	\$584	\$12,257	\$12,000
Oxford SPS	\$124,839	\$6,242	\$131,081	\$131,000
Patricia SPS	\$72,332	\$3,617	\$75,948	\$76,000
River Birch SPS	\$157,985	\$7,899	\$165,884	\$166,000
Springmount SPS	\$11,673	\$584	\$12,257	\$12,000

Pumping Station	Estimated Opinion of Probable Construction Cost (Base Year 2022)	City Staff Time Allowance (5%)	Total Cost	Recommended Budgetary Estimate
Stoke SPS	\$33,801	\$1,690	\$35,491	\$35,000
Shirley SPS	\$11,673	\$584	\$12,257	\$12,000
Woolner SPS	\$164,684	\$8,234	\$172,918	\$173,000
			Total	\$1,678,000

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4.4 ALTERNATIVE 4 – DATA ACQUISITION, FLOW MONITORING AND I/I MITIGATION PROGRAMS

4.4.1 Sanitary Trunk Sewer & Forcemain Condition Data Acquisition Program

As discussed in **Sections 2.2** and **4.3.3**, the City provided their latest CCTV datasets (current up to August 2022) for review and to establish condition-based (asset renewal) sanitary projects. Through correspondence with the City, it was determined that the previously provided Total Wastewater Priority Assessment Score (TWPAS) data should not be relied upon due to redundancy with CCTV data scoring and vintage of the TWPAS scoring methodology and dataset. While the review of CCTV data helps establish the asset renewal project list (**Section 4.3.3**), it also supports the opportunity for the City to review, revamp and focus City's CCTV program based on priority assets.

As discussed in **Section 2.3.1**, innovative methodologies are available for inspecting forcemains, such as the SmartBall technology, which consists of a tethered inspection tool that travels with the flow of the pipe while simultaneously collecting data. This technology can be used to understand pipe condition, detect leaks, and validate existing GIS data, and is a viable technique for forcemain condition data collection as part of this program.

Additional criteria are applied to establish a list of trunk sewers and forcemains within the system that or have outdated condition datasets. Stantec has reviewed the available CCTV data with focus on sanitary gravity sewers and forcemains to provide the City with near-term, medium-term and long-term CCTV data acquisition needs through their Sanitary Trunk Sewer CCTV Program. The City provided additional near-term projects for local sewers. The following criteria relate to the review and categorization of the available CCTV data to establish program priorities:

- For gravity pipes, only trunks are included, which is defined by sewers with diameters 375 mm and greater, with gaps filled in to include the full sewer "leg".
- All forcemains in the pipe network are included.
- Only pipes and forcemains with Kitchener or Dual City & Region ownership categories are considered.
- Near-term Pipe Replacements/Relining are considered if CCTV scores are greater than or equal to 4, and the pipe is not already scheduled for a Capacity-Based Project, or Reconstruction/Relining (as defined by the City per December 7, 2022 correspondence).
- CCTV Scores include the updated Structural Grades (where 4 or greater) completed as part of the Ottawa Street Sanitary Trunk Sewer Condition Assessment and Rehabilitation Recommendation report, dated November 2022.
- CCTV Data is considered Outdated & requires Near-Term Action if:
 - Pipe Age >= 25yrs OR Unknown & Last CCTV >= 6yrs ago OR Unknown
- CCTV Data is considered Outdated & requires Medium-Term Action if:
 - Pipe Age >= 25yrs old OR Unknown & Last CCTV < 6yrs ago



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- Pipe Age >= 6yrs old but < 25yrs & Last CCTV >= 6yrs ago
- CCTV Data is considered Outdated & requires Long-Term Action if:
 - Pipe Age >= 6yrs old but < 25yrs & Last CCTV < 6yrs ago
 - Pipe Age < 6yrs old
- Outdated CCTV data is defined as CCTV data that is greater than 6yrs old. This is because the CCTV data will be 10 years old at the end of a 4-year multi-year budget cycle, which is considered outdated by municipalities of similar scale.

The result of the programmatic CCTV data review is provided in **Table 4-7**, indicating near-term CCTV investigation for 919 gravity pipes (66.7 km) and 9 forcemain pipes (6.7 km).

Refer to **Appendix C** for a list of all pipes recommended for near-, medium-, and long-term CCTV data acquisitions.



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Table 4-7: Conditions Data Review

Project Type	Proposed Horizon	Conduit Type	Condition Score	Status	Clay/ Asbestos Material	Total No. of Pipes	Total Length of Pipes (km)	No. of Project Pipes	Total Project Length (km)
Pipe Replacements/ Relining	Near-term (4yrs)	Gravity	$4 \le \text{CCTV} \le 5$	N/A	N/A	104	6.9	104	6.9
		Forcemain	$4 \leq \text{CCTV} \leq 5$	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	-
Data Acquisition	Near-term (4yrs)	Gravity	CCTV < 4	CCTV Outdated	N	1,863	123.4	648	48.2
	Near-term (4yrs)				Y			271	18.5
	Medium-term (5-8yrs)				N			631	38.6
	Medium-term (5-8yrs)				Y			74	4.7
	Long-term (>8yrs)				N			236	13.4
	Long-term (>8yrs)				Y			3	0.0
	Near-term (4yrs)	Forcemain	Condition < 4	Outdated	N	25	17.5	8	6.1
	Near-term (4yrs)				Y			1	0.6
	Medium-term (5-8yrs)				N			14	10.5
	Medium-term (5-8yrs)				Y			-	-
	Long-term (>8yrs)				N			2	0.4
	Long-term (>8yrs)				Y			-	-



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Based on industry standards within Southwestern Ontario, the cost for CCTV investigation, including precleaning (flushing), is conservatively estimated at \$6.00 per meter. The associated cost for the near-term CCTV program works as outlined above is provided in **Table 4-8**. With a total 4-year program budget estimate of \$1,317,000, and the annualized program budget for near-term CCTV and Smartball technology programs is estimated present in **Appendix D**.

Table 4-8: Data Acquisition

		Total length (m)	Estimated Cost (\$/m)	Recommended Budgetary Estimate ¹	
Trunk Sewer Condition Assessment	CCTV for all trunk sewers (>375 mm dia.) for pipes which are greater than 25 yrs age. CCTV cycle is every 10 yrs.	\$66,700	\$6.00	\$541,000	
Forcemain Condition Assessment	SmartBall technology for all forcemains which are greater than 25 yrs age. SmartBall technology cycle is every 10 yrs.	-	-	\$776,000 ²	
	\$1,317,000				
*Does not include hot sp					
1- Includes contingency					
2- Cost is generated bas completed on all 5 as or					














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4.4.2 Infiltration/Inflow Reduction & Mitigation Programs

The infiltration and inflow (I/I) of extraneous stormwater and groundwater sources into sanitary sewers can overwhelm conveyance capacity and can be a significant cause of surcharge leading to premature pipe deterioration, system backups, basement flooding, and overflows, which can result in unnecessary and significant operating costs for conveying and treating excess groundwater and stormwater and take away capacity that was planned and designed to accommodate future growth. To date, the City of Kitchener has not had a high degree of capacity-related issues in the system and thus measures to address I/I were taken reactively as required in focused areas of the system. Aging infrastructure, illicit cross-connections with the surface, storm sewer or riverine systems, and changes in weather patterns can all contribute to the observed increasing trend in extraneous flow reaching the treatment plant. The total 4-year I/I reduction and mitigation program budget estimate is \$3,175,000, with an annualized program budget present in **Appendix D**.

Best in Class municipalities follow the best practices recently outlined in the Guideline to Developing an Efficient and Cost-Effective Inflow and Infiltration (I/I) Reduction Program: A Foundational Document (Robinson, B., and Sandink, D. 2021) as available on the Standards Council of Canada website: https://www.scc.ca/en/system/files/publications/Norton-ICLR-SCC_-_Efficient_and_Cost_Effective_I-I Reduction Programs - 2021 EN.pdf. This outlines the base components required to develop an I/I Program, which should be established through development of an I/I Strategy, to define the vision, objectives, program drivers, and alignment to Corporate initiatives, through review and holistic evaluation of inter-departmental operations, opportunities and co-benefits, Comprehensive I/I Programs are synergistically tied to other municipal infrastructure programs such as asset renewal (replacement and/or rehabilitation), capital works planning, operational improvements, and growth management/capacity assurance programs. Establishing, maintaining, and sustaining a successful strategy thus means securing long-term capacity while monitoring and assuring the structural condition of the assets is maintained. On-going data collection, performance monitoring, enforcement of design and construction standards, sewer integrity/condition assessment, hydraulic performance assessments, and overall data management and analytics are all fundamental components within a sustaining and optimized I/I Program.

The long-term vision for a functional I/I Program is tied to digital transformation and implementing Smart City initiatives that are driven by data integration and analytics, which provides for a connected & insightful workforce, enhanced ability to abstract, share, and visualize information, improved ability to analyze and interpret data, and better-informed decision making and program/project execution.

Short-term funding is proposed to develop the I/I Strategy to define the I/I Program, with supporting annual budgetary allowance to initiate and establish the program elements. This program is supported by the proposed Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Program, Hydraulic Model Update & Maintenance Program, and Sanitary Trunk Sewer CCTV Program. It is envisioned that one Full Time Equivalent (FTE) staff member will be required to manage/oversee the establishment of this program including the companion Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Program. A shared FTE is also proposed to support the planning, analysis, and execution of the I/I Program and Rainfall & Flow Monitoring Program.



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4.4.3 Rainfall and Flow Monitoring

While the City has a history of collecting rainfall data and flow monitoring programs, these programs have been completed on an as-needed basis and there has not been an overarching plan for targeting or prioritizing monitoring sites or monitoring protocols from which to derive consistency in the work contracted out and the quality and organization of the data received. To support long-term data trending in keeping with the goal of proactive system management, a formal Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Program is recommended for the Sanitary and Stormwater Utilities Division. This program is intended to manage all the rainfall and flow monitoring equipment and contracts, and strategically plan, coordinate, and manage the data collection activities that are fit-for-purpose to support the various Business Drivers and Stressors impacting the existing and future collection system. These include Hydraulic Model maintenance, Infiltration and Inflow Reduction/Mitigation, Operations and Maintenance activities/frequencies, Operational Alarming/Emergency Response/Forensic evaluation, Capital Project planning and design, Asset Management, and Growth Management Planning.

Funding is allocated to the near-term initiation and formalization of a program strategy, to identify the drivers and stressors, complementary program needs/benefits, monitoring scale, type, coverage and priorities, data management needs, and overarching priorities and standards. An annual allowance for this program is based on similar municipal investments scaled to the size of Kitchener. This program is anticipated to be under the same management/oversight and technical support FTEs as noted in the new I/I Program. The near-term Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Program budget estimate is \$1,850,000, with an annualized program budget present in **Appendix D**.

4.4.4 Sanitary Hydraulic Model Updates & Maintenance

Best in Class utilities use hydraulic modelling as a key element of their capital planning, operations, and management decision-making activities. Appropriate investment is required in the continual maintenance and upkeep of this important assessment tool. As was noted through the hydraulic model build, calibration, and assessment phases that, while the model is 'all-pipe', it has been updated and calibrated at the trunk level based on the limited flow monitoring coverage available through this project. As such, this represents a functional tool for the master planning level, that should be continuously updated and refined based on priority of needs in the areas where no monitoring coverage was available and in the local system. Model maintenance activities will include items such as Physical Network Improvements (based on drawing review, asset data findings, and field investigations), Validation and/or Recalibration (based on ongoing Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Program data collection), and Annual Updates (to reflect changes due to sewer construction or pump station operation, and updates based on population growth/new developments).

The model update and maintenance should incorporate a strategy for the integration of new construction, development approvals, and updated community planning and growth assumptions into the model. This approach is designed to enhance the model's accuracy in representing future conditions, thereby enabling more informed and strategic decision-making.



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An annual allowance for model update and maintenance activities has been defined for initial budgeting purposes, for the systematic and continual update and application of the hydraulic modelling tool. It is recommended that the City undertake annual updates to the model to incorporate new construction, development approvals, updated community planning and growth assumptions into the model. It is assumed this program will be undertaken within the current team of the Sanitary and Stormwater Utilities Division of the Infrastructure Services Department.

Recommended budgetary costs associated with the above noted programs for the near-term estimate is \$804,000, with an annualized program budget present in **Appendix D**.

4.4.5 Hydrogen Sulfide Monitoring Program

In sewer systems where anaerobic conditions are present, sulfate-reducing bacteria reduce sulfate to hydrogen sulfide (H₂S), leading to sewer corrosion and odor emission, as outlined in the Hydrogen sulfide control in sewer systems: A critical review of recent progress (Liang Zhang, Yan-Ying Qiu, Keshab R. Sharma, Tao Shi, Yarong Song, Jianliang Sun, Zhensheng Liang, Zhiguo Yuan, Feng Jiang, 2023) as available on the website: https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0043135423004827. Based on this same study, there are various sulfide/corrosion control strategies, including (1) chemical addition to sewage to reduce sulfide formation, to remove dissolved sulfide after its formation, or to reduce H_2S emission from sewage to sewer air, (2) ventilation to reduce the H_2S and humidity levels in sewer air, and (3) amendments of pipe materials/surfaces to retard corrosion. Prior to implementing such strategies, it is important to first understand if H₂S is an issue within the system, and where H₂S is forming such that control strategies can be targeted accordingly. To better understand the presence of H₂S within the existing sanitary system, the proposed approach is to deploy H₂S monitors for a 6-month duration with focus on incoming and outgoing sewers to pumping stations and downstream of siphons, where H₂S is more likely to form. The monitors would be relocated every 6 months to maximize coverage within the system, After 3 years, and when initial target sewers have been monitored, additional H₂S monitoring can be completed based on monitoring results to focus on high H₂S prone areas. The near-term Hydrogen Sulfide Monitoring Program budget estimate is \$316,000, with an annualized program budget present in Appendix D.



IMPLEMENTATION PLAN March 18, 2024

5.0 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

The implementation plan consists of the timing of projects and data acquisition that was present in the previous sections with the costing adjusted for inflation based on the implementation year. Moreover, the implementation plan spreads the capital works based on criticality to provide an annualized cost for the City's consideration. **Table 5-1** presents the prioritization (with 1 indicating highest priority) and annual costing for the short-term Capital Projects, **Table 5-2** presents the prioritization and annual costing for the medium-term Capital Projects, and **Table 5-3** presents the costing for the Data Acquisition and Management Programs. Additionally, **Table 5-4** presents a summary of the annual costing from 2024 to 2031. Refer to **Sections 4.3** and **4.4** for details on the Capital Projects and the Data Acquisition and Management Programs.



Table 5-1: Short Term	Projects (2	2024 - 2027)	Prioritization &	Annual Costing
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Short Term Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	Recommended Budgetary Estimate	Priority	2024	2025	2026	2027
ST1	Homer Watson	Capacity / Condition	\$3,974,000	3	\$-	\$-	\$4,830,422	\$-
ST2	Upper Schneider - Sandrock	Capacity	\$2,353,000	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$3,003,091
ST3	Shirley SPS	Capacity	\$0		Upgrade t	to be paid for by To	wnship of Woolwic	h
ST4	Moore Ave SPS Decommissioning	Condition	\$2,065,000	1	\$2,276,663	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST5	Apple Tree SPS	Condition	\$166,000	2	\$-	\$192,166	\$-	\$-
ST6	Bancroft SPS	Condition	\$12,000	2	\$-	\$13,892	\$-	\$-
ST7	Carson SPS	Condition	\$12,000	2	\$-	\$13,892	\$-	\$-
ST8	Chandos SPS	Condition	\$298,000	3	\$-	\$-	\$362,221	\$-
ST9	Conestoga College SPS	Condition	\$166,000	2	\$-	\$192,166	\$-	\$-
ST10	Falconridge SPS	Condition	\$314,000	3	\$-	\$-	\$381,669	\$-
ST11	King Street SPS	Condition	\$93,000	1	\$102,533	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST12	New Dundee SPS	Condition	\$12,000	2	\$-	\$13,892	\$-	\$-
ST13	Oxford SPS	Condition	\$131,000	2	\$-	\$151,649	\$-	\$-
ST14	Patricia SPS	Condition	\$76,000	3	\$-	\$-	\$92,378	\$-
ST15	River Birch SPS	Condition	\$166,000	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$211,863
ST16	Springmount SPS	Condition	\$12,000	2	\$-	\$13,892	\$-	\$-
ST17	Stoke SPS	Condition	\$35,000	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$44,670
ST18	Shirley SPS	Condition	\$12,000	1	\$13,230	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST19	Woolner SPS	Condition	\$173,000	2	\$-	\$200,269	\$-	\$-



Short Term Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	Recommended Budgetary Estimate	Priority	2024	2025	2026	2027
ST20	All Pumping Stations ¹	Condition	\$444,000		\$18,690	\$164,731	\$172,968	\$181,616
ST21	Vanier	Condition	\$280,400	2	\$-	\$324,598	\$-	\$-
ST22	Westcrest	Condition	\$338,100	2	\$-	\$391,393	\$-	\$-
ST23	Bankside	Condition	\$293,000	2	\$-	\$339,184	\$-	\$-
ST24	Ottawa	Condition	\$2,884,400	1	\$3,180,051	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST25	Greenbrook Drive	Condition	\$624,800	1	\$688,842	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST26	Greenbrook Drive	Condition	\$352,800	1	\$388,962	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST27	Belmont	Condition	\$414,800	1	\$457,317	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST28	Connaught	Condition	\$678,300	2	\$-	\$785,217	\$-	\$-
ST29	Richmond	Condition	\$259,400	3	\$-	\$-	\$315,302	\$-
ST30	Huck	Condition	\$311,900	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$398,072
ST31	Highbrook	Condition	\$318,200	2	\$-	\$368,356	\$-	\$-
ST32	Deer Ridge	Condition	\$608,000	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$775,979
ST33	Woolwich	Condition	\$510,300	2	\$-	\$590,736	\$-	\$-
ST34	Northmanor	Condition	\$352,800	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$450,272
ST35	Windward	Condition	\$446,300	3	\$-	\$-	\$542,480	\$-
ST36	Westforest	Condition	\$484,100	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$617,848
ST37	Dawn Ridge	Condition	\$426,300	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$544,079
ST38	Marius	Condition	\$226,800	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$289,461
ST39	Highbrook	Condition	\$713,000	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$909,989
ST40	Block Line	Condition	\$438,900	2	\$-	\$508,082	\$-	\$-
ST41	Ristau	Condition	\$584,900	2	\$-	\$677,095	\$-	\$-
ST42	Ottawa St	Condition	\$426,300	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$544,079



Short Term Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	Recommended Budgetary Estimate	Priority	2024	2025	2026	2027
ST43	Conestoga Parkway	Condition	\$820,100	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,046,679
ST44	Bedford	Condition	\$358,100	1	\$394,805	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST45	Spring Valley SPS	Condition	\$338,100	2	\$-	\$391,393	\$-	\$-
ST46	Cameron	Condition	\$515,600	2	\$-	\$596,871	\$-	\$-
ST47	Breithaupt	Condition	\$264,600	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$337,704
ST48	Mcleod	Condition	\$253,100	2	\$-	\$292,995	\$-	\$-
ST49	Gateway Park	Condition	\$1,535,100	1	\$1,692,448	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST50	Brembel	Condition	\$323,400	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$412,749
ST51	Denlow	Condition	\$316,100	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$403,433
ST52	Alpine	Condition	\$387,500	3	\$-	\$-	\$471,009	\$-
ST53	Hollinger	Condition	\$444,200	1	\$489,731	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST54	Hazel Glen	Condition	\$326,600	2	\$-	\$378,080	\$-	\$-
ST55	Stoke	Condition	\$466,200	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$595,002
ST56	Driftwood	Condition	\$464,100	2	\$-	\$537,254	\$-	\$-
ST57	Fisher Hallman	Condition	\$571,200	3	\$-	\$-	\$694,297	\$-
ST58	West Heights	Condition	\$686,700	3	\$-	\$-	\$834,688	\$-
ST59	Overlea	Condition	\$410,600	2	\$-	\$475,321	\$-	\$-
ST60	Stoneybrook	Condition	\$463,100	2	\$-	\$536,096	\$-	\$-
ST61	Barberry	Condition	\$432,600	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$552,119
ST62	Sandsprings	Condition	\$528,200	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$674,132
ST63	Cherry Hill	Condition	\$243,600	3	\$-	\$-	\$296,097	\$-
ST64	Coach Hill	Condition	\$637,400	3	\$-	\$-	\$774,764	\$-
ST65	Coach Hill	Condition	\$389,600	3	\$-	\$-	\$473,561	\$-



Short Term Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	Recommended Budgetary Estimate	Priority	2024	2025	2026	2027
ST66	Selkirk	Condition	\$414,800	2	\$-	\$480,183	\$-	\$-
ST67	Highland	Condition	\$379,100	2	\$-	\$438,856	\$-	\$-
ST68	Paulander	Condition	\$579,600	1	\$639,009	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST69	Weichel	Condition	\$466,200	3	\$-	\$-	\$566,669	\$-
ST70	Belmont	Condition	\$480,900	3	\$-	\$-	\$584,537	\$-
ST71	Union	Condition	\$335,000	3	\$-	\$-	\$407,195	\$-
ST72	Union	Condition	\$734,000	1	\$809,235	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST73	Guelph	Condition	\$429,500	3	\$-	\$-	\$522,060	\$-
ST74	Wheatfield	Condition	\$237,300	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$302,862
ST75	Manitou	Condition	\$1,046,900	2	\$-	\$1,211,918	\$-	\$-
ST76	Upper Canada	Condition	\$425,300	3	\$-	\$-	\$516,955	\$-
ST77	Old Mill	Condition	\$510,300	1	\$562,606	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST78	Old Mill	Condition	\$363,300	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$463,673
ST79	Arrowhead	Condition	\$533,400	1	\$588,074	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST80	Green Valley	Condition	\$421,100	3	\$-	\$-	\$511,850	\$-
ST81	Lower Canada	Condition	\$189,000	2	\$-	\$218,791	\$-	\$-
ST82	Dumfries	Condition	\$503,000	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$641,970
ST83	Heritage	Condition	\$602,700	1	\$664,477	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST84	Heritage	Condition	\$458,900	2	\$-	\$531,234	\$-	\$-
ST85	Nipigon	Condition	\$604,800	1	\$666,792	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST86	Burbank	Condition	\$309,800	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$395,392
ST87	King	Condition	\$553,400	2	\$-	\$640,630	\$-	\$-
ST88	Wyandotte	Condition	\$524,000	3	\$-	\$-	\$636,925	\$-
ST89	Morrison	Condition	\$214,200	1	\$236,156	\$-	\$-	\$-



Short Term Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	Recommended Budgetary Estimate	Priority	2024	2025	2026	2027
ST90	Morrison	Condition	\$734,000	1	\$809,235	\$-	\$-	\$-
ST91	Burgetz	Condition	\$360,200	3	\$-	\$-	\$437,825	\$-
ST92	Broadview	Condition	\$369,600	2	\$-	\$427,858	\$-	\$-
ST93	Siebert	Condition	\$297,200	3	\$-	\$-	\$361,248	\$-
ST94	Greenfield	Condition	\$473,600	2	\$-	\$548,251	\$-	\$-
ST95	Broadmoor	Condition	\$357,000	4	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$455,633
ST96	Hillmount	Condition	\$237,300	3	\$-	\$-	\$288,440	\$-
ST97	Carrol	Condition	\$319,200	3	\$-	\$-	\$387,990	\$-
ST98	Traynor	Condition	\$419,000	2	\$-	\$485,045	\$-	\$-
Sub-Tota	al Short-Term Project	S	\$48,547,200		\$14,678,853	\$13,131,983	\$15,463,550	\$14,252,365
Notes: 1- Budget adjusted from (Condition Assessment	Reports per City di	rection	1	1	1	1	

IMPLEMENTATION PLAN March 18, 2024

Medium Term Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	Recommended Budgetary Estimate	Priority	2028	2029	2030	2031
MT1	Dalewood	Capacity	\$1,463,000	1	\$1,960,560			
MT2	Upstream of King St SPS	Capacity	\$811,000	1	\$1,086,818			
MT3	New Dundee PS	Capacity	\$776,000	2		\$1,091,910		
MT4	Robert Ferrie	Capacity	\$805,000	3			\$1,189,352	
MT5	All Pumping Stations	Condition	\$1,193,000	-	\$399,522	\$419,498	\$440,473	\$462,497
	Sub-Total Mediun	n-Term Projects	\$5,048,000		\$3,446,899	\$1,511,408	\$1,629,825	\$462,497

Table 5-2: Medium Term Projects (2028 – 2031) Prioritization & Annual Costing

Table 5-3: Data Acquisition & Management Programs Annual Costing

Data Acquisition Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	Recommended Budgetary Estimate	2024	2025	2026	2027
DA 1 ¹	Trunk Sewer Condition Assessment	Data Acquisition	\$540,270	\$148,912	\$156,358	\$164,175	\$172,384
DA 2	Forcemain Condition Assessment	Data Acquisition	\$776,000	\$213,885	\$224,579	\$235,808	\$247,599
DA 3	I/I Reduction and Mitigation Program	Data Acquisition	\$3,174,358	\$782,775	\$944,159	\$998,402	\$1,055,958
DA 4	Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Program	Data Acquisition	\$1,849,181	\$275,625	\$615,278	\$647,920	\$682,347
DA 5	Sanitary Hydraulic Model Updates & Maintenance Program	Data Acquisition	\$804,000	\$469,665	\$145,861	\$153,154	\$160,811
DA 6	Hydrogen Sulfide Monitoring Program	Data Acquisition	\$316,000	\$207,270	\$74,088	\$77,792	-



IMPLEMENTATION PLAN March 18, 2024

Data Acquisition Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	Recommended Budgetary Estimate	2024	2025	2026	2027
То	\$7,459,810	\$2,098,132	\$2,160,322	\$2,277,252	\$2,319,098		
Note:							
1 - Does not include current budget for hot spot flushing							

Table 5-4: Summary of Annual Costing for 2024 - 2031

	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
Capital Projects	\$14,678,853	\$13,131,983	\$15,463,550	\$14,252,365	\$3,446,899	\$1,511,408	\$1,629,825	\$462,497
Data Acquisition	\$2,098,132	\$2,160,322	\$2,277,252	\$2,319,098	-	-	-	-
Total	\$16,776,985	\$15,292,305	\$17,740,802	\$16,571,463	\$3,446,899	\$1,511,408	\$1,629,825	\$462,497

IMPLEMENTATION PLAN March 18, 2024

In addition of the annual costing from 2024 to 2031, there is long-term projects (2032 – 2051) with the recommended budgetary estimate presented in **Table 5-5**.

Long Term Project ID	Project Name	Project Type	Recommended Budgetary Estimate
LT1	Manchester	Capacity	\$1,126,149
LT2	All Pumping Stations	Condition	\$596,259
	Sub-Tota	\$1,722,408	

Table 5-5: Long-Term Projects (2032 - 2051)

Note that the condition-based project the repair required is uncertain as the work is solely based on a CCTV score, as mentioned in **Section 4.3.3**. Therefore, to implement the condition-based projects, further review of existing CCTV videos should be undertaken and/or additional CCTV investigation completed to ascertain the precise nature of the required repair.

Moreover, with existing aging and outdated CCTV data, there is the expectation that increased CCTV work will populate projects in the medium-term category, thus it is recommended that the City budget accordingly for projects which have yet to be identified.

CRITICAL FAILURE ANALYSIS March 18, 2024

6.0 CRITICAL FAILURE ANALYSIS

Failure of critical trunks and facilities within the system can result in severe flooding concerns. A critical failure analysis is therefore used to assess upstream system response and the current available redundancy in the existing infrastructure during the 25-year + CC event, as derived based on **Section 3.2.** For this analysis, sediment is applied to represent pipe failures in the 2051 model scenario at four (4) locations, which are selected based on criticality within the system (i.e., significant drainage areas) and poor condition as per the CCTV scores provided by the City. Refer to **Table 6-1** for a list of the proposed critical failure analysis locations and rationale. Refer to **Figure 6-1**, **Figure 6-2**, **Figure 6-3**, **Figure 6-4**, and **Figure 6-5** illustrating the selected pumping facilities and trunk sewer locations for the critical failure analysis and corresponding 2051 conditions system response in the 25-year + CC event, respectively. As some of these trunks are in series, the critical failure assessments are broken down into separate model scenarios to limit the impact of the upstream failures.

For facility criticality analyses, all pumping stations are tested with complete, simultaneous pump failure to determine upstream system response. This is performed by applying a flow limit of 0 L/s to the idealized pump stations in the model.

Trunk Sewer Name	Suggested Link ID for Failure Analysis	Rationale
All Pumping Stations	-	Critical facilities within the system
Ottawa Direct	301192.1	Known sewer collapse; CCTV score of 5
Montgomery Direct	300583.1	Concern for sewer collapse noted by City; significant drainage area
Upper Schneider Direct	300579.1	Significant drainage area
Strasburg Direct	303094.1	Significant drainage area

Table 6-1: Selected Critical Trunk Sewers for Failure Analysis

Based on the presented results, flooding conditions are observed. It is therefore recommended to conduct CCTV data acquisition every 5 years (instead of 10) for the Ottawa, Montgomery, Upper Schneider, and Strasburg trunks. It is not currently recommended to provide redundancy at these locations as current conditions are not well known in these areas, or are soon to be replaced due to deteriorating condition (e.g., Ottawa St). Through the recommended data acquisition programs and frequent Master Plan updates outlined in **Section 4.4**, the need for implementation of future redundancy can be assessed regularly.























CONCLUSIONS March 18, 2024

7.0 CONCLUSIONS

This technical memorandum (TM3) outlines the existing and future conditions capacity-based assessment results and existing sanitary sewer system data collection and management programs, along with alternative solutions to the observed vulnerabilities. It also discusses climate change impacts and critical failure considerations. Key components of this TM are described below:

- An overview of previous TMs and work completed as part of Task 1 and 2 of the Kitchener ISAN-MP;
- A review of existing conditions model set-up, WWTP flow validation, and capacity-based system performance (Section 2.1);
- Condition-based system assessment and results (Section 2.2);
- Ongoing sanitary sewer system data collection and management programs conducted by the City, such as CCTV programs, sewer flushing, I/I estimation, rainfall and flow monitoring, and model updates and maintenance (Section 2.3);
- Future conditions system assessment and results for both the 2031 and 2051 growth horizons (Section 3.0);
- Alternative solution review and recommendations following the Municipal Class EA process, including costing:
 - Alternative 1 Do nothing (Section 4.1);
 - Alternative 2 Shaping community growth (Section 4.2);
 - Alternative 3 Infrastructure updates, including climate change sensitivity (Section 4.3); and,
 - Alternative 4 Data acquisition, flow monitoring and I/I Mitigation programs (Section 4.4);
- Implementation sequencing of the proposed infrastructure updates and programs (Section 5.0)
- Critical failure analysis results (Section 5.0).

In general, the following main considerations result from the foregoing TM:

- The model calibration results in a good overall fit at the downstream WWTP, further encouraging the use of the calibrated model for existing and future conditions system assessments and solutions development;
- In existing conditions,
 - A total of six (6) capacity-based sewer problem areas are identified based on existing conditions modelling results, including:
 - A few sewer segments located just upstream of the King St SPS;
 - The Dalewood Dr area;
 - The area upstream of the Spring Valley SPS triggered by pumping station capacity constraints;



CONCLUSIONS March 18, 2024

- The Homer Watson area;
- A few segments of the Sandrock Trunk sewer; and,
- The area upstream of the Shirley SPS triggered by pumping station capacity constraints.
- Additionally, four (4) pumping stations do not meet criteria under existing conditions, in that the 10-year flows draining to the Bridgeport SPS, Pioneer Tower SPS, Shirley SPS and Spring Valley SPS exceed their firm and rated capacities. As discussed above, only the Spring Valley SPS and Shirley SPS result in HGL and sewer surcharge concerns upstream of the facility. The 10-year incoming flows to Bridgeport SPS and Spring Valley SPS also exceed their current ECA approved rates. Note that Pioneer Tower SPS has been upgraded since the system assessment, and that the Bridgeport SPS and Spring Valley SPS are owned by the Region of Waterloo and not the City of Kitchener;
- A total of 78 condition-based problem areas (108 pipes totaling 7.1 km) are identified based on the provided CCTV data (see **Table 2-5** for relevant pipe asset IDs and descriptions); and,
- Ongoing programs conducted by the City provide valuable information on asset conditions, potential I/I contributions, system flows and operation, and system improvement opportunities, and should be continued and potentially enhanced to improve system understanding and better define upcoming projects.
- In future conditions (2031 and 2051 growth scenarios),
 - An additional two (2) capacity-based sewer problem areas are identified, including:
 - A few sewer segments located downstream of the New Dundee SPS (triggered in 2031); and,
 - Sewers downstream of the Manchester SPS (triggered in 2051).
 - Additionally, four (4) pumping stations do not meet criteria under 2031 conditions, in that the 10-year flows draining to the Bridgeport SPS, New Dundee SPS, Pioneer Tower SPS, and Shirley SPS in the 2031 future conditions scenario exceed their firm and rated capacities. The 10-year incoming flow to Bridgeport SPS, New Dundee SPS, and Spring Valley SPS also exceed their current ECA approved rates. In 2051 conditions, the same four (4) pumping stations do not meet criteria in that the 10-year flows draining to the Bridgeport SPS, New Dundee SPS, Pioneer Tower SPS, and Shirley SPS in the 2051 future conditions scenario exceed their firm and rated capacities. The 10-year incoming flow to Apple Tree SPS, Bridgeport SPS, New Dundee SPS, and Spring Valley SPS also exceed their current ECA approved rates. Note that Pioneer Tower SPS has been upgraded since the system assessment, thus was removed from the project list.

CONCLUSIONS March 18, 2024

- Alternative solutions are assessed and recommended with the intention of improving the City's sanitary sewer infrastructure and data collection and management programs. The following summarizes the outcome of the four (4) alternative assessments, which follow the EA process:
 - Alternative 1 Do Nothing: Screened out as it does not align with the City's strategy for the Integrated Sanitary MP;
 - Alternative 2 Shaping Community Growth: Based on existing conditions, 2031 and 2051 system assessment results, there are no significant concerns with trunk sewer capacity within the sanitary system, other than the Sandrock trunk, which can be resolved with relatively minor upgrade requirements;
 - Alternative 3 Infrastructure Updates: Based on 2051 growth scenario results, a total of eight (8) capacity-based projects are recommended to resolve HGL and surcharge issues, as well as SPS capacity constraints, as presented in Table 4-1. The total recommended budgetary estimation for these solutions is \$16,301,000, which includes contingency (30%) and engineering (20% or more) allowances in 2023 dollars. Some of these solutions and other locations within the system are sensitive to climate change and may result in additional upgrade costs in the future if I/I mitigation programs are not implemented. Additionally, based on provided CCTV score data, 76 condition-based projects are recommended, as presented in Table 4-4, totaling \$36,972,600 in recommended budgetary estimates; and,
 - Alternative 4 Data Acquisition, Flow Monitoring, and I/I Mitigation Programs:
 - A robust sanitary trunk sewer and forcemain condition data acquisition program is recommended that involves more frequent cycling of data collection. Trunk sewers and forcemains have been evaluated regarding relevance of the available condition data and age of sewer, which is used to categorize the sewers into near-, medium-, and long-term data acquisition projects..
 - An I/I reduction and mitigation program is also recommended, paired with
 ongoing rainfall and flow monitoring programs and continual sanitary hydraulic
 model updates and maintenance. These programs will help the City to stay on
 top of new capacity concerns, leaky areas, areas where unwanted connections
 exist, etc., that can be resolved to reduce inflows into the system.
 - A rainfall and flow monitoring program is also recommended to strategically retrieve and organize data for future programming and capital needs.
 - Continued development, updates and maintenance of the sanitary modelling tool is recommended for a fit-for-purpose application for City infrastructure planning and assessment.
 - A hydrogen sulfide monitoring program is recommended to identify presence and location of elevated levels within the existing sanitary system to inform if action is needed to implement control strategies.

CONCLUSIONS March 18, 2024

- The implementation of the proposed capacity-based and condition-based projects, as well as the programmatic approaches were prioritized based on criticality for City consideration, including budgetary spend from 2024 to 2031.
- Finally, the critical failure analysis identified potential vulnerabilities in the system due to limited redundancy. It is recommended to conduct CCTV data acquisition along every 5 years instead of 10 for Ottawa, Montgomery, Upper Schneider, and Strasburg trunks.

Appendix A March 18, 2024

APPENDIX A – WWTP FLOW VALIDATION GRAPHS



Appendix A September 29, 2023

Overview of the monitored data (black) and the calibrated periods/events (red)





Appendix A September 29, 2023

Dry Weather Flow – Period 1 (August 15th – 20th, 2021)

		Minimum Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow % Fit	Volume (m ³)	Volume % Fit				
	Observed	0.31	0.95	7 500/	288,765	-1.70%				
	Modelled DWF P1	0.39	0.87	-7.30 %	283,736					
Observed / Predicted Report Produced by hboulanger (2023-03-09 2.41:59 PM) Page 1 of 1 Flow survey: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan>Calibration>Flow Surveys> WWTP_20230308 (2023-03-08 1:20.48 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>Calib ValidationRun>DWF_E1_CalibValidation_rev3_v1>EX_JDLPmps DWF (2023-03-08 3:27:17 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>Calib ValidationRun>DWF_E2_CalibValidation_rev3_v1>EX_JDLPmps DWF (2023-03-08 3:29:13 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>Calib ValidationRun>WWF_E1_CalibValidation_rev3_v1>EX_JDLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 3:29:13 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WWF_E2_CalibValidation_rev3_v1>EX_JDLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 3:21:33 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WWF_E3_CalibValidation_rev3_v1>EX_JDLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 3:39:13 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WWF_E3_CalibValidation_rev3_v1>EX_JDLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 3:30:13 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WWF_E3_CalibValidation_rev3_v1>EX_JDLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 3:30:13 PM)										
Flow (m3/s)			Flow Survey Location (Ot	bs.) WWTP-DUMMY-MANHOLE.	1, Model Location (Pred.) D/S	5 WWTP-DUMMY-MANHOL	E.1			
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Appendix A September 29, 2023

Dry Weather Flow – Period 2 (September 28th- October 3rd, 2021)



Appendix A September 29, 2023

Wet Weather Flow – Event 1 (September 7th, 2021)

		Minimum Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow % Fit	Volume(m ³)	Volume % Fi	t		
	Observed	0.63	1.77	28 50%	107,657	22 20%			
	Modelled WWF E1	0.71	2.28	20.30%	132,700	23.30%			
Observed / Predicted Report Produced by hboulanger (2023-03-08 3:06:09 PM) Page 1 of 1 Flow survey: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Calibration>Flow Surveys> WVTP_20230308 (2023-03-08 1:20:48 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run> DWF, E2, CalibValidation_rev3_v1> EX_UDLP mps DWF (2023-03-08 3:27:17 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run> DWF, E2, CalibValidation_rev3_v1> EX_UDLP mps DWF (2023-03-08 3:27:13 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run> WWF, E2, CalibValidation_rev3_v1> EX_UDLP mps UWF (2023-03-08 33:133 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run> WWF, E2, CalibValidation, rev3_v1> EX_UDLP mps UWF (2023-03-08 33:133 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run> WWF, E2, CalibValidation, rev3_v1> EX_UDLP mps UWF (2023-00-8 33:138 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run> WWF, E2, CalibValidation, rev3_v1> EX_UDLP mps UWF (2023-00-8 33:138 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation, rev3_v1> EX_UDLP mps UWF (2023-00-8 33:138 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run> WWF, E2, CalibValidation, rev3_v1> EX_UDLP mps UWF (2023-00-8 33:138 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run> WWF, E2, CalibValidation, rev3_v1> EX_UDLP mps UWF (2023-00-8 33:138 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlan> Mode									
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	12:00 2021/9/7	18:00	00:00 2021/9/8	06:00	12:00	18:00	00:00 2021/9/9		
Rain		Depth (mm) 49.400	Rainfall Peak (mm/hr) 64.800	Average (mm/hr) 1.572	Min (m3/s)	Flow Max (m3/s)	Volume (m3)		
Modelled_DWF_E1 Modelled_DWF_E2 Modelled_WWF_E1 Modelled_WWF_E2 Modelled_WWF_E3					0.683	2.278	0.000 0.000 134975.711 0.000 0.000		
Modelled_WWF_E4							0.000		

Appendix A September 29, 2023

Wet Weather Flow – Event 2 (September 14th, 2021)

		Minimum Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow % Fit	Volume(m ³)	Volume % Fit]		
	Observed	0.5	1.55	11.20%	84,069	5 900/			
	Modelled WWF E2	0.6	1.72	11.20%	79,188	-5.60%			
Observed / Predicted Report Produced by hboulanger (2023-03-09 3:08:09 PM) Page 1 of 1 Flow surver; - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan-Xcalibration>Flow Surveys>WW TP_20230308 (2023-03-08 1:20:48 PM) Sim: - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan-Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WF,EL,CalibValidation,rer3_v1>EU,DLPmps DWF (2023-03-08 3:27:17 PM) Sim: - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan-Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WF,EL,CalibValidation,rer3_v1>EU,DLPmps DWF (2023-03-08 3:27:13 PM) Sim: - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan-Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WF,EL,CalibValidation,rer3_v1>EU,DLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 33:23:38 PM) Sim: - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WF,EL,CalibValidation,rer3_v1>EU,DLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 33:23:38 PM) Sim: - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WWF,EL,CalibValidationrer3_v1>EU,DLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 33:43 PM) Sim: - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WWF,EL,CalibValidationrer3_v1>EU,DLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 33:43 PM) Sim: - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WWF,EL,CalibValidation,rer3_v1>EU,DLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 33:43 PM) Sim: - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun>WWF,EL,CalibValidation,rer3_v1>EU,DLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 33:43 PM) Sim: - Kitchener, Sanitary/MasterPlan>Model Solutions>Run Group>CalibValidationRun=VWF, EL,CalibValidation,rer3_v1>EU,DLPmps WWF (2023-03-08 33:40;40;40;40;40;40;40;40;40;40;40;40;40;4									
Rainfall intensity (mn	n/hr)	Flow Survey Location (Obs.) WWTP-D	UMMY-MANHOLE.1, Model Locat	tion (Pred.) D/S WWTP-DUMMY-MANH	OLE.1, Rainfall Profile: RG1				
-	T '''								
20									
40									
80 E									
5.0 T									
4.0									
3.0									
2.0									
		\sim							
1.0	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				
0.0 1									
	18:00 2021/9/14 2	00:00 021/9/15	06:00	12:00	18:00	00:00 2021/9/16			
		Denth (mm)	Rainfall Peak (mm/hr)	Average (mm/hr)	Min (m 3/s)	Flow Max (m3/s) Malu	ume (m3)		
Rain		11.000	48.000	0.415	0.404	1 540 117	075 100		
Modelled_DWF_E1					0.404	1.540 113	0.000		
Modelled_DWF_E2 Modelled_WWF_F1							0.000		
Modelled_WWF_E2					0.598	1.722 79	560.669		
Modelled_WWF_E3 Modelled_WWF_E4							0.000		

Appendix A September 29, 2023

Wet Weather Flow – Event 3 (September 21st, 2021)

		Minimum Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow % Fit	Volume(m ³)	Volume % Fit			
	Observed	0.73	4.51	17 10%	274,589	7 60%			
	Modelled WWF E3	0.71	3.74	-17.1070	253,784	-7.00%			
Observed / Predicted Report Produced by hboulanger (2023-03-09 3:08:09 PM) Page 1 of 1 Flow surver: > Xitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans Calibrations.Flow Survers > WITP_20239038 (2023-03-08 1:20:48 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans Model Solutions.Run Group> Calib Validation Run> DWF_E1_CalibValidation.rev3_v1> BC. JDLP mps DWF (2023-03-08 3:27:17 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans.Model Solutions.Run Group> Calib Validation Run> DWF_E2_CalibValidation.rev3_v1> BC. JDLP mps DWF (2023-03-08 3:27:17 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans.Model Solutions.Run Group> Calib Validation Run> WWF_E2_CalibValidation.rev3_v1> BC. JDLP mps DWF (2023-03-08 33:133 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans.Model Solutions.Run Group> Calib Validation Run> WWF_E2_CalibValidation.rev3_v1> EC. JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 33:133 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans.Model Solutions.Run Group> Calib Validation Run> WWF_E2_CalibValidation.rev3_v1> EC. JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 33:133 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans.Model Solutions.Run Group> Calib Validation Run> WWF_E2_CalibValidation.rev3_v1> EC. JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 33:13 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans.Model Solutions.Run Group> Calib Validation Run> WWF_E2_CalibValidation.rev3_v1> EC. JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 33:13 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans.Model Solutions.Run Group> Calib Validation Run> WWF_E2_CalibValidation.rev3_v1> EC. JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 33:02:56 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans.Model Solutions.Run Group> Calib Validation.rev3_v1> EC. JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 33:02:56 PM) Sim: > Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans.Model So									
Rainfall intensity (mr	n/hr)								
20									
			1						
40									
60									
80 J									
Flow (m3/s) 5.0 -									
				\sim					
4.0				\bigwedge					
3.0									
2.0									
1.0				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	maria	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
		~							
0.0	18:00 00:00	06:00	12:00 18:00	00:00	06:00	12:00 18:00			
	2021/9/21 2021/9/22			2021/9/23					
		Depth (mm)	Rainfall Peak (mm/hr)	Average (mm/hr)	Min (m 3/s)	Max (m3/s) Volu	ime (m3)		
Rain Observed		96.400	33.600	1.842	0.726	4.509 294	1343.503		
Modelled_DWF_E1 Modelled_DWF_F2		•					0.000		
Modelled_WWF_E1							0.000		
Modelled_WWF_E3					0.705	3.736 255	164.786		
Modelled_WWF_E4						(0.000		

Appendix A September 29, 2023

Wet Weather Flow – Event 4 (October 3rd, 2021)

		Minimum Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow (CMS)	Peak Flow % Fit	Volume(m ³)	Volume % Fit]		
	Observed	0.38	1.33	12.40%	173,786	3 40%			
	Modelled WWF E4	0.41	1.5	12.4070	167,825	-3.4070			
Observed / Predicted Report Produced by Ibboulanger (2023-03-09 3:06:09 PM) Page 1 of 1 Flow surver; >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Calibrations-Flow Surveys>WWTP_20230308 (2023-03-08 1:20:48 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run>DWF_E1_CalibValidation_rer3_v1>EC_JDLP mps DWF (2023-03-08 3:27:17 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run>DWF_E1_CalibValidation_rer3_v1>EC_JDLP mps DWF (2023-03-08 3:27:17 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run>WWF_E1_CalibValidation_rer3_v1>EC_JDLP mps DWF (2023-03-08 3:23:13 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run>WWF_E1_CalibValidation_rer3_v1>EC_JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 3:3:33 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run>WWF_E1_CalibValidation_rer3_v1>EC_JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 3:6:34 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run>WWF_E1_CalibValidation_rer3_v1>EC_JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 3:6:34 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run>WWF_E1_CalibValidation_rer3_v1>EC_JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 3:6:34 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run>WWF_E1_CalibValidation_rer3_v1>EC_JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 3:6:34 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run Group>-Calib Validation Run>WWF_E1_CalibValidation_rer3_v1>EC_JDLP mps WWF (2023-03-08 3:6:34 PM) Sim >-Kitchener_SanitaryMasterPlans-Model Solutions-Run									
Rainfall intensity (mn	n/hr)	Flow Survey Location (Obs.) WWTP-DU	JMMY-MANHOLE.1, Model Locat	tion (Pred.) D/S WWTP-DUMMY-MANHO	LE.1, Rainfall Profile: RG1				
20									
40		•							
60									
80 Flow (m3/s)									
4.0									
3.0									
1.0							~		
0.0	12:00 18:00 2021/10/3	00:00 2021/10/4	06:00	12:00	18:00 2	00:00 06:00 021/10/5			
		Depth (mm)	Rainfall Peak (mm/hr)	Average (mm/hr)	Min (m 3/s)	Flow Max (m3/s) Volu	ime (m3)		
Rain Observed		32.200	24.000	0.629	0.375	1.330 166	864.696		
Modelled_DWF_E1 Modelled_DWF_F2							1000		
Modelled_WWF_E1							2000		
Modelled_WWF_E3						(0.000		
Modelled_WWF_E4					0.432	1.495 162	269.317		

Appendix B March 18, 2024

APPENDIX B – PROPOSED CAPACITY-BASED SOLUTION SUMMARIES

Appendix B March 18, 2024

B.1 - SOLUTION DETAILS, INCLUDING CLOSE-UP PLAN VIEWS AND PROFILES OF EACH OF THE PROPOSED SOLUTIONS





Existing Conditions - 25yr Results - LOCAL

Montgomery – Freeport CB-1: U/S of King St SPS



Note:

The conduits on King St are shallow, therefore the recommended freeboard is not obtained (≥1.8 m).

Recommendation:

Upgrade and reprofile pipes (i.e., adjust slopes).

Existing Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL Montgomery – Freeport SA-1: U/S of King St SPS





2 x 400 mm forcemains of King St SPS crossing on the second solution pipe.

Solution within Surface Water Intake Protection Zone with vulnerability = 7.2.

Solution in model:

Replacement of 2 lengths of sewer - upsize from 300 mm diameter to 375 mm diameter sewer.


Existing Conditions - 25yr Results - LOCAL

Montgomery – Manchester Direct CB-2: Dalewood Dr





Note:

City Comments:

- "The Dalewood Dr sewer was flagged as being flat and causing backup. The worst part of the sewer was replaced but any improvements were limited to the downstream sewer elevations. To make improvements, the siphon downstream needs to be removed and the Montgomery sewer replaced and lowered back to the Schneider trunk sewer."
 - Based on what is originally in the model, this didn't appear to be the case (further downstream upgrades were not needed). However, new DWGs were provided that indicate that the pipe through the easement is actually a 250mm (not a 900mm), which generates a new HGL issue even with solutions provided.

Recommendation:

Provide conveyance upgrades.

Existing Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL

Montgomery – Manchester Direct SA-2: Dalewood Dr – Alternative B





Note:

Due to the scheduled adjacent storm pipe upgrade through this easement, the ability to meet the design criteria, and the resulting hydraulic performance in the sanitary system, Alternative B is recommended, as per the City's preference.

Solution in model:

Alternative B - Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer on Dalewood, 2 lengths of sewer on Penrose and one length of sewer through the easement - all pipes upgraded to 300 mm diameter.

TWPAS: Total Wastewater Priority Assessment Score

Existing Conditions - 25yr Results – LOCAL

Upper Schneider Direct - near Ottawa St S CB-3: Homer Watson Blvd





Note:

Differences observed between the modelled, GIS and DEM ground elevations create uncertainties; however, the HGL issues would remain regardless.

Recommendation:

Upgrade the pipes; potentially providing inline storage upstream of pipes in private property.

Existing Conditions Solutions – ALTERNATIVE A - 25yr Results – LOCAL Upper Schneider Direct - near Ottawa St S SA-6: Homer Watson Blvd





Note:

Cover requirement of 2.8 m is achieved, except at the U/S end of the first upgraded pipe (2.7 m) to respect the minimum velocity requirement, and at the D/S end of the last upgraded pipe (2.7 m) to maintain a drop of 3 cm between it and the existing pipe D/S.

1 x 1350 mm storm sewer crossing located at the red circle shown above.

Solution in model:

Alternative A – Replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Homer Watson due to capacity, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on comm. property due to capacity/condition, replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Alpine due to capacity/condition, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on Flint due to capacity, replacement of 1 length of sewer on Kingswood due to condition.

TWPAS: Total Wastewater Priority Assessment Score

Existing Conditions - 25yr Results - TRUNK

DEM: 340.53 m GIS: 338.785 m Model: 338.787 m

Upper Schneider - Near Highland Rd W CB4 – Sandrock Trunk





Note:

Capacity constraints throughout due to decreasing pipe sizes, and portions of twinned pipes draining into single-barrel pipes.

Link

surc

Differences observed between the modelled, GIS and DEM ground elevations create uncertainties at node (ID: 307802); the HGL issue would be corrected with the DEM data.

Recommendation:

Upgrade the pipes and use the DEM elevation at node 307802.

Existing Conditions Solutions- 25yr Results - TRUNK DEM: 340.530 m GIS: 338.785 m

Upper Schneider - Near Highland Rd W SA-7: Sandrock Trunk





2 x 450 mm watermain crossing on the first solution pipe.



Solution in model:

Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer - upsizing from 675 mm diameter to 750 mm diameter sewer

Model: 338.787 m

Existing Conditions - 25yr Results - TRUNK

Montgomery – Victoria North (1 of 2) CB5 - Shirley Dr and Victoria St N – U/S of Shirley SPS



Note:

The 25yr peak flow (236 L/s) coming into Shirley SPS is higher than the pump station firm and rated capacities of 207 L/s; which results in upstream backwater.

Surface flooding observed just upstream of the pumping station. Differences observed at this node between the modelled, GIS and DEM ground elevations create uncertainties; however, the HGL issue would remain regardless of correction.

Recommendation:

The ECA's firm capacity for Shirley SPS is 378 L/s; therefore, the recommendation is to upgrade the pump station capacity to within the ECA's approved rate.





Existing Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - TRUNK

Montgomery – Victoria North SA_8: Shirley Dr and Victoria St N – U/S of Shirley SPS







Solution in model:

Increase PS capacity to 378 L/s firm capacity - project involves addition of pumps to accommodate higher flows. ECA update not required.

2031 Conditions - 25yr Results - LOCAL

Montgomery – Freeport CB-1: U/S of King St SPS



Note:

Same HGL and surcharge issues observed as the existing scenario.

See note & recommendation for existing conditions.

2031 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL

Montgomery – Freeport SA_1: U/S of King St SPS





Solution in model:

Same solution as the existing scenario.

2031 Conditions - 25yr Results - LOCAL Montgomery – Manchester Direct CB-2: Dalewood Dr





2031 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL

Montgomery – Manchester Direct SA-2: Dalewood Dr





Solution in model:

Same solution as the existing scenario.

2031 Conditions - 25yr Results - LOCAL

Upper Schneider Direct - near Ottawa St S CB-3: Homer Watson Blvd





Note:

More surcharge issues observed in the 2031 scenario than in the existing scenario.

Recommendation:

Upgrade the pipes; potentially providing inline storage upstream of pipes in private property.

2031 Conditions Solutions – ALTERNATIVE A - 25yr Results – LOCAL

Upper Schneider Direct - near Ottawa St S SA-6: Homer Watson Blvd





Solution in model:

Same solution as the existing scenario.

2031 Conditions - 25yr Results - TRUNK

Upper Schneider - Near Highland Rd W CB-4: Sandrock Trunk

DEM: 340.53 m GIS: 338.785 m Model: 338.787 m





<u>Note:</u>

More HGL and surcharge issues observed in the 2031 scenario than in the existing scenario.

Recommendation: Upgrade the pipes.

2031 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - TRUNK Upper Schneider - Near Highland Rd W SA-7: Sandrock Trunk





Solution in model:

Same solution as the existing scenario.

2031 Conditions - 25yr Results - TRUNK

Montgomery – Victoria North CB-5: Shirley Dr – U/S of Shirley SPS







2031 Solution - 25yr Results - TRUNK

Montgomery – Victoria North SA-8: Shirley Dr and Victoria St N – U/S of Shirley SPS



Solution in model:

Same solution as the existing scenario.



2031 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - TRUNK SA-13: New Dundee SPS



Note:

Significant new development (2,337 people) for 2031.

The growth areas are connected to Dodge Dr based on the Growth Management Plan.

The 10yr peak flow is higher than the firm capacity of New Dundee SPS.

Solution in model:

Upgrade New Dundee SPS capacity to 75 L/s (based on 2051 10yr peak flow).

2031 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL Robert Ferrie

CB-7: Downstream of New Dundee SPS



Note:

The New Dundee SPS capacity upgrades (75 L/s or 94 L/s) creates HGL and surcharge issues D/S of the forcemain due to an undersized D/S pipe.

2031 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL

Robert Ferrie SA-16: Downstream of New Dundee SPS





Note:

Stantec completed the Doon South Pumping Station Review of Preferred Forcemain Configuration for Ultimate Design (Stantec, 2019) that accounted for ultimate conditions (178 L/s pump station capacity, as per the Doon South Sanitary Pumping Station Confirmation of Design Flows Technical Memorandum by MMM Group, 2014). The Forcemain Configuration report investigated the upgrade and extension of the forcemain to the Homer Watson SPS.

Solution in model:

Upgraded 1 pipe from 200 mm to 375 mm.

2051 Conditions - 25yr Results - LOCAL

Montgomery – Freeport CB-1: U/S of King St SPS





<u>Note:</u> Same HGL and surcharge issues observed as the existing and 2031 scenarios. See note & recommendation for existing conditions.

2051 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL Montgomery – Freeport

SA_1: U/S of King St SPS





Solution in model:

Same solution as the existing and 2031 scenario.



Same HGL and surcharge issues observed as the existing and 2031 scenarios. See note & recommendation for existing conditions.

Note:

2051 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL Montgomery – Manchester Direct SA-2: Dalewood Dr

Penrose St Rosewood St





Solution in model:

Same solution as the existing and 2031 scenario.



956

306541

57.3 CIRC

322.70

322.41

0.00507

0.042

GRWTH

2.00

0.05273

306539.

55.2 CIRC

322,990

322 701

0.00523

0.043

GRWTH

2.00

0.05169

306541

Manhole

326.101

GRWTH

2.772265

Note:

More HGL and surcharge issues observed in the 2051 scenario than in the existing and 2031 scenarios.

Recommendation:

Upgrade the pipes; potentially providing inline storage upstream of pipes in private property.

2051 Conditions Solutions – ALTERNATIVE A - 25yr Results – LOCAL

Upper Schneider Direct - near Ottawa St S SA-6: Homer Watson Blvd





Solution in model:

Same solution as the existing and 2031 scenario.

2051 Conditions - 25yr Results - TRUNK

Upper Schneider - Near Highland Rd W **CB-4: Sandrock Trunk**

DEM: 340.53 m GIS: 338.785 m Model: 338.787 m





Note:

Same HGL issues observed as 2031 scenarios, but more surcharge issues observed in the 2051 scenario than in the 2031 scenario. More HGL and surcharge issues observed in the 2051 scenario than in the existing scenario.

Link

surc

Node

Recommendation: Upgrade the pipes.

2051 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - TRUNK

Upper Schneider - Near Highland Rd W SA-7: Sandrock Trunk

Link

surc





Solution in model:

Same solution as the existing and 2031 scenario.

2051 Conditions - 25yr Results - TRUNK

Montgomery – Victoria North (1 of 2) CB-5: Shirley Dr – U/S of Shirley SPS





Shirley Dr

> 301.0 300.0 299.0 298.0 298.0 297.0 297.0



Note:

Same HGL and surcharge issues observed as the existing and 2031 scenarios. See note & recommendation for existing conditions.

2051 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - TRUNK

Montgomery – Victoria North SA-8: Shirley Dr and Victoria St N – U/S of Shirley SPS





Same solution as the existing and 2031 scenario.



2051 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - TRUNK SA-13: New Dundee SPS



Note:

Significant new development (13,205 people) for 2051.

The growth areas are connected to Dodge Dr based on the Growth Management Plan.

The 10yr peak flow is higher than the firm capacity of New Dundee SPS.

Solution in model:

Upgrade New Dundee SPS capacity to 75 L/s (based on 2051 10yr peak flow).

2051 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL Robert Ferrie CB-7: Downstream of New Dundee SPS



2051 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - LOCAL Robert Ferrie SA-16: Downstream of New Dundee SPS





Solution in model:

Same solution as the 2031 scenario.

See note & solution for 2031 conditions.

2051 Conditions with U/S Solutions - 25yr Results - TRUNK CB-8: D/S of Manchester SPS & Shirley SPS





Note:

More HGL and surcharge issues observed in the 2051 scenario than in the existing and 2031 scenarios.

2051 Conditions Solutions - 25yr Results - TRUNK SA-9: D/S of Manchester SPS & Shirley SPS





Solution in model:

Same solution as the 2031 scenario.

See note & solution for 2031 conditions solutions.
CITY OF KITCHENER INTEGRATED SANITARY MASTER PLAN – TECHNICAL MEMO #3: SANITARY SERVICING ANALYSIS & CAPITAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING AND RISK ANALYSIS AND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Appendix B March 18, 2024

B.2 - TABLE OF ALL PIPE IDS AND CHARACTERISTICS RECOMMENDED FOR UPGRADE

Existing and Future Conditions Capacity-Based Sewer Solutions

CB-1	Upstream of King St SPS	Replacement of 2 lengths of sewer - upsize from 300 dia. to 375 dia.	100468, 100469
CB-2	Dalewood	Alt B - Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer on Dalewood, 2 lengths of sewer on Penrose and one length of sewer through the easement - all pipes upgraded to 300mm dia.	2129581, 2129580, 2129579, 1011151, 101152, 101361
CB-3	Homer Watson	Alt A - Replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Homer Watson due to capacity, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on comm. property due to capacity/condition, replacement of 7 lengths of sewer on Alpine due to capacity/condition, replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on Flint due to capacity, replacement of 1 length of sewer on Kingswood due to condition.	107139, 107140, 107126, 107122, 107123, 107162, 107163, 107164, 107165, 107166, 107129, 118006, 107125, 118274, 2119959, 107124, 2119718, 107136
CB-4	Upper Schneider - Sandrock	Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer - upsizing from 675mm dia to 750mm dia.	108887, 108888, 106767
CB-5	Shirley SPS	Increase PS to 378 L/s firm capacity - project involves addition of pumps to accomodate higher flows	
CB-6	New Dundee PS	Increase PS to 75 L/s firm capacity - project involves adding two new pumps	
CB-7	Robert Ferrie	Replacement of 1 length of sewer downstream of New Dundee FM discharge to 375mm dia.	2083719
CB-8	Manchester	Replacement of 2 lengths of sewer to 825mm diameter downstream of Shirley and Manchester SPS discharge	101713, 101714

CITY OF KITCHENER INTEGRATED SANITARY MASTER PLAN – TECHNICAL MEMO #3: SANITARY SERVICING ANALYSIS & CAPITAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING AND RISK ANALYSIS AND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Appendix G March 18, 2024

APPENDIX C – ALTERNATIVE 4 RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS – RELEVANT PIPE IDS

Total No. Of Pipes for CCTV Near-Term = 919				
200 CCTV Near-Term	200 CCTV Near-Term	200 CCTV Near-Term	200 CCTV Near-Term	119 CCTV Near-Term
1 2132898 3.3 1955	201 103953 0 1986	401 110875 0 1978	601 103751 0.8 1991	801 101123 2.3 1957 802 401123 2.3 1957
3 2046053 1.8 1974	203 109592 0 1992	403 10647 2 1981	603 103749 0.8 1991	803 101120 3 1959 904 40120 3
5 2001625 0.6 1995	205 108667 0 1968	405 107548 0 1978	605 103747 0.8 1991	805 101118 3 1959 905 401447 3 4050
7 2001621 0.6 1995	200 100000 22 1000 207 108665 0 1968	400 10/34/ 0 13/8 407 107069 0 1978	607 103745 0.8 1991	807 101116 2.3 1957
9 119023 1.3 1982	208 108654 0 1968	408 106465 0 1978	609 103/44 0.8 1991	808 101115 2.3 1967
	209 108663 2.2 1968	409 100487 0 1978	609 103743 0.8 1991	809 101114 2.3 1967
10 119014 1.2 1984	210 10862 2.2 1969	410 100486 0 1978	610 103/35 0.5 199/	810 101113 3.1 1958
11 119012 0.7 1992	211 108661 0.7 1992	411 100485 0 1978	611 103693 0 1987	811 118543 0 1960
12 119008 1.7 1975	212 108660 0.7 1992	412 110020 0 1977	612 103664 0 1995	812 118542 0 1950
13 119007 0.7 1992	213 108659 0.7 1992	413 110018 0 1977	613 103663 0 1995	813 100867 0 1985
14 119005 1.3 1982	214 108511 0 1954	414 110017 0 1977	614 103661 0 1987	814 100775 0 1976
15 119005 1.3 1982	215 108504 0 1953	415 106408 2 1987	615 103660 0 1995	815 101686 0 1960
16 119004 1.3 1982	216 109603 0 1964	416 106404 2 1988	616 103428 0 1972	816 100388 0 1960
17 119003 1.3 1982	217 108579 0 1963	417 106400 2 1978	617 103427 0 1972	817 108303 0 1959
18 119002 0.7 1992	218 108516 0 1964	418 109895 0 1977	618 103424 0.7 1992	818 100751 0 1966
19 118864 0.5 1997	219 108514 0 1964	419 108753 0 1977	619 107303 0 1973	819 100750 0 1966
20 118859 0.5 1997	220 108405 0 1964	420 108752 0 1977	620 107302 0 1973	820 100748 0 1966
21 118855 0.5 1997	221 108396 2 1964	421 106480 0 1977	621 103335 0 1972	821 100745 0 1966
22 118854 0.5 1997	222 108389 1.9 1972	422 118158 0 1975	622 103334 0 1972	822 100745 0 1956
23 118854 0.5 1997	223 109384 0 1992	423 119157 0 1975	623 102322 1.0 1972	923 100742 0 1956
24 118849 0.5 1997	224 108317 1.1 1985	424 108852 0 1975 425 40952 0 1975	624 103332 1.9 1972 525 403332 1.9 1972	824 100739 2.5 1965 925 400739 2.5 1965
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68 69 70	2093999 2093999	0.1	2014 2011 2014	268 269	2000017 2000015 2000013	0.2	2006 2006 2009		469	103995 108387 101853	0 1 3	1986 1992 1985	6	59 70	10/771 107733 107732	0	1962 1961 1961
71 72	2092869 2092868	0.1	2014 2014	270 271 272	2000011 2000009	0.2	2006	IE	471 472	101852	3	1985 1992	6	71 72	107731	0.3	1961 2003
73	2092867 2092866	0.1	2014 2014	273 274	121287 121286	02	2008		473	108375	2	1992 1985	6	73	101305	3	1940 1932
75 76 77	2092865 2092864 2092863	0.1 0.1	2014 2014 2014	275 276 977	121285 121284 121283	0.1	2010 2010 2010		476 477	108318 108316 108194	3 3 2	1967 1995 1984	6	76 77	101128 101127 101126	3	1963 1963 1967
78 79	2092862 2092861	0.1 0.1	2014 2014	278 279	121282 121217	0.1	2010 2006		478 479	108193 108176	2 2	1985 1985	6	78 79	101125 101124	0.2	2007 1967
80 81	2092860 2092859	0.1	2014 2014	280 281	121215	0.2	2006 2006		480 481	108175	2	1985 1985	6	90 81	101122	3	1967 1960
83 84	2091445	0.3	2014 2004 2004	282 283 284	121016	02	2006		483 484	108157	2	1982 1987 1987	6	62 83 84	107764	0	1960
85 85	2091441 2091439	0.3	2004 2004	285 285	121013 121012	0.2	2006 2007		485 486	108155 108154	2	1987 1987	6	85 96	100415 100723	0	1960 1998
87 88 89	2090883 2090881 2090879	0.2	2009 2009 2009	287 288 289	121011 121010 121009	0.2	2007 2006 2007		487 488 489	108150 108149 108148	2 2 2	1987 1987 1987	6	87 88 89	102357 100690 100589	0.1	1958 2011 2011
90 91	2090802 2090801	0.2	2009 2009	290 291	121008 121007	0.2	2006 2006		490 491	108147 108145	0	1991 1987	6	90 91	100658 102356	0.3	2005 1958
92 93	2090799 2090796	0.2	2009 2009	292 293	121005	0.2	2007 2007		492 493	108144 108143	2	1987 1990	6	92 93	100549	2	1963 1993
95 96	2090793 2090792	0.2	2009 2009	295	121003 121000	02	2006 2006		495 496	108141 108140	2	1991 1991	6	95 96	104400	0	1952
97 98	2090790 2090789	0.2	2009 2009	297 298	120999 120996	0.2	2006 2006		497 498	108139 108135	2	1991 1991	6	97 98	107729	0	1948 1952
100	2090785	0.2	2009 2009	300	120994	02	2006		500 501	108133	2	1991	7	00	105823	0	1947
102	2090782 2090777	0.2	2009 2009	302 303	120992 120950	0.2	2006 2006		502 503	108131 108130	0	1991 1991	7	02	100344	2	1948 1929
105	2090774 2090772	0.2	2009 2009	305	120942	0.2	2006		505 506	108102	0	1991	7	05	104760	ő	1927
107	2090770 2090769	0.2	2009 2009	307	120787	0.3	2004 2004		507 508	108100	2	1991 1991					
110	2090766 2090764 2090761	0.2	2009 2009 2009	309 310 311	120779 120777 120434	0.3	2004 2004 2003		510 511	104034 103999 103992	0	1982 1982 1982					
112 113	2090760 2090759	0.2	2009 2009	312 313	120433 119994	0.3	2003 2004		512 513	103991 103990	0	1982 1982					
114 115	2089462 2089461	0.2	2009 2012 2012	314 315 316	119992 119990 119987	0.3	2003 2003		515 516	118329 110967 110965	0	1980 1980 1980					
117 118	2089460 2089459	0.1	2012 2012	317	119985 119951	0.3	2003 2003		517 518	110952 110947	0	1980 1980					
119 120	2089458 2088379 2088377	0.1	2012 2014 2014	319 320	119959 119931 119602	0.3	2003 2007		519 520	107607 107605 107555	2	1980 1980					
122	2084435 2084434	0.1	2014 2011 2011	322	119690	0.3	2004 2004		522 523	107553	1	1980 1975					
124	2084433 2084432	0.1	2011 2011	324	119687 119686	0.3	2004 2004		524 525	107350 107349	2	1975 1975					
126	208442/ 2083765 2083764	0.1	2011 2005 2005	326 327 328	119683 119680 119676	0.3	2004 2004 2004		526 527 528	108039	0	1980 1980 1980					
129 130	2083730 2083729	0.2	2005 2005	329 330	119666 119662	0.3	2005 2005		529 530	107305 107304	2	1971 1971					
131 132	2083728 2083727 2083727	0.2	2005 2005 2005	331 332	119656 119655 119650	03	2005 2005 2005		532 533	108022 107555 107554	0	1980 1980					
134 135	2083725 2083724	0.2	2005 2005	334 335	119646 119643	03	2005 2005	I F	534 535	107552 107298	0	1980 1971					
136 137	2083723 2083722	0.2	2005	335 337	119542	03	2005		536 537	106033	2	1980 1973					
138 139 140	2083720 2083101	0.2	2000 2005 2012	338 339 340	119637 119574	0.3	2005 2005 2004	I H	539 540	107227 107226	2 3 2	1973 1971 1971					
141 142	2083078 2083038	0.1	2012 2012	341 342	119571 119570	0.3	2004		541 542	107225	1.7	1971 1973					
143 144 4.45	2083037 2083030 2083035	0.1	2012 2012 2012	343 344	119545 119540 119520	0.4	2002 2002 2002		544 545	10/222 107221 107247	2 2 0	1971 1971 1974					
145 146 147	2083025 2083021	0.1	2012 2012 2012	345 346 347	119529 119528	0.4	2002 2002	Ħ	546 547	107216	0	1971 1971					
148 149	2083019 2082999	0.1	2012 2012	348 349	119526 119525	0.3	2004 2002		548 549	107214 107209	3	1972 1971					
150 151 152	2082978 2082938 2082925	0.1 0.1	2012 2012 2012	350 351 352	119524 119523 119400	0.4 0.4 0.4	2002 2002 2002	I H	250 551 552	10/207 107205 107205	0	1971 1971 1971					
153 154	2082922 2082901	0.1	2012 2012	353 354	119399 119398	0.4 0.4	2002 2002		553 554	107204 110560	0	1972 1979					
155 155	2082886 2082885 2082885	0.1	2012 2012 2012	355	119396 119395 119394	0.4	2002 2002 2002	I E	555 556 557	106936 106817 106916	2.7	1932 1995					
158 159	2046044 2028377	0.2	2005	358 359	119394 119392 119380	0.4	2002 2002	I F	558 559	106807	0.1	2010					
160	2027930	0	2012 1999	360 361	119379	0.4	2002		560 561	106516	1.9	2005					
162 163 164	2020955 2020952	0	2002 2002	362 363 364	119376 119375	0.4	2002	ΙË	563 564	110915	0	1978 1978					
165	2020590 2017067	0.2	2007 2012	365 366	119374 119373	0.4	2002	I E	565 566	105851	2	1978 2016					
167 168 160	2017066 2017064 2011377	0.1	2012 2012 2011	367 368 385	119372 119370 119359	0.4	2002 2002 2002		25/ 568 569	106032 105934	2.1 0	2005 1992 1969					
170	2011324 2011323	0.1	2011 2011	370 371	119121 119115	0.1	2011 2011	I E	570 571	105928 105847	0	1969 1954					
172 173	2011322 2011321 2011320	0.1	2011 2011 2011	372	119114 119022 119023	0.1	2011 1971 2000	日	572 573	105824 108003 107612	3	1947 1975 1075					
1/4 175 176	2011320 2011319 2011313	0.1 0.1	2011 2011 2011	374 375 376	118030 118030	0.4	2000 2001 2000	I H	575 576	107612 107611 107610	0	1976 1976					
177	2011310 2002589	0.1 0.2	2011 2009	377 378	118806	0.4	2001 2001		577 578	105802	0	1969 1976					
179	2002564 2002561 2003553	0.1	2010 2010 2010	379	118804 118803	0.4	2001 2001	H	580 584	105322 105313	0.2 2.9	2007 1929 407*					
181 182 183	2002557 2001863	0.1	2010 2010 2008	381 382 383	118741 118740	0.4	2000	ΙË	582 583	110923 110951 110922	0	1975 1975					
184 185	2001763 2001011	0.3	2005 2009	384 385	118592 118591	0	2000	I E	584 585	107381	0	1975 1975					
185 187 189	2001721 2001716 2001715	0.1 0.1	2010 2010 2010	385 387 389	118590 2012068 118853	0	2000 1997 1997	I H	587 588	10/358 105273 105272	0.1	1975 2011 2011					
189	2001010 2001005	0	2009 2009	389	118852 118850	0	1997 1997	I E	589 590	105271 105270	0.1	2011 2011					
191 192 192	2001004 2001534 2001532	0.2	2009 2007 2007	391 392 303	118689 118588 118583	05	1997 1999 1999		592 593	107357 107354 107348	0	1975 1975 1975					
194	2001529	0.2	2007	394 395	118581	0.4	2000	I E	594 595	107347	0	1975					
196	2001440 2001425	0.3	2004	395 397	119688 119687	0	1997 1997		596 597	105199	3.7	1923 1975					
	00011111		2004	398	118684	0	1997	I H	200	105148	0	1975					
198 199 200	2001425 2001424 2001419	0.3	2004	400	118683	1	1940		600	105147	2	1985					

Total No. Of Pipes for CCTV Medium-Term = 705

Total No.	Of Pipes for CC	IV Long-Term •	239
239 Count	Pipe ID	CTV Long-Ten CCTV Score	n Install Year
1	2139312 2139311	0	2021 2021
3	2139310 2139297	0	2021 2021
6	2139293 2139292	0	2021 2021
8	2134687 2134685	0	2020 2020 2020
10	2134684 2134683	0	2020
12	2134582 2134581	0 0	2020
14	2134430 2134424	0	2020
16	2133607 2133593	0	2017 2017
18	2133592 2133591	0	2017 2017
20	2133589	0	2017
23	2133586	0	2017
25	2133556 2133555	0	2017 2017
27	2132871 2132870	0	2020
29	2132867	0	2020
31	2132855	0	2020
33 34	2132863 2132862	0	2020
35 36	2132861 2132860	0	2020
37 35	2132850 2129918	0	2020
39 40	2129917 2129916	0	2019 2019
41 42	2129899 2129898	0	2019 2019
43	2129897 2129896	0	2019
45	2129893 2129894	0	2019
47 45	2129891 2129889	0	2019 2019
50	2129587	0	2019
52	2129585	0	2019
53	2129883	0	2019
55	2129551	0	2019
58	2129879 2129879	0	2019
60	2129874	0	2019
82	2129872 2129871	0	2019
8	2129870	0	2019
65	2129858 2129857	0	2019
65 69	2129547 2129545	0	2019
70	2128563 2128269	0	2019
72 73	2129540 2129394	0	2019 2019
74 75	2129392 2129391	0	2019 2019
76 77	2129390 2129389	0	2019 2019
78 79	2129388 2129387	0	2019 2019
80 81	2129385 2129375	0	2019 2019
82 83	2129374 2129199	0	2019
84 85	2129194 2129193	0	2017
85 87 87	2129192	0	2017
8	2129190 2129189	0	2017
90 91 97	2129919 2129919 21298**	0	2019 2018 201*
93 04	2128558 2128778	0	2017
6 8	2128270	0	2019
97 98	2128073 2128072	0	2019 2017
99 100	2128071 2125997	0	2017 2018
101	2125261 2125260	0	2018
103	2125259 2125258	0 0	2018
105	2125257 2125205	0	2018
107	2125204 2125203	0	2018 2018
109	2125202 2125200	0	2018
111	2125199 2121907	0	2018 2018
113	2121906	0	2016
112	2121909	0	2016
110	2121902	0	2018
110 117 118	2121902 2121901	0 0 0	2018
119 117 118 119 120	2121902 2121901 2121900 2121899 2121898	0 0 0 0 0	2018 2018 2018 2018 2018
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123	2121962 2121901 2121960 2121859 2121856 2119160 2128560	000000	2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018
116 117 118 129 120 121 122 123 123 124	2121902 2121901 2121900 2121959 2121956 2119100 2123560 2124556 2124656	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017 2017 2017
110 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127	2121902 2121901 2121900 2121900 2121858 2119100 2128560 2124656 2124656 2124655 2119465	a a a a a a a a a a	2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
110 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129	2121902 2121901 2121900 2121859 2121859 2121855 2119100 2128550 2124656 2124655 2124655 2119445 2119445 2119445		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 125 125 125 125 127 128 129 130	2121902 2121900 2121950 2121950 2121950 2121950 2119150 2129550 2129455 2129455 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
117 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	2121900 2121900 2121950 2121950 2121950 2119100 212950 212950 212950 212950 212950 212950 212955 2129455 2129455 2119445 2119455 2119555 21195		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 122 123 124 125 125 126 129 130 131 132 134 134 135 134	2121900 2121901 2121900 2121950 2121950 2121950 2121950 212950 212950 212950 212950 2129455 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 21194555 21194555 21194555 21194555 21194555 2119555555555		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
116 117 118 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 120 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 120 120 120 121 125 126 127 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128	2121900 2121901 2121900 2121950 2121950 2121950 2121950 212950 212950 212950 2129455 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119445 2119435 21194555 21194555 21194555 21194555 21194555 211945555555		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
116 117 118 120 121 122 122 123 124 125 125 127 128 129 131 134 135 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136	2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121950 212950 212950 2129454 2129454 2129455 21295555 212955555 212955555 21295555555555		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 122 123 124 125 125 125 126 127 129 120 121 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	2121902 2121902 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2129000 212900 210900 21000 21000 21000 210000 210000 210000 210000 210000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 21000000 21000000 21000000 21000000 21000000 21000000 2100000000		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018
116 117 118 120 121 122 122 122 124 125 124 125 126 127 128 128 128 129 131 132 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135	2121902 2121900 210000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 2100000 21000000 21000000 2100000000		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 128 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129	2121902 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 21000 21000 21000 21000 210000 2100000000		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 127 128 127 128 129 130 131 135 136 137 138 139 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 140 141 144 145 146 147	2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 211900000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 211900000 211900000 211900000 21190000000000		2018 2018 2018 2019 2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 127 128 127 128 127 129 130 131 130 131 132 132 133 134 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135	2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 21190000 211900000 21190000 211900000 211900000 2119000000 211900000 211900000 211900000 2119000000 211900000 21190000000000		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018
1117 1117 1118 1119 1120 1221 1223 1224 1225 1226 1230 1337 1337 1346 1441 1442 1445 1445 1445 1445 1455 1456 1457 1457 1456 1457	2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121900 2121950 2121950 2121950 2121950 2121950 2121950 2121950 2121950 2121950 211940		2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
116 111 118 111 119 112 120 121 121 122 123 124 124 125 127 123 128 126 129 123 130 133 133 136 133 137 134 141 142 144 144 144 145 144 146 147 147 149 149 144 149 144 149 144 149 149 141 144 145 149 147 149 149 149 141 149 142 141 143 141 144 144 145 141 145 142	2121900 2121900 2121901 2121900 2121900 21219100 21219100 21219100 21219100 21219100 21219100 21219100 21219100 21219100 21219100 2119		2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
116 117 118 118 119 120 121 120 122 121 123 122 123 124 124 125 127 123 128 126 129 123 133 138 136 137 138 137 138 137 141 144 144 144 145 149 144 144 145 149 142 149 144 144 145 149 145 149 145 149 145 149 145 149 145 149 145 149 145 149 145 149 145 149 146 149 145	21219002 21219002 21219010 212190000 212190000 212190000 212190000 2121900000 2121900000		2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
117 118 118 119 120 121 122 122 122 122 122 122	21219002 21212901 21212901 21212901 21212902 21212902 21212902 21212902 21212902 21212902 21212902 2122455 21212455 21212455 2110445 211045		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
117 117 118 118 119 120 121 122 122 122 122 122 122	2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121909 21219 2121909 2121909 2121909 2121909 2121909 2121909 2121909 21219 2121909 2121909 2121909 2121909 2121909 2121909 212190		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018
111 112 113 114 114 114 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	#121902 #10004 #10		2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018
111 112 113 114 112 112 112 112 112 112 112	2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2121902 2119040 211900		2018 2018 2018 2019 2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017
1117 118 118 119 120 121 122 122 123 124 123 124 124 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	#121902 #12		2018
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1117 1118 1118 1120	171280 17		30130 3014 3014 3014 3014 3017 3017 3017 3017 3017 3017 3017 3017
1117 1118 1118 1119 1119 1119 1119 1121			2013 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014
1117 1118 1118 1119 1120 1121 1122 1122 1123 1123 1123 1123 1123 1123 1123 1123 1123 1123 1123 1125 1127			2013. 2014. 2014. 2014. 2014. 2017.
1117 1118 1118 1119 1129 1121 1122 112 1122 1			
1117 1118 1118 1119 1121 1121 1121 1121 1121 1122 112 1122 1			
1117 1118 1118 1119 1119 1121 1122 1221 1222 1223 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1233 1234 1235			
1117 1118 1			
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1117 1118 1118 1118 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 1120			
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1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111			
1111 1112 1113 1113 1113 1113 1113 1113			
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		8 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 4 2 5 2 6 2 7 2 8 2 9 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 11 2 12 2 13 2 14 2 15 2 16 2 17 2 18 2 19 2 10 2 10 2 11 2 12 2 13 2 14 2 15 2 16 </td <td></td>	

CITY OF KITCHENER INTEGRATED SANITARY MASTER PLAN – TECHNICAL MEMO #3: SANITARY SERVICING ANALYSIS & CAPITAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING AND RISK ANALYSIS AND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Appendix G March 18, 2024

APPENDIX D – CAPITAL PROJECTS, AND DATA ACQUISITION & MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS COSTING

City of Kitchener Integrated Sanitary Master Plan Project Recommendations Rate of Inflution Utilized

5%

Capital Proj	ects														Annual amounts ar	tjusted for inflati	ź	
		Description	Asset ID	Project Type	Length	Estimated C Probable Co	pinion of	Contingency Allowance	Engineering Allowance	City Staff Time	Total Cost	Recommended Budgetary	Comments	Priority	2024		025	2026 2027
						Cost (Base 1	ear 2022)	(30%)	(20%)	Allowance (SN)		Estimate						
Short Term P	rojects (2024 - 2027)	1	l					1	1	1	I		I					
	1 1	Alt A - Replacement of 7 lengths of server on Homer	1	1				1	1	1		1			1	1		
		Watson due to capacity, replacement of 2 lengths of	107139 107140 107126 107122															
		sewer on comm. property due to canacity/condition replacement of 7 lengths of	107123, 107162, 107163, 107164,	Canadity /														
571	Homer Watson	sewer on Alpine due to capacity/condition,	107165, 107166, 107129, 118006,	Condition	1067	\$	2,445,443	\$ 733,633	\$ 635,815	\$ 158,954	\$ 3,973,845	\$ 3,974,000		1	s -	\$	\$ 4,830,	422 \$ -
		replacement of 2 lengths of sewer on Flint due to	107124, 2119718, 107136															
		Capacity, replacement or 1 length of sever on Kinewood due to condition.																
577	Upper Schneider -	Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer - upsizing from	MARKET LORDER MARTET	Constitut	222	<	1 445 000	\$ 434,400	\$ 375,480	\$ 94.120	\$ 2,153,000	\$ 2,351,000			e .	٤		. 5 1001091
311	Sandrock	675mm dia to 750mm dia	108887, 108888, 106/67	Capacity			2,9982,000	3 404,000	3 210,400	3 9(110	3 2,333,000	3 1,11,000						
ST3	Shirley SPS	involves addition of pumps to accomodate higher		Capacity		5	285,760	\$ 85,728	\$ 74,298	\$ 18,574	\$ 464,360	s -	Upgrade to be paid for by Township of					
		Breas Decomplete land of militian monthless shallons and											WOOWICH					
574	Moore Ave SPS	extension of sewer to connect to existing sanitary		Condition	400	5	1,270,650	\$ 381,195	\$ 330,369	\$ 82,592	\$ 2,054,805	\$ 2,055,000			\$ 2,276,663	\$	5	
	Decommissioning	sever outlet at Union Street																
575	Apple Tree SPS	Scada Upgrades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	157,985			\$ 7,899	\$ 165,884	\$ 166,000		3	s -	\$ 192,:	55 \$	
576	Bancroft SPS	Scada Upgrades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	11,673			\$ 584	\$ 12,257	\$ 12,000		3	s -	\$ 13,1	92 \$	
517	Carson SPS	Scada Unaradas Due to NEPA Bensisements		Condition		\$	11.673			5 584	\$ 12.257	\$ 12.000			s -	5 13.1	92 5	
	Californi ana	scara opprave use to arrest requirements		Condition						*	*							
STB	Chandos SPS	Scada Upgrades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	283,778			\$ 14,189	\$ 297,967	\$ 298,000		1	5 -	\$	\$ 362,	221 \$ -
579	Conestoga College SPS	Scada Upgrades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	157,985			\$ 7,899	\$ 165,884	\$ 166,000		3	s -	\$ 192,3	55 \$	
\$710	Falsessides FW	Funda Unavadas Pore la MERA Republicanasia		Condition		<	200 316			\$ 14.995	\$ 314.275	\$ 314,000			e .	٤	< 381	MD 5 .
	raturnage and	scara opprave use to arrest requirements		Condition														
5711	King Street SPS	Scada Upgrades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	88,203			\$ 4,410	5 92,614	\$ 91,000			5 102,533	\$	5	. 5 .
5712	New Dundee SPS	Scada Upgrades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	11,673			\$ 584	\$ 12,257	\$ 12,000		3	\$ -	\$ 13,1	92 \$	
5713	Oxford SPS	Scada Uperades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	124,839			\$ 6,242	\$ 131,081	\$ 131,000			s .	\$ 151,6	49 5	
1714							71.011	-		1 1617	1 11.04	ć 74.000					<i>t</i>	178 /
314	Patrica SPS	scapa upgrades due to NEVA Requirements		Condition			74,492			3 3,017	3 72,000	3 10,000						378 3 ·
5715	River Birch SPS	Scada Upgrades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	157,985			\$ 7,899	\$ 165,884	\$ 166,000		4	5 -	\$. 5	· \$ 211,863
5716	Springmount SPS	Scada Upgrades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	11,673			\$ 584	\$ 12,257	\$ 12,000		3	s -	\$ 13,1	92 \$	- 5 -
5717	Stoke 505	Scada Lineraries Due to NERA Becultements		Condition		\$	33,801			\$ 1.690	\$ 35.491	\$ 35,000			s -	5	5	· \$ 44,670
	Mate - me	Funda Desender Prost, Street P	1	Cara			11.67*	+	1	s	4	e		1	e			
	VICIDINA SPS	scave opgrades use to neve requirements		condition		÷		+		- 584	- 12,257	- 12,000		1		*	1	
5719	Woolner SPS	Scada Upgrades Due to NFPA Requirements		Condition		\$	164,684	L	L	\$ 8,234	\$ 172,918	\$ 173,000			s -	\$ 200,2	\$ \$	- 5 -
5720	All Pumping Stations	Recommended from Cond. Assessment Reports	1	Condition		\$	3,902,008	1		I	\$ 3,902,008	\$ 444,000	Budget adjusted from Condition Assessment Benotis per City downline	1	\$ 18,690	\$ 164,3	31 \$ 172,	968 \$ 181,616
ST21	Varier	Recommended based on CCTV score	118182	Condition		\$	267,000	1		\$ 13,350	\$ 280,350	\$ 280,400	news a we Uty director	3	\$ ·	\$ 324,5	98 S	
5122	Westcrest	Recommended based on CCTV score	110504	Condition		\$	322,000	+		5 16,100	5 338,100	5 338,100		-		\$ 391,3	93 S 84 S	
	and 153100	AND THE REAL AND A REA	10000	su-deign	1			1			474,930							
1	I		101611, 101612, 101613, 101365, 101366, 101367, 101368, 101365	1	1			1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1		
5724	Ottawa	Recommended based on CCTV score	101339, 101340, 101341, 101342,	Condition		\$	2,747,000	1	1	\$ 137,350	\$ 2,884,350	\$ 2,884,400		1	\$ 3,180,051	\$	\$	- 5 -
1	I		101350, 101351, 101352, 101849,	1	1			1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1		
			101850, 101851, 101852															
5125	Greenbrook Drive	Recommended based on CCTV score	108404, 108513	Condition		\$	595,000			\$ 29,750	\$ 624,750	\$ 624,800			5 688,842	5	5	
5127	Belmont	Recommended based on CETV score	105256	Condition		***	395,000			\$ 19,750	\$ 414,750	\$ 414,800			\$ 457,317	ŝ		
ST28	Connauaht	Recommended based on CETV score	100263	Condition		\$	646,000			\$ 32,300	\$ 678,300	\$ 678,300		1	s .	\$ 785,2	17 5	
5129	Richmond Muck	Recommended based on CETV score Recommended based on CETV score	2002189	Condition		\$	297,000	-		\$ 14,850	\$ 259,350	\$ 311,900			3	5	5 345	· \$ 398,072
5731	Hishbrook	Recommended based on CETV score	119059	Condition		\$	303,000			\$ 15,150	\$ 318,150	\$ 318,200		1	s .	\$ 368,3	56 5	
ST32 ST33	Deer Ridee Woolwich	Recommended based on CETV score Recommended based on CETV score	115447	Condition		5	485.000			5 28,950 5 24,100	5 607,950 5 510,300	\$ 608,000 \$ 510,300			5 -	5 5 590.3	36 5	· \$ 775,979
ST34	Northmanor	Recommended based on CETV score	110709	Condition		\$	335,000			\$ 16,800	\$ 352,800	\$ 352,800			\$.	\$	\$	· \$ 450,272
5735	Windward	Recommended based on CETV score Recommended based on CETV score	110558	Condition		5	425,000			5 21,250 5 23,050	5 446,250 5 484.050	5 445,300 5 464,100			5 -	5	5 542,	480 5 .
5137	Dawn Ridne	Recommended based on CETV score	110522	Condition		\$	405,000			\$ 20,300	\$ 426,300	\$ 426,300			\$.	\$	\$	· \$ \$44,079
5T38 5T39	Marius Hiebbook	Recommended based on CETV score Recommended based on CETV score	108258	Condition		5	215,000			5 10,800 5 33,950	5 226,800 5 712,950	5 226,800 5 713,000			5 -	5	5	- 5 289,461 - 5 909,989
ST40	Block Line	Recommended based on CETV score	108196	Condition		\$	415,000			\$ 20,900	\$ 438,900	\$ 438,900		1	s .	\$ 508,0	82 5	
5741	Ristey Others Fr	Recommended based on CETV score	108056	Condition		\$	557,000			\$ 27,850 \$ 20,100	\$ 584,850	5 584,900				\$ 677,0	65 S	· 5 · ·
5743	Conestora Parkway	Recommended based on CETV score	107094	Condition		\$	781,000			\$ 39,050	\$ 820,050	\$ 820,100			š .	ŝ		- \$ 1,046,679
5144	Bedford Fasian Malley FDF	Recommended based on CETV score	106954, 106955	Condition		\$	341,000			\$ 17,050 \$ 16,100	\$ 358,050	5 358,100			\$ 394,805	\$ 101	5	
ST46	Cameron	Recommended based on CETV score	104745	Condition		\$	491,000			\$ 24,550	\$ 515,550	\$ 515,600			3 .	\$ 596,1	71 5	. 3 .
ST47 ST48	Breithaupt	Recommended based on CETV score	104435	Condition		\$	252,000			\$ 12,600 \$ 12,050	\$ 264,600	\$ 264,600				\$ 2021	5	- 5 337,704
5749	Gateway Park	Recommended based on CETV score	103769, 103770, 203771	Condition		***	1,462,000			\$ 73,100	\$ 1,535,100	\$ 1,535,100			\$ 1,692,448	5		
5150	Brembel	Recommended based on CCTV score	102507	Condition		\$	305,000			\$ 15,400	\$ 323,400	\$ 323,400			5 -	5	5	· \$ 412,749
5151	Alpine	Recommended based on CETV score Recommended based on CETV score	102499	Condition		\$	369,000	-		5 15,050 5 18,450	\$ 387,450	\$ 387,500		1	3	5	\$ 471,	009 5 -
5753	Hollineer	Recommended based on CETV score	111001	Condition		\$	423,000			\$ 21,150	\$ 444,150	\$ 444,200		1	5 -	\$	\$ 519,	928 5 -
5154	Hazel Glen Stoke	Recommended based on CETV score Recommended based on CETV score	110716.110759 110577	Condition		\$	444,000	-		\$ 15,550	\$ 466,200	\$ 465,200			3	\$ 378,1	au 5	5 595,002
5756	Driftwood	Recommended based on CETV score	109901	Condition		\$	442,000			\$ 22,100	\$ 464,100	\$ 464,100			\$.	\$ 537,3	54 \$	
515/	Fisher Haliman West Heights	Recommended based on CCTV score Recommended based on CCTV score	108906	Condition		3	654,000	-		5 27,200 5 32,700	\$ 571,200	5 5/1,200			5 .	3	5 694	297 5 ·
5759	Overlea	Recommended based on CCTV score	105477	Condition		\$	392,000			\$ 19,550	\$ 410,550	\$ 410,600			\$.	\$ 475,3	21 \$	
5761	Barberry	Recommended based on CETV score	108347	Condition		***	412,000			\$ 20,600	\$ 432,600	\$ 432,600			\$	\$ 540		5 552,119
5762	Sandsprings	Recommended based on CETV score	107604. 107656	Condition		\$	503,000			\$ 25,150	\$ 528,150	\$ 528,200			5 -	\$	5	- \$ 674,132
5764	Coach Hill	Recommended based on CLTV score	107318	Condition		ŝ	607,000			\$ 10,350	\$ 637,350	\$ 637,400			5	\$	\$ 774	764 5 -
5765	Coach Hill	Recommended based on CCTV score	107306	Condition		\$	371,000			\$ 18,550	\$ 389,550	\$ 389,600		1	5 -	\$	\$ 473,	561 \$ -
5166	Selkirk Hishland	Recommended based on CETV score Recommended based on CETV score	107224	Condition		\$	395,000	-		\$ 18,050	\$ 379,050	\$ 379,100			3	5 480,5	aa 5 56 5	
5768	Paulander	Recommended based on CETV score	105129. 105314	Condition		\$	552,000			\$ 27,600	\$ 579,600	\$ 579,600		1	5 .	\$	\$ 704,	507 5 -
5109	Weichel Beimont	Recommended based on CETV score Recommended based on CETV score	106299	Condition		\$	458,000	-		\$ 22,900	\$ 480,900	\$ 480,900			3	5	\$ 584	537 \$ -
5171	Union	Recommended based on CCTV score	105063	Condition		\$	319,000			\$ 15,950	\$ 334,950	\$ 335,000		1	5 -	5	\$ 407,	195 \$.
5172	Guelph	Recommended based on CETV score Recommended based on CETV score	104911 106005	Condition		\$	409,000	-		\$ 20,450	\$ 733,950	\$ 734,000		1	3	5	\$ 522,	060 \$.
5174	Wheatfield	Recommended based on CCTV score	103885	Condition		\$	225,000			\$ 11,300	\$ 237,300	\$ 237,300			5 -	\$		- \$ 302,862
5176	Upper Canada	Recommended based on CETV score	103415	Condition		***	405,000			\$ 20,250	\$ 425,250	\$ 425,300			\$	\$ 1,211,	\$ 516,	955 5
5177	Old Mill	Recommended based on CCTV score	103117	Condition		\$	455,000			\$ 24,300	\$ 510,300	\$ 510,300			\$ 562,605	5	5	. 5 .
5179	Arrowhead	Recommended based on CETV score	103052, 103053	Condition		***	508,000			\$ 25,400	\$ 533,400	\$ 531,400			5	ŝ	\$ 648,	351 5
5T80 5T81	Green Valley	Recommended based on CCTV score	103041	Condition		\$	401,000	<u>+ </u>		\$ 20,050 \$ 0,000	5 421,050 5 180 mm	5 421,100 5 180,000			5	\$ 314	91 5 511,	850 S -
5182	Dumfries	Recommended based on CCTV score	102355	Condition		š	479,000	1		\$ 23,950	\$ 502,950	\$ 501,000		1	1	\$ 440.	- Iš	\$ 641,970
5783 5784	Heritage	Recommended based on CCTV score	102231	Condition		\$	574,000	<u>+ </u>		5 28,700 5 21,840	5 602,700	5 602,700 5 807,700		-	5	\$ 000	34 5	- \$ 769,215
5785	Noiron	Recommended based on CCTV score	102207	Condition		\$	576,000	I		\$ 28,800	\$ 604,800	\$ 604,800		1	1	\$	\$ 735,	138 5
5786	Burbank	Recommended based on CETV score	101738	Condition		\$	295,000			\$ 14,750 \$ 26,150	\$ 309,750	\$ 309,800				\$ 640.0	30 5	5 395,392
STEE	Wyandotte	Recommended based on CCTV score	102995	Condition		\$	499,000	I		\$ 24,950	\$ 523,950	\$ 524,000		1	1	\$	\$ 636,	925 \$
STE9	Morrison	Recommended based on CCTV score	100981	Condition		5	204,000			5 10,200 5 14,950	5 214,200 5 713,950	5 214,200			5 .	5	- 5 	- \$ 271,380 . \$ 936,791
5791	Surretz	Recommended based on CETV score	100921	Condition		\$	343,000			\$ 17,150	\$ 360,150	\$ 360,200			\$.	\$	\$ 417,	\$25 \$ ·
5792	Broadview	Recommended based on CETV score	100776	Condition		\$	352,000			\$ 17,600 \$ 14,150	\$ 369,600	\$ 369,600 \$ 297,200			1 S	\$ 427,1	58 5	248 5 .
5754	Greenfield	Recommended based on CETV score	100602	Condition		\$	451,000			\$ 22,550	\$ 473,550	\$ 473,600			3 .	\$ 548,3	51 5	
5795	Broadmoor	Recommended based on CCTV score	100124	Condition		\$	340,000	+		5 17,000	5 357,000	5 357,000				\$	5	- \$ 455,633
5197	Carrol	Recommended based on CCTV score	100146	Condition		š	304,000	1		\$ 15,200	\$ 319,200	\$ 319,200		1	1	ŝ	\$ 387,	990 \$
5798	Traveor	Recommended based on CCTV score	100075	Condition	·	\$	399,000	<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	I	\$ 19,950	5 418,950	5 419,000	I	'	1.5	\$ 485,0	H5 \$	- 13
Sub-Total Short	Term Projects	1		L				T				\$ 48,547,200	1	l	\$ 9,776,146	\$ 13,131,5	63 \$ 18,091,	475 \$ 17,168,541
				1				+						1				
Medium Term P	rojects (2028 - 2031)	1	1	1				1	1	1		1						
		J						L	L					Priority	2022		029	2030 2031
1	l	Replacement of 3 lengths of sewer on Dalewood, 2	1				_						This is an axisting condition and should be					
MT1	Dalewood	lengths of sewer on Pencose and one length of	2129581, 2129580, 2129579, 1011151, 101107	Capacity	409	s	900,000	\$ 270,000	\$ 234,000	\$ 58,500	\$ 1,462,500	\$ 1,463,000	remedied in the short term but project moved	1	\$ 1,960,560	\$	\$. s .
1		sever uncogn the easement - as pipes upgraded to 300mm dia.	1011151, 101154, 101161					1	1	1		1	to 2028 to allow the City to study further.	1	1	1		
<u> </u>				1	l			1			İ		This is an existing condition and should be		1			1
MT2	Upstream of King St SPS	Replacement of 2 lengths of sewer - upsize from 300 dia. to 375 dia.	100468, 100469	Capacity	140	\$	499,000	\$ 149,700	\$ 129,740	\$ 32,435	\$ 810,875	\$ 811,000	remedied in the short term but project moved	1	\$ 1,085,818	\$	\$	
L						ļ							or acces to consolidate with segion readworks project					_
		Increase PS to 75 L/s firm capacity - project involves	1				411.1			¢						e 1000	no t	
-113	new Dundee PS	adding two new pumps		Capacity	l	2	477,335	/ 143,201	, 124,107	a 31,027	/ 775,671	, 776,000				3 1,091,1	~ ~ ~	
1		Replacement of 1 length of sever downstream of		1											1.			
m 14	Robert Ferrie	New Dundee FM discharge to 375mm dia.	2083719	Capacity	52	>	495,550	> 148,665	> 128,843	> 32,211	> 805,269	> 805,000		1	» ·	,	5 1,189,	352 5 -
MTS	All Pumping Stations	Recommended from Cond Assessment Reports		Convinieur		\$	5,390.527	1			\$ 5,390,577	\$ 1.193 000	Budget adjusted from Condition Assessment		\$ 122,577	\$ 439.	98 \$ 440	473 \$ 462,407
		Assessment seports		cu-dición		-		+			. 3,490,522		Reports per City direction	I	,	-190		
Sub-Total Meril	am Term Projects	1	1	1				+	1	1	1	\$ 5,048.000	1	1	\$ 3,446,829	\$ 1,511.4	08 \$ 1,629.	825 \$ 462,497
]				
LT1	Manchester	Replacement of 2 lengths of sewer to 825mm	1	1				+	1	1	1	1	-	1				
1		diameter downstream of Shirley and Manchester	101713, 101714	Capacity	220	\$	693,015	\$ 207,905	\$ 180,184	\$ 45,046	\$ 1,126,149	\$ 1,126,149	1	1				
1	t	05 discharge	1	1				+	1			e	Budget amount provided by City for 2013-1	1				
173				 Condition 	1	\$		1	1	· ·	· ·	/ 596,259	only.					
172	All Pumping Stations	Recommended from Cond. Assessment reports										1						

Data Acquisition & Management Programs

Data Acquisition & Management Programs													
	Annual amounts adjusted for inflation												
			Total length (m)	Engineering Review (15%)	Estimated Total Cost (2022 Base Year)	2024	2025	2026	2027				
DA 1	Trunk Sewer Condition Assessment	CCTV for all trunk sewers (>375 mm dia.) for pipes which are greater than 25 yrs age. CCTV cycle is means 10 yrs	66,700	\$ 6.0	5 80,040	\$ 60,030	\$540,270	\$ 148,912	\$ 156,358	\$ 164,175	\$ 172,384		
* does not inclu	de current budget for hot	I soot flushine											
DA 2	Forcemain Condition Assessment	Condition assessment for all forcemains which are greater than 25 yrs age completed using Snartball technology. Cycle is every 10 yrs. Cost is generated based on completing 5 forcemains per year with the work being completed on all 5 as one operation.					\$776,000	\$ 213,885	\$ 234,379	\$ 235,808	\$ 247,599		
DA 3	(/I Reduction and Mitigation Program						\$3,174,358	\$782,775	\$944,159	\$998,402	\$1,055,958		
DA 4	Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Dogram						\$1,849,181	\$275,625	\$615,278	\$647,920	\$682,347		
DAS	Sanitary Hydraulic Model Updates & Maintenance Program						\$804,000	\$469,555	\$145,861	\$153,154	\$160,811		
DAG	Hydrogen Sulfide Monitorine Proeram						\$316,000	\$207,270	\$74,088	\$77,792			
Total Data Acou	sition and Management ¹	Programa					\$7,459,810	\$2,098,132	\$2,160,322	\$2,277,252	\$2,319,098.41		